

THE NAPANEE

Vol. L No 4 - E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA

A Clearing Up

of all Xmas Goods in Felt Slippers, Over-gaiters, Hockey Boots, Etc., at Cut Prices.

SLIPPERS

All our over stock of Felt or Leather Slippers for Men, Women and Children at Cut Prices.

HOCKEY BOOTS.

Your choice of any lines that we have at from 20 per cent. to 25 per cent. off.

Overgaiters and Leggings

We have a good selection to choose from and are offering all at Cut Prices.

ROYAL SHOE STORE, Napanee, Ontario
W. D. DICK, Manager.

Imperial Hard
Wall Plaster

(Ready to use)

A Car Load
just received.

JOHN M. WALLACE
Sole Agent.



Money Well Employed

There are opportunities to put your surplus funds to profitable use without indulging in dangerous speculations.

An ad. in our Classified Want Column will put you into communication with borrowers who have good security and who are willing to pay good interest for accommodation.

Birthday Rings
In all the proper stones.

Friendship Rings
A good Assortment.

Engagement Rings

Diamonds! Diamonds! Yes, and Rubbies! Pearls, etc., etc. too numerous.

Wedding Rings

Guaranteed Plump Stamped Quality. In this we are more than particular.

Marriage Licences

NOTICE OF MEETING.

The County Council

of Lennox and Addington will meet at the Council Chambers, in the Court House, Napanee, on

Tuesday, 24th Jan'y., 1911,
at 2 o'clock p.m.

All accounts must be in the hands of the undersigned, not later than Wednesday, 25th Jan. 1911, in order that they may be considered.

THE ELECTIONS.

There were not many surprises in the result of the elections on Monday. It was a foregone conclusion that Mr. Kimmerly would be Mayor for 1911, but his majority was larger than expected. Mr. Alexander also was reasonably sure of election for Reeve. His majority also was unusually large.

Of the Councillors Messrs. Waller and Dickinson tied for head of the poll, and the other elected members followed in close order. An unusually large number of rigs were out on election day and the vote was exceptionally well got out.

Local Option was defeated by a small majority. Though the by-law secured a good majority on an even vote it lacked twenty-six votes of having the necessary three-fifths majority.

This year's council will be as follows:—Mayor, A. S. Kimmerly; Reeve, A. Alexander; Councillors, R. J. Dickinson, S. C. Denison, Herman Ming, W. A. Steacy, Chas. Stevens, W. T. Waller.

Following is the vote:—

	C. W. No. 1	C. W. No. 2	W. W. No. 1	W. W. No. 2	E. W.	Total
For Mayor						
AMOS S. KIMMERLY.....	104	91	70	90	84	448
C. M. Stratton.....	43	42	32	51	40	208
Kimmerly's majority.....						
For Reeve						
A. ALEXANDER.....	81	80	65	96	70	392
John N. Osborne.....	67	54	36	53	52	292
Alexander's majority.....						
For Councillors						
ROBERT DICKINSON.....	81	78	65	91	81	396
W. T. WALLER.....	89	83	67	92	65	396
S. C. DENISON.....	87	96	44	91	75	393
W. A. STEACY.....	87	72	67	94	66	386
H. MING.....	76	55	68	74	78	351
CHAS. STEVENS.....	63	72	49	89	58	331
R. McNEILL.....	54	55	40	54	47	250
Manly Jones.....	42	66	27	42	49	226
E. Graham.....	30	14	13	17	15	89

LOCAL OPTION BY-LAW.

For the By-Law.....	83	87	46	90	71	377
Against the By-Law.....	60	49	52	63	62	295

Majority for By-Law.....

Votes required to carry By-Law.....

By-Law lost by.....

TOWNSHIP OF RICHMOND.

	Wiggins	Selby	Forest Mills	Roblin	Total
For Reeve					
R. W. PAUL.....	48	118	50	83	209
E. H. Sills.....	106	20	30	33	189

Paul's majority.....

	Wiggins	Selby	Forest Mills	Roblin	Total
For Councillors					
F. SEXSMITH.....	81	90	38	51	270
W. LOTT.....	120	82	18	28	257
A. McCUTCHEON.....	32	61	55	109	259
J. WINDOVER.....	31	40	49	66	186
R. McGuinness.....	66	45	26	41	178
H. Sexsmith.....	43	50	32	32	166

THE POULTRY SHOW.

The annual show of the Napanee Poultry, Pigeon and Pet Stock association was held in the town hall, on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of this week. A large number of birds were shown of every size, shape and color from the mammoth cochin to the bantams, as well as splendid geese turkeys and ducks. The attendance

A V Hamburger—John Bedlow, 1st cock and hen and 2nd pullet. Geo Paxman 2nd cock and hen, 1st cockerel and pullet.

Polands, White Crested Black—Cock, T Cole.

Golden Laced Polands—T J Cole 1st cockerel and pullet. Geo Paxman, 2nd cockerel and pullet.

Silver Laced Polands—Geo Paxman, 1st cockerel, 1st and 2nd pullet.

Buff Laced Polands—Geo Paxman, 1st cockerel, 1st and 2nd pullet.

Houdans—Geo Degriff, 1st cock, hen, cockerel and pullet. John Bedlow, 2nd cock, hen, cockerel and pullet. Geo

Somers, 3rd cockerel and pullet.

Exhibition Game—Bottrell & Son, 1st

2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th, 37th, 38th, 39th, 40th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th, 45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52nd, 53rd, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th, 61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th, 65th, 66th, 67th, 68th, 69th, 70th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd, 74th, 75th, 76th, 77th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th, 85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd, 93rd, 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th, 100th, 101st, 102nd, 103rd, 104th, 105th, 106th, 107th, 108th, 109th, 110th, 111th, 112th, 113th, 114th, 115th, 116th, 117th, 118th, 119th, 120th, 121st, 122nd, 123rd, 124th, 125th, 126th, 127th, 128th, 129th, 130th, 131st, 132nd, 133rd, 134th, 135th, 136th, 137th, 138th, 139th, 140th, 141st, 142nd, 143rd, 144th, 145th, 146th, 147th, 148th, 149th, 150th, 151st, 152nd, 153rd, 154th, 155th, 156th, 157th, 158th, 159th, 160th, 161st, 162nd, 163rd, 164th, 165th, 166th, 167th, 168th, 169th, 170th, 171st, 172nd, 173rd, 174th, 175th, 176th, 177th, 178th, 179th, 180th, 181st, 182nd, 183rd, 184th, 185th, 186th, 187th, 188th, 189th, 190th, 191st, 192nd, 193rd, 194th, 195th, 196th, 197th, 198th, 199th, 200th, 201st, 202nd, 203rd, 204th, 205th, 206th, 207th, 208th, 209th, 210th, 211st, 212nd, 213rd, 214th, 215th, 216th, 217th, 218th, 219th, 220th, 221st, 222nd, 223rd, 224th, 225th, 226th, 227th, 228th, 229th, 230th, 231st, 232nd, 233rd, 234th, 235th, 236th, 237th, 238th, 239th, 240th, 241st, 242nd, 243rd, 244th, 245th, 246th, 247th, 248th, 249th, 250th, 251st, 252nd, 253rd, 254th, 255th, 256th, 257th, 258th, 259th, 260th, 261st, 262nd, 263rd, 264th, 265th, 266th, 267th, 268th, 269th, 270th, 271st, 272nd, 273rd, 274th, 275th, 276th, 277th, 278th, 279th, 280th, 281st, 282nd, 283rd, 284th, 285th, 286th, 287th, 288th, 289th, 290th, 291st, 292nd, 293rd, 294th, 295th, 296th, 297th, 298th, 299th, 300th, 301st, 302nd, 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875th, 876th, 877th, 878th, 879th, 880th, 881st, 882nd, 883rd, 884th, 885th, 886th, 887th, 888th, 889th, 890th, 891st, 892nd, 893rd, 894th, 895th, 896th, 897th, 898th, 899th, 900th, 901st, 902nd, 903rd, 904th, 905th, 906th, 907th, 908th, 909th, 910th, 911st, 912nd, 913rd, 914th, 915th, 916th, 917th, 918th, 919th, 920th, 921st, 922nd, 923rd, 924th, 925th, 926th, 927th, 928th, 929th, 930th, 931st, 932nd, 933rd, 934th, 935th, 936th, 937th, 938th, 939th, 940th, 941st, 942nd, 943rd, 944th, 945th, 946th, 947th, 948th, 949th, 950th, 951st, 952nd, 953rd, 954th, 955th, 956th, 957th, 958th, 959th, 960th, 961st, 962nd, 963rd, 964th, 965th, 966th, 967th, 968th, 969th, 970th, 971st, 972nd, 973rd, 974th, 975th, 976th, 977th, 978th, 979th, 980th, 981st, 982nd, 983rd, 984th, 985th, 986th, 987th, 988th, 989th, 990th, 991st, 992nd, 993rd, 994th, 995th, 996th, 997th, 998th, 999th, 1000th, 1001st, 1002nd, 1003rd, 1004th, 1005th, 1006th, 1007th, 1008th, 1009th, 1010th, 1011st, 1012nd, 1013rd, 1014th, 1015th, 1016th, 1017th, 1018th, 1019th, 1020th, 1021st, 1022nd, 1023rd, 1024th, 1025th, 1026th, 1027th, 1028th, 1029th, 1030th, 1031st, 1032nd, 1033rd, 1034th, 1035th, 1036th, 1037th, 1038th, 1039th, 1040th, 1041st, 1042nd, 1043rd, 1044th, 1045th, 1046th, 1047th, 1048th, 10

too numerous.

Wedding Rings

Guaranteed Plump Stamped Quality. In this we are more than particular.

Marriage Licenses

Strictly confidential is our reputation—no clerks to spy on you.

—The store of Good Quality and Moderate Prices.

—Call and see us.

F. Chinneck's Jewelry Store

Near Royal Hotel, Napanee.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

After a careful study of the demands of my numerous customers I have decided to materially change the character of stock carried, and to this end announce a

Great Clearing Sale . . .

of many of my best lines. In future I shall not stock DINNER SETTS. The few I have left I will sell at cost, viz:

1	Dinner Set, reg.	\$25.00	reduced to	\$12.50
1	" "	13.20,	"	10.00
2	" "	10.50,	"	8.25
2	" "	8.00,	"	5.50

I will also sell any Jardiniere, Vase or Fancy Piece of China at 30 per cent. off, as I propose closing out most of these lines.

Don't miss this chance as it will not occur with me again.

Thanking you for all favors in the past, and wishing you

H Happy New Year

A. E. PAUL'S

Paul's Bookstore.

CLOVER,
ALSIKE,
—and—

TIMOTHY SEED

—ALSO—

FARMER'S DRIED APPLES

—WANTED AT—

SYMINGTON'S.

Veteran Land Grants

Wanted

Ontario or Dominion, located or unlocated

MULHOLLAND & CO.

28-1-y McKinnon Bldg., Toronto.

the Council Chambers, in the Court House, Napanee, on

Tuesday, 24th Jan'y, 1911,
at 2 o'clock p.m.

All accounts must be in the hands of the undersigned, not later than Wednesday, 25th Jan. 1911, in order that they may be considered.

W. G. WILSON,
County Clerk.

Dated January 4th, 1911.

Napanee Amateur Opera and Dramatic Club

presents

H. M. S. PINAFORE

—or—

"The Lass That Loved A Sailor."

—in—

Brisco Opera House,

Wed. & Thurs. Jan. 11 & 12

This is an entirely Original Nautics Comedy Opera, in two acts. Written by W. S. Gilbert, composed by Arthur Sullivan.

Company of 50.

Orchestra of 16, under leadership of Mr. H. Simons.

Prices 25c and 50c.

Plan open at Jessop's on Monday morning, instead of Friday as advertised.

Limit of 6 tickets for each person for each night.

Tickets may be obtained from any of the company.

"Here Comes The Bride"



You're coming, too, aren't you, to see us about ordering those CIRCULARS and BUSINESS CARDS?

Step in and talk it over.

We have just installed a fast new Job Press, making three presses in our office exclusively for Job Work. We are also adding new type, etc. making our Job Plant the best in the district.

The Napanee Express Job Department.

Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of this week. A large number of birds were shown of every size, shape and color from the mammoth coochies to the bantams, as well as splendid geese turkeys and ducks. The attendance on Wednesday and Thursday was good and a large number of people listened to the interesting lectures given by Miss Yates, of McDonald College, Guelph. Over seventy birds were shown in the white wyandotte class. Over 500 entries were received, the largest number yet shown at a show here.

Brahmas—Cock ; T. J. Cole, 1, 3, B. Smith, 2. Hen ; B. Smith, T. J. Cole, 2, 3. Cockerel ; T. J. Cole, John Bedlow. Pullet ; T. J. Cole, J. Bedlow.

Cochin Buff—J. G. Wait, 1st cock, hen, cockerel and pullet. T. J. Cole, 2nd cock, hen, cockerel and pullet.

A O V Coohins—T. J. Cole, 1st, cock, hen and pullet.

A V Langshan—T. J. Cole, 1st, cock, hen, cockerel and pullet.

Barred Rocks—Cock ; Jos. Kelly, Wm. Lishman. Hen ; Wm. Lishman, Geo. Fralick. Cockerel ; Wm. Lishman, Geo. Fralick, J. Kelly. Pullet ; Geo. Fralick, 1, 3, J. Kelly, 2.

White Plymouth Rocks—Hen, J. Kelly. Cockerel, J. Kelly, J. G. Wait, B. Smith.

Buff Plymouth Rocks—Cock and hen, Geo. Somers. Cockerel, J. G. Wait.

White Wyandottes—Cock, W. A. Steacy, 1, 3, R. W. Vout, 2nd, McMahon & Thurly, 4th, A. O. Sine, 5th, Hen, R. W. Vout, W. A. Steacy, Geo. Somers. A O Sine, McMahon & Thurly. Cockerel, Geo. Somers, R. W. Vout, 2, 3, McMahon & Thurly, 4, R. W. Vout, 5. Pullet, Geo. Somers, 1, 3, W. A. Steacy, 2, McMahon & Thurly, 4.

Buff Wyandottes—T. J. Cole, 1st cock and hen, 2nd pullet, J. G. Wait, 2nd cock and hen, 1st cockerel and pullet.

Black Wyandotte—W. R. Gross, 1st cock, hen, cockerel and pullet.

A O V Wyandottes—Geo. Paxman, 1st cock, hen, cockerel and pullet, T. J. Cole, 2nd cock and hen.

Silver Wyandottes—T. J. Cole, 1st cock and hen, Geo. Paxman, 1st cockerel and pullet.

Java, A V—T. J. Cole, 1st cock, 1st and 2nd hen, 1st cockerel and pullet.

Rhode Island Reds—Cock, Rev. T. F. Dowdell, F. C. Bogart. Hen, J. G. Wait, Rev. F. T. Dowdell. Cockerel, 1st, E. J. Pollard, 2nd and 3rd, Rev. Dowdell. Pullet, 1st, E. J. Pollard, 2, 3, Rev. Dowdell.

White Leghorns, S. C.—Cock, T. Bottrell & Son, J. G. Wait. Hen, J. G. Wait, T. Bottrell & Son, A. O. Sine. Cockerel, J. G. Wait, 1, 2, T. Bottrell & Son. Pullet, J. G. Wait, 1, 2 and 3.

S. C. Brown Leghorns—Cock, A. L. Snider, 1, 3, Bert Smith, 2. Hen, Bert Smith, A. L. Snider, 2, 3. Cockerel, A. L. Snider, 1, 2, B. Smith, 3. Pullet, A. L. Snider, 1, 3, B. Smith, 2.

R. C. Brown Leghorns—T. J. Cole, 1st hen, 2nd pullet, A. L. Snider, 1st pullet.

S. C. Buff Leghorn—Cock, T. Bottrell & Son, E. Metcalf, 3. Hen, J. G. Wait, E. Metcalf, 2, 3. Cockerel, E. W. Metcalf, 1, 2, J. G. Wait, 3. Pullet, E. W. Metcalf, 1, 2, J. G. Wait.

A. O. V. Leghorns—B. Smith, 2nd cockerel and 1st pullet, T. Bottrell & Son, 1st cockerel and 2nd pullet.

S. C. White Leghorns—Cock, A. C. Rooks, 1, 3, T. Bottrell & Son, 2. Hen, cockerel and pullet, A. C. Rooks, 1, 2, 3.

Black Minorca—Cock, R. D. Dobson, T. Bottrell & Son, B. Smith. Hen, R. D. Dobson, 1, 2, Bottrell & Son. Cockerel, R. D. Dobson, J. Warner. Pullet, R. D. Dobson, 1, 2, J. Warner.

A. O. V. Minorca—Rev. J. H. Chant, 1st cock, 1st cockerel, 1, 2, 3, pullet.

Buff Orpington—Cock, Geo. Paxman, J. G. Wait. Hen, 1, 3, Geo. Paxman, 2. Cockerel, Geo. Paxman, J. G. Wait, 2, 3. Pullet, Geo. Paxman, J. G. Wait, 2, 3.

White Orpingtons, S. C.—F. C. Bogart, 1, 2, 3 cock, 1, 2, 3 hen. Cockerel, J. G. Wait, F. C. Bogart, 2, 3. Pullet, F. C. Bogart 1, 2, 3.

Black Orpington, S. C.—Cock, Geo. Paxman, Jas. Roblin, J. G. Wait. Hen, Geo. Paxman, J. G. Wait, T. J. Cole. Cockerel, Geo. Paxman, J. G. Wait, 2 and 3. Pullet, Geo. Paxman, J. G. Wait, 2 and 3. A. V. Dorking, J. G. Wait, 1st cock, hen and pullet. John Bedlow, 1st cockerel and 2nd pullet.

Silver Spangled Hamburg—Geo. Paxman, 1st cock, hen, cockerel and pullet. Jas Fenwick, 2nd cock, 2nd and 3rd hen, 2nd cockerel and 3rd pullet. J. Warner, 3rd cock. Bottrell & Son, 3rd cockerel and 2nd pullet.

Houdans—Geo. Degroff, 1st cock, hen, cockerel and pullet. John Bedlow, 2nd cock, hen, cockerel and pullet. Geo. Somers, 3rd cockerel and pullet.

Exhibition Game—Bottrell & Son, 1st cock and pullet. T. J. Cole, 1st and 2nd hen.

Bantams, Black, Red—Geo. Paxman, 1st hen, 1st and 2nd cockerel, 1st and 2nd pullet. J. G. Wait, 2nd hen. T. Bottrell & Son, 3rd cockerel and pullet.

Bantam, Brown Red—Geo. Paxman, 1st hen and cockerel.

Bantam, Pile Red—J. G. Wait, 1st cock, and hen, 2nd pullet, Geo. Paxman, 2nd cock, 3rd hen, 1st cockerel and pullet. Bottrell & Son, 3rd cock, 2nd hen, 1st pullet.

Bantam, Duckwing—Bottrell & Son, 1st cockerel and pullet. Geo. Paxman, 2nd pullet.

Bantams, ornamental—T. Bottrell & Son, 1st cock, 2nd hen, 3rd cockerel, T. J. Cole, 2nd cock, cockerel and pullet, G. Paxman, 1st hen and cockerel, 1st and 3rd pullet, Chas. Loucks, 3rd cock and hen.

Indian Game, A. V—J. G. Wait, 1st cock, J. Warner, 1st cockerel and pullet, T. Bottrell & Son, 2nd pullet.

A. O. V. Fowl—Jas. A. Henderson, 2nd and 3rd cock, 1st and 3rd hen, 1st and 2nd pullet, J. Warner, 1st cock.

Bronze Turkeys—T. J. Cole, 1st male and female, old and young, 2nd old female.

A. O. V. Turkeys—T. J. Cole, 1st old male and female, 1, 2, young female, John Bedlow, 2nd old female.

Emden Geese—T. J. Cole, 1st old and young male and female, 2nd old female, J. G. Wait, 2nd old male, 3rd old female, 2nd young male and female, A. O. Sine, 3rd old male.

Toulouse Geese—T. J. Cole, 1st old male, 1, 2 old female, 1st young male and female, J. G. Wait, 2nd old female, 1st and 2nd old and young male and female.

Pekin Ducks—T. J. Cole, 1st in each section.

Aylsbury Ducks—T. J. Cole, 1st in each section, J. G. Wait, 2nd old female.

Rouen Ducks—T. J. Cole 1st in each section.

A. O. V. Ducks—T. J. Cole, 1st in each section, John Bedlow, 2nd old male and female, A. L. Snider, 3rd old male.

Best exhibit pigeons—T. Bottrell & Son.

silver and pullets. Geo. Paxman, 2nd cockerel and pullet.

Silver Laced Polands—Geo. Paxman, 1st cockerel, 1st and 2nd pullet.

Buff Laced Polands—Geo. Paxman, 1st cockerel, 1st and 2nd pullet.

Houdans—Geo. Degroff, 1st cock, hen, cockerel and pullet. John Bedlow, 2nd cock, hen, cockerel and pullet. Geo. Somers, 3rd cockerel and pullet.

Exhibition Game—Boottrell & Son, 1st cock and pullet. T. J. Cole, 1st and 2nd hen.

Bantams, Black, Red—Geo. Paxman, 1st hen, 1st and 2nd cockerel, 1st and 2nd pullet. J. G. Wait, 2nd hen. T. Bottrell & Son, 3rd cockerel and pullet.

Bantam, Brown Red—Geo. Paxman, 1st hen and cockerel.

Bantam, Pile Red—J. G. Wait, 1st cock, and hen, 2nd pullet, Geo. Paxman, 2nd cock, 3rd hen, 1st cockerel and pullet. Bottrell & Son, 3rd cock, 2nd hen, 1st pullet.

Bantam, Duckwing—Bottrell & Son, 1st cockerel and pullet. Geo. Paxman, 2nd pullet.

Bantams, ornamental—T. Bottrell & Son, 1st cock, 2nd hen, 3rd cockerel, T. J. Cole, 2nd cock, cockerel and pullet, G. Paxman, 1st hen and cockerel, 1st and 3rd pullet, Chas. Loucks, 3rd cock and hen.

Indian Game, A. V—J. G. Wait, 1st cock, J. Warner, 1st cockerel and pullet, T. Bottrell & Son, 2nd pullet.

A. O. V. Fowl—Jas. A. Henderson, 2nd and 3rd cock, 1st and 3rd hen, 1st and 2nd pullet, J. Warner, 1st cock.

Bronze Turkeys—T. J. Cole, 1st male and female, old and young, 2nd old female.

A. O. V. Turkeys—T. J. Cole, 1st old male and female, 1, 2, young female, John Bedlow, 2nd old female.

Emden Geese—T. J. Cole, 1st old and young male and female, 2nd old female.

Toulouse Geese—T. J. Cole, 1st old male, 1, 2 old female, 1st young male and female, J. G. Wait, 2nd old female, 1st and 2nd old and young male and female.

Pekin Ducks—T. J. Cole, 1st in each section.

Aylsbury Ducks—T. J. Cole, 1st in each section, J. G. Wait, 2nd old female.

Rouen Ducks—T. J. Cole 1st in each section.

A. O. V. Ducks—T. J. Cole, 1st in each section, John Bedlow, 2nd old male and female, A. L. Snider, 3rd old male.

Best exhibit pigeons—T. Bottrell & Son.

SPECIALS.

Silver Medal, by Ryrie Bros., Toronto, for the best four birds of any one variety—Geo. Paxman, Peterborough.

Bronze Medal, by Ryrie Bros., for the largest entry any one variety—Wm. Lishman, York.

T. J. Cole, Bowmanville, pair of Buff Cochins Bantams to buy under 15 years making largest exhibit—A. Rooks.

White Wyandottes—\$1.00 cash, for each of the following : 1st cock, W. A. Steacy ; 1st hen, R. W. Vout ; 1st cockerel, G. Somers ; 2nd cock, R. W. Vout ; 2nd hen, W. A. Steacy ; 2nd cockerel, G. Somers ; 2nd pullet, W. A. Steacy ; 3rd hen, G. Somers ; 1st pullet, G. Somers ; 3rd cockerel, R. Vout.

\$1.00 special, best collection of Rose Comb White Leghorns.—A. Rooks.

\$1.00 for best pair White Orpingtons—F. C. Bogart.

One bushel corn, for 1st White Wyandotte cock—W. A. Steacy.

10 pounds honey, for best pair Houdans—Geo. Degroff.

One setting White Wyandotte eggs, for 1st Buff Rock cock—G. Somers.

CLUB SPECIALS.

Medal by National White Wyandotte Club, for best cock, hen, cockerel and pullet.—R. W. Vout.

The Canadian Leghorn Club, four Club Ribbons for best shaped male, best shaped female, best colored male, best colored female, in Buffs, or White Leghorn classes.—E. W. Metcalf.

The International Rose Comb Black Minorca Club, four handsome Silk Badges, one each for best cock, hen, cockerel and pullet.—Rev. J. H. Chant.

The Canadian Leghorn Club, four Club Ribbons for each best cock, hen, cockerel and pullet.—J. G. Wait.

The Canadian White Wyandotte Club, four beautiful Silk Badges, one each cock, hen, cockerel and pullet.—R. W. Vout.

\$1.00 for best three cocks, S. C. White Leghorn.—J. G. Wait.

\$1.00 for best three pullets, S. C. White Leghorn.—J. G. Wait.

\$1.00 for best cock, hen, cockerel and pullet, S. C. White Leghorn.—J. G. Wait.

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\$1.00 for best cock, hen, cockerel and pullet, S. C. White Leghorn.—J. G. Wait

EE EXPRESS

A QUARTER OF A CENTURY

find us in the lead for
Plumbing, Steam, Hot
Water and Hot Air
Heating.

M. S. MADOLE

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

CANADA—FRIDAY, JANUARY 6th, 1911

ANNUAL JANUARY SALE

20 to 40 Per Cent. Discount
on all Heavy Winter Cloth-
ing for Men or Boys.

10 Men's Overcoats, reg. \$9 to \$12 now \$6.75
18 " " 10 to 18 now 7.75
6 " " 11 to 14 now 8.75
7 " " 12 to 16 now 9.75

Many of the above coats have the new
Prussian or College Collars, a few with
Velvet Collars.

3 Boys' Overcoats, reg. \$2.75 to \$4 now 1.75
16 " " 5.00 to 7 now 3.75

Sizes 27 to 38.

25 Per Cent. Discount on
all Men's and Boys' Ready-
to-Wear Suits.

J. L. BOYES,

NEWBURGH.

Reeve—M. Ryan.
Councillors—W. W. Adams, Jos.
Paul, P. Fairbairn. For local option,
81. Against local option, 51. Three
fifths vote required 81.

TOWNSHIP OF SHEFFIELD.

Reeve—George Woods.
Councillors—Edward Harrison, Mel-
ville C. McKim, George Black, John
Sullivan.
Local option was defeated by over
100 majority.

ERNESTTOWN.

For Reeve—Clark Walker.
For Deputy Reeve—R. W. Long-
more.
For Councillors—John Kenny, B. G.
Hamm and John W. Frink, elected
by acclamation.

NORTH FREDERICKSBURGH.

Reeve—C. W. Hambly.
Councillors—Jos. Dillenbeck, H. V.
Mooney, Damon Perry, John Gault.

ADOLPHUSTOWN.

Reeve—Harry M. Johnston.
Councillors—R. M. Reid, L. P.
Trumper, Geo. Davern and W. D.
Roblin.

CAMDEN.

Reeve—J. W. Reid.
Deputy Reeve—W. J. Allen.
Councillors—T. J. Cook, W. J.
Haggerty, Herbert Armstrong.

NAPANEE CURLING CLUB.

1911 RINKS.

No. 1—F. S. Boyes, skip; J. B. Alli-
son, B. Jemmet, T. J. Turner.
No. 2—W. C. Smith, skip; J. H. S.
Derry, M. Maker, W. H. Anderson.
No. 3—J. S. Ham, skip; G. M. Tay-
lor, W. A. Templeton, G. Loynes.
No. 4—C. H. Edwards, skip; J. G.

AN OFFICIAL SNUB

Rudely Flung at Genial Robert
Louis Stevenson.

A CONSUL WITH A GROUCH.

The Author Called on the Newly Appointed Official at Apia to Pay His Respects and Was Shown the Door With Few Words and No Ceremony.

When Robert Louis Stevenson lived in Samoa he dressed as the others there did. Up at Vaifima they all went about in their bare feet, except when expecting guests.

When Stevenson came into Apia he looked only half dressed. He always came down with a soft shirt on and generally white flannel trousers, sometimes with a red sash round the waist.

On one occasion the genial author was cruelly snubbed by a newly appointed British consul at Apia, one Colonel De Coetlogon. The story is told in "With Stevenson in Samoa," by H. J. Moors, the author:

One Sunday morning while Stevenson and myself, barefoot and in pajamas, were discussing the various local celebrities, my friend suddenly jumped up and announced that he had neglected a bounden duty. Here he had been in Apia for some considerable time and had not yet called on her Britannic majesty's representative. Every Britisher of mark should attend to such a duty at the earliest possible moment! I must introduce him without one moment's further delay! "Come along, Moors," said he; "let's get it off our mind!"

I informed him that Colonel De Coetlogon was himself a new man in the place—he had been in Apia but a little while—and I had not yet met him. People who had met him had mostly declared him to be an exclusive, crusty old fellow, full of pomposity. I was therefore very loath to go until the new arrival had simmered down somewhat. It was rumored that he had been for years governor of some great jail in Britain, and people remarked that he treated many of his callers as ticket of leave men who had come in to report.

But Stevenson, feeling very sure of his powers to charm this Gorgon, would take no warning, but shouted gayly: "Come on, Moors! I'll attend to this case. He'll welcome us all right." I pointed out his attire and his lack of shoes, and, with a sigh, he compromised so far as to put on a clean shirt and a pair of trousers and shoes, but my best efforts would not induce him to wear a coat. In the rig he wore and under his little yachting cap he positively looked no more than twenty or twenty-five years of age. He bubbled with enthusiasm over everything new and strange that came within his view as we passed along the road to Matautu, where De Coetlogon lived. From the beginning I doubted if we would receive anything like an affirmative welcome and I took

DAFOE & WALLER

Lumber, Shingles, Lath,
Posts, Sash, Doors,
Mouldings, Etc.

AGENTS for Canadian Fairbanks Gas and Marine Engines.

AGENTS for Ruberoid Roofing and Flooring.

FACTORY next to the Big Mill. Phone 14

HOUSES TO RENT—Two desirable houses on Bridge street east. Apply to G. B. JOY. 50

TEACHER WANTED—Protestant teacher wanted for S. S. No. 7, Denbigh; for 1911. Address stating salary to R. EDWARDS, Denbigh.

FOR SALE—The brick residence on East Street, formerly occupied by the late Mr. J. D. Ham. Apply to HERRINGTON & WARNER & GRANGE. 51f

HOUSE FOR SALE with two lots, new house 33 x 24, barn 28 x 24, electric light and soft water, a splendid property at a low price. Apply to M. PIZZARIELLO. 11

WANTED—A strong, capable woman as cook. Must be experienced, and must have references. No washing or ironing. Apply to MRS. R. G. H. TRAVERS. 52f

FOUND—A sum of money. Owner may have by proving property and pay. ing for this advertisement. Apply to J. LOUCKS. 4

GENTS WANTED—Whole or part time, liberal terms; outfit free. Over 500 acres in trees. Write at once. "The Fruit Tree Specialists." THOS. W. BOWMAN & SON CO., Limited, Ridgeville, Ont. 51d

LOST—On Tuesday, January 3rd, on Centre, Bridge or Dundas streets a Sterling Silver purse, containing a five dollar bill, some small silver and a Japanese coin. Finder please leave at this office and receive reward of five dollars. 4

40 FARMS FOR SALE in Napanee and Belleville districts. Many of these are valuable farms, and at right price. Call at once or write for list. We can suit you, and you will save time and money. Also some good town properties. W. G. H. BROWN, Real Estate Opposite Royal Hotel, Napanee.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE—500 acres of land, more or less, in the 4th concession of the Township of Commanda at Varty Lake, being the farm of the late George Garrison. There are 2 dwellings and good barns and outbuildings on the premises, and good wells. Also for sale the Hotel Property in the Village of Colebrook. For further particulars apply to Mrs. A. C. Warner, or Mrs. F. S. Wartman, Colebrook; or to Herrington, Warner & Grange, Barristers, Napanee. Dated October 26th, 1910. 46f

ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual meeting of the Napanee Public Library will be held in the Board Room on MONDAY EVENING, JANUARY 9th

DOXSEE & CO.

While returning thanks to his many customers and friends for favors during the past year, takes this opportunity to wish one and all of them

A Very Happy
and Prosperous
New Year.

The Leading Millinery House

THE - DOMINION - BANK
NAPANEE BRANCH

Capital Paid up \$4,000,000
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits 5,300,000
Total Deposits by the Public 45,700,000
Total Assets 58,900,000
Travellers and Commercial Letters of Credit issued available throughout the world.

DUDLEY L. HILL,
Manager, Napanee Branch.

MERCHANTS' BANK
OF CANADA.

NAPANEE CURLING CLUB.

1911 RINKS.

No. 1—F. S. Boyes, skip; J. B. Allison, B. Jeant, T. J. Turner.
No. 2—W. C. Smith, skip; J. H. S. Derry, M. Maker, W. H. Anderson.
No. 3—J. S. Ham, skip; G. M. Taylor, W. A. Templeton, G. Loynes.
No. 4—C. H. Edwards, skip; J. G. Daly, W. A. Rose, W. M. Cambridge.
No. 5—C. I. Maybee, skip; A. L. Dafoe, N. J. Sills, J. A. Douglas.
No. 6—J. L. Madill, skip; M. Taylor, F. C. Bogart, F. Arthur Laughlin.
No. 7—J. L. Boyes, skip; P. Killorin, E. R. Fitzgerald, H. J. Haviland.
No. 8—U. M. Wilson, skip; J. L. Maude, W. J. Doller, E. E. Richardson, W. S. Holmes.
No. 9—M. E. Mitchell, skip; Geo. Savage, G. S. Reid, C. D. Eyvel.
No. 10—R. G. H. Travers, skip; W. S. Herrington, W. H. Steacy, G. S. Anderson.
No. 11—H. Daly, skip; L. H. Bennett, W. A. Grange, W. Exley.
No. 12—J. W. Robinson, skip; C. Wilson, R. C. Cartwright, Dr. C. M. Stratton, J. P. Vrooman, Stanhope Anderson.
No. 13—W. M. Maybee, skip; Jas. A. Pringle, J. Fitzpatrick, W. H. Huston.
No. 14—R. A. Leonard, skip; W. F. Hall, H. Taylor, D. M. Allison, R. E. Loucks.

The skips will arrange their rinks in any order they desire.

DENBIGH.

Mt. Harvey Snider, of Glenfield, died on Christmas day after a long and painful illness, at the age of 57 years. The funeral took place on December 29th at the family burial ground and was attended by quite a number of sympathising friends from this village and vicinity.

The entertainment held in the Lutheran church on Christmas eve was a decided success. The church had been nicely decorated and the children rendered their lengthy program very creditably, and at the close each received a suitable book and a box of sweets as a Christmas present.

Malcolm Youmans, who went to Cache Bay a couple of months ago with the intention of working there until next spring, has arrived home again with a very sore hand, suffering from blood poisoning and will not be able to work with it for some time.

Albert Both, a student in Kingston Business College, is spending the Xmas vacation at home with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Both. He is accompanied by his friend.

The Misses Martha Petzold and Mary Falk, of Ottawa, are also enjoying a holiday visit with their parents here.

George Fritsch and his sister, Elsa, of Renfrew, returned to town on Tuesday, after having a pleasant visit with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Fritsch.

Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Pringle are the guests of the former's mother, Mrs. Thos. Pringle.

The Municipal election passed off very quietly at the polling places. The following gentlemen will compose our Municipal Council for this year: John Irish, Esq., Reeve; Oscar Chatson, Frank Rodgers, Theodore Thompson and Edwin Wensley, Councillors.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA.

Baths, Baths.

We are showing some high-grade Baths in Cast Enamelled. You should drop in and see the line of Bath Room Fixtures we have in stock at present. Nothing like them ever shown here.

BOYLE & SON.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat

A Candy Jewel Lollipop.

induce him to wear a coat. In the rig he wore and under his little yachting cap he positively looked no more than twenty or twenty-five years of age. He bubbled with enthusiasm over everything new and strange that came within his view as we passed along the road to Matautu, where De Coetlogon lived. From the beginning I doubted if we would receive anything like an effusive welcome, and I took care to impart my fears to my friend, but he only laughed. Particularly did I point out that this was Sunday and that we should choose another day for our visit. He still laughed.

With pride and joy he threw open the consular gate and strode manfully across the lawn, I following close behind. A tall, soldierly person, with white mustachios and close cropped hair, was sitting peacefully on the veranda. He made no attempt to rise and welcome us. A whisky and soda had just then his rapt attention. We ascended the steps. The statue in the chair merely regarded us. We might as well have been a couple of dressed prisoners coming to pray for some amelioration.

Stevenson would have embraced this cold representative of his country's greatness, but the chill restrained him. "Good morning, sir."

A grunt. "Well, what do you want?" "My name is Stevenson. I am well known in Britain by my works—in fact, I am a novelist. This is Mr. Moors."

"Well, what do you want?" No friendly hand was stretched out to greet us. We noted a face as hard as stone, as uncompromising and as unsympathetic as a brick wall. Stevenson stood there as one petrified; I was quite appalled. My friend had not counted on such a start. There was no seam or crevice in which he might momentarily locate to reconnoiter before he should attack again. The consul's brow was sad to look upon. He had not even risen civilly to hear us.

"We have come, sir, to pay our respects."

"If you have any business and desire to see me I will listen to you on week days and in my office at the proper time. Good morning."

Stevenson quite lost the power of speech and looked appealingly at me. I cannot remember exactly what I said, but I know that I endeavored to impress the consul the worth and honesty of my companion.

In return came this: "I don't care who you are—either of you! If you have any business at this consulate come and state it at the proper time."

Without more than a profound bow Stevenson turned and made his way out into the road again, I having preceded him. "By heavens, Moors, you were right! What a beast! What a l—d—well, I suppose he has a right to choose his own Sunday morning company. I had thought that I was one of the foremost men of letters of the day, but this fellow differs. What a situation for a man of my supposed eminence to find himself in! People will differ in their opinions, won't they?" And he burst out into a merry laugh.

Ayer's almanacs for everybody. Ask for one at Wallace's Drug Store.

The Napanee Curlers were in Kingston on Thursday, playing a game with the Brockville curlers. The match was to decide the championship of last year in the Eastern Ontario Curling Association.

Keep Your Hands Soft.

At this season of the year it is a problem to keep the hands soft. Rexall Toilet Cream will prove a boon to house-keepers. It is not greasy, dries quickly and leaves the skin soft and velvety. Sold in 25c. bottles at Wallace's Drug Store.

published weekly by Mrs. A. C. Warner, or Mrs. F. B. Warman, Colebrook; or to Herrington, Warner & Grange, Barristers, Napanee.
Dated October 26th, 1910.

the world.

DUDLEY L. HILL,
Manager, Napanee Branch.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.
ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID UP CAPITAL AND RESERVE OVER \$10,400,000.
UNDoubted SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$100 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid. Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.

Napanee Branch, **W. A. BELLHOUSE, Mgr.**
Yarker Branch, **E. R. CHECKLEY, Mgr.**

NOTICE

The Annual Meeting of the patrons of the Empey Cheese Factory will be held at the Factory at 1:30 p.m. on

Wednesday, Jan. 11th,
for the purpose of electing officers and general business.

MRS. THOS. EMPEY, Prop.
P. E. R. MILLER, Sec'y.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that The Napanee Canning Company, Limited, whose head office is situated at the Town of Napanee, intend to apply to the Honourable Provincial Secretary of Ontario for leave to surrender its Charter as an Incorporated Company under "The Ontario Companies Act."

Dated at Napanee this 4th day of January, A. D. 1911.

W. A. CARSON,
Sec. Treas. and Manager.
THOMAS SYMINGTON,
President.

Canada's Greatest Nurseries

Want a representative for Napanee and surrounding district

The reliability, healthy condition of our stock, as well as trueness to name, must be appreciated by the public or they would not have helped us to increase our business yearly since 1887, the date of our establishment.

Our firm's name lends prestige to our representatives.

Complete line of Nursery Stock for 1911
Write for full particulars.

STONE & WELLINGTON,
The Fonthill Nurseries,
Toronto, Ont.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a court will be held pursuant to the Ontario Voters' List Act, by His Honor, James Henry Madden, the Judge of the County Court, of the County of Lennox & Addington, at the Court House, in the Town of Napanee, the

16th day of January, 1911

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to hear and determine complaints of errors and omissions in the Voters' List of the Municipality of the Town of Napanee for 1910.

W. A. GRANGE,
Clerk of the Town of Napanee.

Dated at Napanee this 27th day of December, A. D., 1910

ANNUAL MEETING

—of the—

Lennox Agricultural Society

will be held in the Council Chamber
Napanee, on

Wednesday, Jan. 18th, 1911

at 2 p.m.

Election of Officers and General Business in connection with the Society.

8o E. MING, Sec.-Treas.

J. H. Hodgins has resigned his position in the editorial department of the Montreal Herald and returned to his old home in Picton, where he will take up newspaper work at the first of the year as part owner and publisher of the Picton Gazette. Mr. Hodgins received his newspaper training in the Whig office and is well known in Kingston. His many friends extend congratulations and wish him every success in his new venture.—Whig.

NORTHERN CROWN BANK

Head Office, - Winnipeg.

Authorized Capital, \$6,000,000. Paid Up Capital, \$2,200,000.

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THIS WOBBLY OLD GLOBE

MAY HAVE TURNED TURTLE
ONCE UPON A TIME.

A Scientist Says the Poles Once
Melted and Tropics Had
Icebergs.

One of the most fascinating speculations in which men have ever engaged (says a writer in "Scientific Siftings") is that which Professor Garrett P. Serviss has advanced. It assumes that the axis of the earth, in some long ago time, tipped over, so that the poles and the equator changed places, tropical vegetation and a crowded life in all its varied forms flourishing around what are now the snowy and ice-bound poles, while regions of the earth which are now the most thickly inhabited were buried under tremendous accumulations of snow and ice, which never melted away, even in the hottest summers.

HOW THE EARTH MIGHT TIP.

This theory has been thought to find support in the unquestioned fact that exploration around both the North and South polar regions shows that at some time in the past they have been habitable, since the remains of plants and animals which cannot survive there are still to be found in those regions! But if it be assumed that such a tremendous change occurred — a change which would imply a complete tipping over of the earth—the next question is: How could such a change have been produced? It has been suggested that it might have come about through the piling up of ice and other material around the or both of the poles.

WHAT SHACKLETON FOUND.

The recent explorations of Lieutenant Shackleton have shown that ice-crowned Antarctic Continent, where the ice covering a continent two-thirds as large as North America, towers up thousands of feet, is now in its mean elevation the highest part of the earth. The axis of the earth now runs through its shortest diameter; in other words, the poles. But if we can imagine vast accumulations to be made round the poles, the polar diameter would become greater than the equatorial, and the earth would begin to wobble, and if there was a lack of perfect balance between the two ends the centrifugal force would cause the axis to swing round until at last, perhaps, the whole earth would turn over in such a way as to swing its poles round to the place where the equator formerly was.

SCIENTISTS DOUBTFUL.

There is a multitude of scientific reasons why this theory will probably never receive the support of scientific men, and yet the remarkable fact remains that the polar regions were once inhabited by tropical forms of life. And we know also that the axis of the earth, even today is not absolutely steady, but wobbles a little, and it has been thought that this wobbling may arise in part from the lack of balance caused by the great weight of the lofty ice-covered continent of the far south. On the other hand, it has been solemnly argued that when the axis tipped over the whole earth changed its position with it.

JAPANESE COLONISTS.

The Outskirts of the Empire Filling With Frontiersmen.

The most significant feature of the Japanese policy to-day is its colonization programme. On the outskirts of the Empire a new race of Japanese is in the making, shaped by the same forces, says a writer in the American Review of Reviews, that have made the pioneers of every zone notable as the most adaptable, open-minded and liberty-loving men.

The 50,000,000 population of the empire is being annually augmented by a net increase of 500,000 baby Japanese. For centuries the population of the main and southern islands has been a "saturated solution." A given number die and their room is at once reoccupied, but after these are all replaced that 500,000 surplus remains each year without provision.

The expedient most readily hit upon was to aid the emigration of the overcrowded to other countries. Opposition blocked this programme, however, immediately in New Zealand and Australia, and a little later in the United States and Canada. Thousands entered Mexico and Chile, but the condition of the emigrant was there far less desirable.

Various commissions appointed by Parliament were despatched to the Hokkaido, Formosa, Sakhalin, Korea, and Manchuria to look the land over and report to Tokio. With much of junketing, more or less questioning of local officers and some personal investigation these groups of colony cruisers returned and Tokio was advised that the Hokkaido could support 10,000,000 additional inhabitants; that Sakhalin was a lean land and her quota must be reckoned only in hundreds of thousands; that Formosa when tamed would absorb specified millions, and the vast millet plains and forest clearings of Manchuria would accommodate so many millions more.

Therefore without overforcing the development of these sections, the 500,000 annual emigration on which the computation was based could be placed for fifty years where it would be far more easily within the reach and control of the Government, and where it would involve no unpleasant arrangements and possible embroilment with any other powers.

WONDERFUL DOLL-HOUSE.

Lilliputian Building on Exhibition in London.

The most wonderful doll-house in the world is on exhibition in London. It is the work of Capt. Wilkinson, Ulster King at arms, who is an expert in the heraldry and the fine arts.

The house is about seven feet square and took about five years to complete. The furnishing is not yet finished.

Everything is Lilliputian. On the hall table lies a visitors' book the size of a postage stamp with King Edward's name inscribed, for he and Queen Alexandra went to the house in 1905. In the dining room is a Jacobean buffet eight inches long and an oak table of corresponding dimensions.

A Georgian silver beaker the size of a thimble is flanked by diminutive Queen Anne candlesticks, and a silver Nuremberg tankard, old

GERMANY'S GREAT FIRM.

KRUPP'S, UNLIMITED, EMPLOYS 150,000 MEN.

Originated 100 Years Ago—Buying Land in Holland to Extend Its Business.

The great German firm that is known to everyone as "Krupp's," and which supplies half the civilized world with what it wants in the way of cannon, is buying a large tract of land in Holland with the object of erecting new works there. If so, this gigantic business, which already gives employment to about 150,000 men, and owns a city and several towns and villages in Germany, will soon possess no fewer than nine different groups of works.

The rise of the firm has been remarkably swift. In 1810 a working mechanic called Frederick Krupp, set up a forge in the village of Essen. Wretchedly poor, he yet contrived to keep four workmen in his pay. He had ideas which, he hoped, would revolutionize the manufacture of steel. Handicapped by his poverty, however, and by a ten years' lawsuit, he accomplished nothing, and died, wornout by failure, in 1826.

When his son Alfred, for whose schooling the widowed mother had scarcely been able to pay, entered the business in 1848, he found, to use his own words, "three workmen and considerably more debts than cash." Before his death, fifty years later, he was one of the most powerful factors in the wars of Europe.

LIVING LANDMARK.

Waded in between two huge workshops in Essen, which is now a city of a quarter of a million inhabitants, and is practically the property of the firm, there stands the tiny old-fashioned cottage in which the founder of the firm struggled for a livelihood. It bears an inscription in the handwriting of Alfred Krupp, commanding the example of his parents to the workpeople. The site of that cottage is worth thousands, but it still stays unused.

It would be difficult to name three European countries in which the Krupp firm have no interests. In Germany they own, besides Essen (their headquarters), the Germania Dockyard at Kiel (where they build Dreadnoughts), three coal mines, many iron mines and foundries, and great steel-making works at Rhenhausen on the Rhine, and at Magdeburg. They have coal and iron mines all over Europe. The famous iron-making town of Bilbao, in Spain, is partly theirs. It is from Bilbao that Britain gets most of her supplies of iron ore.

HOTEL FOR KRUPP'S GUESTS

Everything Krupp's do is on a gigantic scale. At Essen they keep an hotel solely for the use of the firm's guests. These are chiefly foreign military and naval officers inspecting the work. Krupp's are carrying out for their respective countries. No bills, of course, are presented. This hotel costs Krupp's a clear \$125,000 a year.

Alfred Krupp was succeeded by his son, the second Frederick

A FIRST LESSON.

How a Pair of Young Squirrels Got Their First Hunting.

They were probably as frisky and inquisitive a pair of young squirrels as anxious parents ever introduced to the wonderful new world below a nest. Their home was the tiny attic of a small ice-house beneath a spreading chestnut-tree. Egress was by way of the slats of a ventilation window, a little breach conveniently near, thence to a large limb and down the trunk to the ground.

The trip upon which the little fellows were first seen was an early one, apparently their first. There was a sound of lively chatter from the chestnut tree one morning, followed by a vigorous stirring of leaves and branches, and presently at each side of the crotch appeared a grey head and a pair of bright eyes. The chattering ceased, and two fall-grown squirrels ran to the ground. They reconnoitered, found the coast clear, and quickly returned to the crotch, soon reappearing, closely followed by two young ones.

The descent was slow. The little fellows advanced a few inches, timidly retreated, and tried again and again, each time going a little farther. At last, by patient urging, they were brought to the ground. But once there, they gave one sweeping look about them, kicked up their heels, and tried to go all ways at once. Delight radiated from every muscle. They played with everything they met, from a grasshopper to a sunbeam, mother and father tagging solicitously, and tactfully keeping them from walking into open danger. There was a quarter-hour of joyous freedom, then the way was adroitly led to the foot of the home tree.

The old ones deliberately began the ascent, gently chattering over-shoulder directions to their charges. The young ones, however, were making the discovery that there were many interesting things about the foot of the tree which they had not noticed before. Continuous, insistent remarks from above were ignored. A further dilatory discovery was made that each had a most wonderful tail. Strong admonition followed, but the parent voices were evidently getting monotonous.

Then there was another voice! That was new and quite amazing! The bark of a dog came from the near distance. That voice must be seen! They faced about, but before they had time so much as to blink, there was a wild scramble down the side of the tree, they were grabbed by the nape of the neck, and their plump little bodies went thump, thump up the tree, over limb and branch and through the home window to security. There was an instant's hush, but the commotion that followed was suggestive of discipline humanly strenuous and effective.

THE FAMILY RECORD.

Museum of the Family Wardrobe in a Quilt.

The old patchwork quilt was an elaborate arrangement of diamonds, squares and stripes of exquisitely faded colors. It was the work of years, and as soon as Mrs. Gray had spread it out on the great four-poster it became evident to her visitor that it was really a museum of the family wardrobe of several

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SIG CRUSH AT CORONATION.

More Than 7,000 Will be Admitted to the Abbey.

An interesting feature of King George's coronation will be the provision of a third throne, for Queen Alexandra. This will be placed on the left of the King's coronation chair, Queen Mary's being on the right. The two Queens' chairs will be identical in height, and each will be two steps lower than that of the King.

Westminster Abbey will be closed to the public from the middle of February, when it will be handed over to the Office of Works. When this takes place a complete transformation in the interior of the building will be begun.

At the crowning of King Edward at least 7,000 spectators were present. This number is likely to be considerably exceeded, since King George has ordered that accommodation shall be provided for members of the House of Commons and their ladies. Two tickets will be available for every member, and these will be issued early in the New Year. Each member of the House of Lords is entitled to a ticket for the ceremony, and another for his lady, and these demands must be satisfied before any other claims are considered, even those of foreign royalties or their representatives.

Extra accommodation will be provided by erecting galleries in the chapel of King Edward the Confessor, which commands an excellent view of the whole ceremonial. Similar galleries were built prior to the coronation of King Edward, but were not used, because it was feared that they might obstruct the view of distinguished visitors.

FACT AND FANCY.

Bees like blue flowers best. The Chinese cultivate an edel- less onion.

Every woman should have a vote or a voter.

When a man drinks like a fish his head swims.

The annual consumption of wine in France is 23 gallons a head.

To keep in society you must continually go out.

The British Museum's library boasts 33 miles of shelves.

The banana grows only on one spot on earth, the Andaman Islands. Elsewhere the plant is raised from shoots.

Some of these stump speakers might be called harangué-outangs.

A special providence is that agency which causes misfortune to befall our friends instead of ourselves.

Beech in the Middle Ages was brewed in the Monasteries. Light and heavy beer came down to us from the fact that the former was brewed for beer and the latter for the monks.

and Queen Alexandra went to the house in 1908. In the dining room is a Jacobean buffet eight inches long and an oak table of corresponding dimensions.

A Georgian silver beaker the size of a thimble is flanked by diminutive Queen Anne candlesticks, and a silver Nuremberg tankard, old Dutch candle sconces, Chiddington and Venetian glasses, a Dresden coffee service, silver salvers, and tea and coffee urns are among the matchless curiosities to be seen in the wee dining room.

The grand piano, of satinwood and marquetry is a perfect model, thoroughly in tune and can be played upon, though a child's hand could span the keyboard. The library has volumes of the poets in tooled vellum and shagreen which measures half an inch in length, and there are volumes dated 1612, which could be hidden in a man's hand. The contents of the whole mansion could be carried off in a man's hat, but their value is large.

OUTBREAK OF TERRORISM.

Russian Revolutionists Met Recently in Finland.

A tremendous amount of terrorism is looked for all over Russia as a result of the meeting of revolutionaries known to have been held recently in Finland to arrange for taking advantage of the widespread discontent manifested in connection with the Church's attitude at the time of Count Tolstoy's death.

Socialistic, revolutionary, and labor organizations throughout the entire country have received notification to be ready for uprisings on short notice, and offers of arms and explosives from the terrorist group have been made. The outbreak is understood to be under the direction of the well known revolutionary, Savenkov, who is said to have engineered the Grand Duke Sergius assassination and is known to have been a close friend, so long as he considered him loyal to the revolutionary movement of the spy, Azef.

The police know more or less of the plot, but seem at a loss to put their hands upon the men concerned in it. Many arrests have been made at St. Petersburg and in the Provinces, but in the main it is said they have failed to capture the individuals they sought, and the utmost anxiety prevails among the authorities concerning the outlook.

BUILT HIS OWN TOMB.

"Johnny Roche's Tower," Product of Eccentric Irish Genius.

Standing on the banks of the River Awber, between Mallow and Fermoy, County Cork, Ireland, is a remarkable edifice known as "Johnny Roche's Tower." The whole tower was built by the labor of one man, who subsequently resided in it. This individual, who received no education whatever, also erected a mill, constructing the water wheel after a special design of his own.

Long before the introduction of the bicycle he went about the country on a wheeled vehicle of his own construction, propelled by foot power. His last feat was to build his tomb in the middle of the river bed. John Roche died about 20 years ago, but was not interred in this strange burying place which he had selected for himself, his less original relatives deeming such modes of sepulture unchristian.

an hotel solely for the use of the firm's guests. These are chiefly foreign military and naval officers inspecting the work Krupp's are carrying out for their respective countries. No bills, of course, are presented. This hotel costs Krupp's a clear \$125,000 a year.

Alfred Krupp was succeeded by his son, the second Frederick Krupp. The new head of the firm was a peace-loving scientist with a passion for botany and zoology, and a positive distaste for cannon-making. Rumor has it, however, that on at least one occasion he made his presence felt. On one occasion he bearded Bismarck in his den and told him flatly that a certain war must not break out. And it did not.

There are several uncrowned kings in Europe, and the head of the Krupp firm is certainly one of them. There are very few nations that can wage a war without the assistance of Krupp's.

The firm is now managed by a board of twelve directors, the chairman of which is the second husband of Frau Krupp, the late Frederick's widow. Frau Krupp, as she is still called, is the largest shareholder. The name, by the way, is pronounced "Kroop."

BOUND BY A BANDAGE.

Frau Krupp and her two daughters have all married German barons, friends of the Kaiser. The Emperor, indeed, is said to have done the match-making, as he naturally wishes to bind the Krupp interests as firmly to those of the State as possible.

Round Essen four towns have been built by the Krupp firm for their workmen. Two of these are garden cities, much like those of England, and are reserved for retired and disabled employees.

In Essen itself the Krupp institutions are innumerable. There are two "housekeeping schools" for Krupp girls. Besides the usual libraries and technical colleges there are Krupp cafes, Krupp churches, a Krupp hospital, a Krupp park—all solely for the use of the firm's employees. There is a Krupp restaurant, in which two thousand Krupp workmen can dine at one time.

But how is it possible to tell a man who works for Krupp's from one who does not? Simply enough. Every one of the 150,000 Krupp employees wears the Krupp badge. This is a miniature artillery shell made of platinum. Those of twenty years service wear the shell mounted on gold, those of shorter service on silver. This applies to engineers and workmen. Clerks, on the other hand, have to wear two pairs of small platinum shells, each pair being coupled by a chain, and are thus recognizable by their sleeve-links.—Pearson's Weekly.

NO FUN IN IT.

"Where's your father?" asked the minister.

"Up the river fishin'," answered the boy.

"Where's your big brother?"

"Down the river fishin'."

"What are you doing?"

"Diggin' bait."

"Hasn't your family anything to do but amuse itself?"

"Mister, if you think we're doin' this for fun, you wait an' hear what ma says if we come home without any fish."

a quilt.
The old patchwork quilt was an elaborate arrangement of diamonds, squares and stripes of exquisitely faded colors. It was the work of years, and as soon as Mrs. Gray had spread it out on the great four-poster it became evident to her visitor that it was really a museum of the family wardrobe, of several generations.

"That lilac patch," the old lady began, "is a bit of Great-Grandmother Gray's flowered gown. She had it when she was married, and when her first daughter-in-law came into the family she gave it to her, and she wore it for second best every summer as long as she lived. It was one of those French calicoes; you couldn't wear one out. It cost three shillings a yard, but it was like a piece of silk."

"That blue diamond is a piece of the gown I had when my husband first came courting—it was one Sunday night, and I'd taken off my best barege and put on my blue print, to help get supper in. I remember that I felt very bad that I'd changed my barege—it was a real soft buff, trimmed with quillings of pale green satin ribbon. But David always said that little blue print was the neatest thing he ever saw on a girl, and because he liked it, I put in the diamonds."

"Those three pieces of green and orange and brown were once part of Sister Caroline's garibaldis—she always wore deep or flaming colors; they seemed to belong with her rich color and dark, handsome face."

"Those white squares are all bits of my babies' bibs—Janie's, Maggie's, Susie's, Emily's and John's. And those buffs and blues and pinks and cranberry reds are pieces of their dresses when they were children."

"Those handsome deep-orange squares I colored myself with onion; I dyed enough for several quilts when the children had the measles. Some I gave away, or traded for colors I didn't have."

"I did most of the quilting at odd times—when I was waiting for my husband to come home to meals, and when he had his sore thumb, and wanted me to sit with him all the spare time I had."

"And that square," indicating one of rose and violet stripes, "I was just piecing in when they came and told me Johnny had got into the mill pond through the ice, and I'd better get the bed hot, for they were bringing him home. I put in all those silk patches the next few days, while I was nursing Johnny. He was always delicate, and the wetting and cold threw him into a kind of low fever."

"Those borders belong to the next generation," the old lady concluded with a tender smile. "Yes, I pieced them out of little dressss my grandchildren wore, and I quilted them in little hearts and rings—for I had more time then, and I wanted them to have something pretty to remember grandma by."

CHAIN OF SUICIDES.

A man named Juravlov committed suicide at Moscow because he had been jilted by a widow, Mme. Gribolova. When she heard the news she swallowed poison. This caused another of her admirers to shoot himself, and finally the latter's mother put an end to her life because she could not survive her only son.

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EXILES FROM BRITAIN WHO HAVE DONE SERVICE.

Almost all Their Lives Spent Abroad in the Interest of Their Country.

Lord Kitchener, who has returned to England after an absence of eight years, has been remarking that when he saw London last it was a city of hansom and horse-buses, while now it is a city of taxicabs and tube railways. Eight years make a lot of difference.

But some of the Empire's most distinguished men have been exiled for longer than that. It is only three years since Lord Cromer came back from Egypt, after spending a solid quarter of a century in building it up. What was once a helpless, neglected country, practically as backward as China, is now one of the best irrigated and best administered countries in the world. So highly have his services been valued, that the young Artillery officer, who first took Egypt in hand, soon became a baronet, then a peer, then a viscount, while now he is an earl. Lord Cromer has spent nearly thirty years in banishment.

A YEAR FOR A GAS-LAMP.

Robert Louis Stevenson was, when at the height of his fame, sentenced by his doctor to exile for the rest of his life. After a few years' wandering over the Pacific he settled down at Samoa, in the South Seas, and there he died years afterwards. So much did he long for home that he said he would willingly give a year of his life to see the gas-lamps shining on the rainy pavements of Edinburgh. But it was as well he did not come, for it would have meant a speedy death. Besides, we owe many of his finest books to his seven years of exile. "Catriona" and "The Master of Ballantrae," were written in Samoa. Sometimes, even while there he was in such pain that he could not speak, but had to dictate his books by the deaf-and-dumb alphabet.

Lord Roberts spent forty-one years soldiering in India. He first went to India in 1852. After serving through the days of the Mutiny, he returned home in 1858 to receive the Victoria Cross from the Queen and to be married. When he went out again it was to remain in India for twelve unbroken years. By that time he had won fame by the march of Kandahar. A British force had been defeated at Maiwand, and retreated on Kandahar. Roberts, after marching at top speed for weeks with exhausted troops, along roads which were mostly the dried-up beds of mountain torrents, relieved the town, and on the very next day sailed out and crushingly defeated the besieging Afghans.

A LIVING SKELETON.

Livingstone spent nearly thirty-five years in the heart of savage Africa. So long was he away, indeed, that that other famous explorer—Stanley—was sent out specially to find him. When he did find him, it was practically a living skeleton that he found. But Livingstone rejected all entreaties

THE JOURNEY OF A DAY.

Happy Are They Who Shall Learn From Example.

Human life is the journey of a day; we rise in the morning of youth, full of vigor and full of expectation; we set forward with spirit and hope, with gaiety and with diligence, and travel on awhile in the direct road, piety, towards the mansions of the rest. In a short time we remit our fervor and endeavor to find some mitigation of our duty, and some more easy means of obtaining the same end. We then relax our vigor, and resolve no longer to be terrified with crimes at a distance; but rely upon our own constancy and venture to approach what we resolve never to touch; we thus enter the bower of ease, and repose in the shades of security. Here the heart softens and vigilance subsides; then we are willing to enquire whether another advance cannot be made and whether we may not at least turn our eyes upon the gardens of pleasure. We approach them with scruple and hesitation; we enter them, but enter timorous and trembling and always hope to pass through them without losing the road of virtue, which for a while we keep in our sight, and to which we purpose to return. But temptation succeeds temptation, and one complaisance prepares us for another; we in time lose the happiness of innocence, and solace our disquiet with sensual gratification. By degrees we let fall the remembrance of our original intention, and quit the only adequate object of rational desire.

We entangle ourselves in business, immerse ourselves in luxury, androve through labyrinths of inconstancy till the darkness of old age begins to invade us, and disease and anxiety obstruct our way; we then look back upon our lives with horror, with sorrow, with remorse, and wish, but too often vainly wish that we had not forsaken the ways of virtue. Happy are they who shall learn from thy example not to despair, that reformation is never hopeless, nor sincere endeavors unassisted; that the wanderer may at length return, after all his errors, and that he who implores strength and courage from above shall find danger and difficulty give way before him.—Dr. Johnson.

STEPPING TO THE FRONT.

Boy With a Resolution Better Off Than One With Money.

Many youths are trained along the lines of least resistance. Their careers are watched so that they may not run against obstacles and disappointments. They get all the money, clothes, idling, pleasures they want, without making a single effort to possess them. "We want John to have a good time now, for after a while he may not have it," is the philosophy upon which many parents act.

It is great folly. The boy who is put on the lines of least resistance and meets with few if any adversities, gathers little strength of mind or character. There is no gliding forward. There is no step in advance that does not involve an effort. The boy whose path is made smooth and easy for him is like the pupil in school who studies arith-

COMFORT AND HAPPINESS.

Two Funds That Uncle Hiram Commends to a Nephew.

"Every sane manufacturer and business man," said Uncle Hiram to one of his older young nephews about to be married, "sets aside regularly sums sufficient to cover deterioration in his plant and the cost of renewals, but how many individual persons do this? Not many. Most of us live right up to our incomes, never thinking of the requirements coming on us in the future.

"Young people generally when they get married take the few hundred dollars more or less that they saved and furnish their house, and then they look around and think how nice it looks, and then they go ahead and spend all they earn, thinking that they're all right if they don't live beyond their income, and they don't see any further than this till things begin to wear out and they find they haven't any money to buy new."

"Marriage is a happy state, but you may be sure that it's happiest when the business end of it is conducted on business principles. Just as soon as you get settled, my boy, start a sinking fund and keep it up rigidly. If you find you have to deny yourselves something to save the amount, deny yourselves and save the money. You are absolutely sure to need it. You know how long it takes carpets and things to wear out, or if you don't your wife can tell you. Have the money ready for whatever you may want when you need it. Don't be compelled to go into debt for these things. Debt means distress for whatever household."

"The business man who didn't provide for deterioration and renewals would soon go into bankruptcy; just the same exactly with the private individual. Start a sinking fund, my boy, right away, and keep it up rigidly; whatever else you do, do that; have the money ready when there's something you want to buy, and then lay aside a little more, that you can save; in other words, besides keeping up your sinking fund you want to start accumulating. If you will just do these two things the day will come when you will thank your old uncle for telling you how to keep comfortable and happy."

ORCHID THAT DRINKS.

South African Plant Puts Tube in Water When Thirsty.

An orchid that has been discovered in South America takes a drink whenever it feels thirsty, by letting down a tube into the water. When not in use the tube is coiled up on top of the plant. One hot afternoon, as the discoverer was seated under some brushwood at the side of a lagoon on the Rio de la Plata, he observed near at hand a forest of dead trees that had evidently been choked to death by orchids and climbing cacti. In front of the botanist, stretching over the water of the lagoon, and about a foot above it, was a branch of one of these dead trees. Here and there clusters of common air plants grew on it, and a net work of green cacti twined round it.

Among the orchids the discoverer noted one different from all the rest, the leaves of lancehead shape, growing all round the root and ra-

SUBSTITUTES FOR RUBBER.

Two Found, but Time Required to Prove Their Usefulness.

Rubber consumption has kept so closely on the heels of rubber production and the price of the gum has risen so rapidly in the last few years that nothing could be more welcome to the automobile man and the manufacturer of rubber goods than the discovery of a synthetic rubber or some practicable substitute for rubber in its various uses.

Within the last few weeks announcement has been made in at least two quarters that such substitutes had been found, and while time and experiment will be required to determine their usefulness the formulas are interesting.

An English scientist, Dr. F. G. Welchmann, has made a rubber from the seeds of a South American palm known as taqua nuts. He extracts the vegetable albumen, compounds it with an animal albumen and a suitable solvent and produces a hard rubber which has all the tensile strength and other qualities of rubber, except that it will not stand the action of water and chemical agents.

This difficulty in turn has been overcome by compounding it again with a condensed product of phenol and formaldehyde. This material again may be combined with as many substances as native rubber.

The other substitute comes from Germany. Five hundred parts of erythrene are dissolved in benzine and the solution is heated for ten hours at a temperature of 150 degrees centigrade. A steam distillation then removes the solvent and the elastic substance that remains closely resembles rubber.

BILLIONS OF KISSES.

Love Letters of a Korean Gold Miner Read in Court.

Miss Mary Egan, a young Irish woman, living at Penarth, near Cardiff, was at Swansea, England, Assizes, awarded \$1,000 damages in an action for breach of promise of marriage against William Henry Griffen, an engineer, now living at Newport, Monmouthshire.

The defendant, it appeared, made an expedition to the Far East, and from 1904 to 1908 was gold mining in Korea.

In letters to Miss Egan, which were read, the defendant called her "dear pure white rose," and sighed for the time "when we can sit together under our own vine and fig tree and on our own blarney stone." He sent her "forty-five billion kisses" and addressed her as "My Rose of Sharon."

Mr. Griffen gave evidence, and was cross-examined by Mr. Ivor Bowen.

On returning home from Korea you thought there was a little social distinction between you and the parlor-maid at Penarth? No.

In Korea, I see by the letters, you had a high position—you occupied the Emperor's palace when he was not at home and before he was beheaded? Yes. (Laughter.)

What were you—a mandarin?

(Laughter.) A miner.

Wasn't there some disappointment in your family at the successful miner coming back laden with Korean gold and expected to marry

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Livingstone spent nearly thirty-five years in the heart of savage Africa. So long was he away, indeed, that that other famous explorer—Stanley—was sent out specially to find him. When he did find him, it was practically a living skeleton that he found. But Livingstone rejected all entreaties to return to civilization, and died in exile. During those years of banishment he added a great deal to our knowledge of Central Africa, exploring the Zambesi region and up towards the sources of the Nile. In fact, before Livingstone's time maps of Africa usually showed in the centre only pictures of elephants, instead of towns and rivers.

When young Robert Clive—then a boy of eighteen—first arrived at Madras as a clerk, he was so poor and so wretched that he twice tried to shoot himself. When he returned home ten years later he was Britain's most famous general. When he first went out the present Empire was represented by a few scattered groups of English traders, dependent on local princes. When he returned it was the native princes who relied on British protection and help. And after those ten strenuous years he was away again for another five.

One of the most striking cases of Britain's exiles was the famous "Rajah Brooke." A sheer love of adventure made him buy a yacht and sail for Borneo. During his quarter of a century's stay there he added half of that immense island to the Empire.—London Answers.

THE WORLD'S METROPOLIS.

Greater London Has a Population of Seven Millions.

London city proper has an area of a single square mile, and a population of not more than 26,000; while Greater London has an area of 692 square miles, with a population of little, if any, less than seven millions. Then there is the county of London, governed by a County Council, and with an area of 115 square miles. No less than 114 bodies are required to govern London, with an elected membership of 4,300. Address a letter to London and it may be delivered anywhere within a radius of 220 square miles, while a telephone call to London will embrace an area of 630 square miles. Over 691 square miles of territory the London police have control, but the police court authority takes in only 114 square miles. A central criminal court gathers its cases within a radius of 420 square miles, while the county court's limit of authority is little over 205 square miles.

The Victoria Colonist, which supplies this compilation of facts, further explains that for Parliamentary purposes London is only 117 square miles in extent, but for ecclesiastical purposes it is 220. The London of the water department is 637 square miles in area. The day population of the city itself is about half a million, and it is estimated that fully a million people enter that small area every day. Epping Forest, with an area of 5,347 acres, belongs to London proper; so also do the 375 acres called Burnham Beeches and the 212 acres known as Wanstead Park.

Nearly every poor artist has a model wife.

put on the lines of least resistance and meets with few if any adversities, gathers little strength of mind or character. There is no gliding forward. There is no step in advance that does not involve an effort. The boy whose path is made smooth and easy for him is like the pupil in school who studies arithmetic with a key. He got his lessons, but he died, at last, in an infirmity.

Just mark it down, oh rich and loving parent, that your boy, raised in ease and comfort, and with every advantage ready at hand, provided by your bounty, will not amount to a hill of beans out in the world, where heroism is in demand and true worth is the best of manhood.

It is unfortunate for any boy not to have a struggle during the formation period of life, and a boy with a resolution to make his way is far better off than a boy with money to buy it. Stick a pin right there.

SINGULAR CUSTOMS.

Among the Zakha Khels Thieving is Considered Honorable.

John Foster Fraser, the well-known traveler, describes a singular custom among the Afridis of Northern India. He writes: "A year or two ago, the British troops went forth to punish the Zakha Khels, tribe who inhabit the country of the Khyber Pass. That was because they trespassed into adjoining territory and stole the property of the neighboring tribes. In our eyes they were nothing but a lot of common thieves, but in their own eyes thieving is an honorable calling. A young woman of the Zakha Khel will not look at a young man who would like to become her husband, unless he is proficient in the art. The dearest wish of a mother is that her little boy may be come a cunning thief. . . . Every child is consecrated, as it were, at its birth to crime. A hole is made in the wall similar to that made by a burglar, and the mother passes the infant backwards and forwards through the hole, singing in its ear: 'Be a thief! Be a thief! Be a thief!' They are probably the only tribe in India who glorify peculation and raise it to the dignity of a regular calling.

PEPPER IN A CHURCH.

Latest Shot Fired in Religious War at Thorpe, England.

Disagreements over matters of ritual in the church at Thorpe, a little village on the border of Middlesex and Surrey, England, have led to some very warlike measures. The ritualist vicar went the length of eviction in one case, though disclaiming any animus. His opponents got in the latest stiff body punch, however, on the occasion of the last harvest festival service. When the ladies of the parish went to trim the church they found that Cayenne pepper had been scattered liberally all over the building. They cleaned the carpets and hassocks, almost perishing in the effort, but forgot the chancel carpet. When on Sunday morning a procession was held round the church, the pepper rose in clouds, and there were many a cough and sneeze, to say nothing of feelings too deep for expression.

foot above it, was a branch of one of these dead trees. Here and there clusters of common air plants grew on it, and a net work of green cacti twined round it.

Among the orchids the discoverer noted one different from all the rest, the leaves of lancehead shape, growing all round the root and radiating from it. From the center or axis of the plant hung a long, slender stem about one-eighth of an inch thick and one-fourth of an inch wide. The lower end of this was in the water to a depth of about four inches.

The botanist at once went over to examine his discovery, and, to his surprise, when he touched the plant, the center stem gradually contracted and convulsively rolled itself up in a spiral like a roll of tape. It was found on examination that the stem was a long, slender flat tube, open at the outer end, and connected at the inner end to the roots by a series of hair-like tubes.

Subsequent observations disclosed the fact that when the plant was in need of water his tube would gradually unwind until it dipped into the lake. Then it would slowly coil round and wind up, carrying with it the quantity of water that the part of the tube which had been immersed contained. When the final coil was made, the water was poured, as it were, directly into the roots of the plant. The coil remained in this position until the plant required more water.—Pittsburg News Tribune.

MUTE, BLIND AND DEAF.

Minnesota Will Pension This Brilliant Girl.

Unable to speak, hear or see since birth, Vera Mabel Gammon, sixteen years old, of St. Paul, Minn., a student of the State School for the Blind at Faribault, is looked upon by the State board of visitors as the Helen Keller of Minnesota, and a bill will be presented to the coming State Legislature appropriating \$1,000 a year to complete her education.

Miss Gammon writes on the typewriter with skill, has command of a vocabulary of three thousand words, and recently wrote an essay of five thousand words. Yet the first day she went to school she had to be taught the words "call," "bear," and "doll," and it took her all day to do it. She writes the square hand of the blind, and can distinguish speech by the lip movement method. She makes her own clothes, threads her own needles, and is skilled in fancy work.

Her sense of smell is abnormal. Friends whom she has not met for months are detected at once by this unusual power. While passing through the streets in St. Paul, at the recent meeting of the Educational Association she told the nature and business of every building she passed solely from her smelling powers. When placed in the Faribault school three years ago her mind practically was that of a new born babe.

MAYOR'S MANY ACTIVITIES.

The Mayor of High Wycombe, England, is not only in business as a hairdresser, but is also color-sergeant in the territorials, foreman of the fire brigade, vice-president of the football club, a champion marksman, public singer, amateur actor and cricketer.

pied the Emperor's palace when he was not at home and before he was beheaded? Yes. (Laughter.) What were you—a mandarin? (Laughter.) A miner.

Wasn't there some disappointment in your family at the successful miner coming back laden with Korean gold and expected to marry the plaintiff? No.

Weren't you trying to get rid of the girl because you were traveling first-class and staying at the Grand Hotel, Paris, and the Emperor's palace, Korea? The defendant made no reply.

THE TERRIBLE VODKA.

Fathers, Mothers, and Children Drink it in Russia.

From one of the best known conservative Russian papers, *Kurskaja Bylja*, the following is literally translated:

"Time was when the baba (the Russian woman) of the village was treated with some consideration because of the power for work that was in her. Everybody was agreed that baba needed a good drubbing every little while, but the village upheld her against her husband if he licked her too often or too persistently, for in that case the woman was unable to do her allotted work, and the household and the village was the loser."

"But, under the influence of the wodapest baba has become literally the plaything and chattel of her drunken husband. No one cares nowadays whether she is punched black and blue or whether her arms and legs are broken."

"Baba is a wreck, condemned to die by slow torture, unless she be stronger than her husband."

"Of late, however, Baba has had an inspiration. If she, too, takes to Vodka, maybe she will turn out as devilish as her husband."

"She tried it. It was a success. Nowadays the whole village drinks—the peasant, baba, and her babies. Yes, babies too, drink the puto schnapps, the Government sells, and the drunken children help baba fight the drunken father."

GREAT AID FOR PNEUMONIA.

Physician Finds New Way to Stimulate Heart at Crisis.

Prof. Leonard Erskine Hill of the London (England) Hospital, has invented an apparatus for use in the treatment of pneumonia which is expected to prove of great service.

"For some time," says Prof. Hill, "it has been recognized that the best way to supply alcoholic stimulant to the laboring heart in pneumonia is by way of the lungs in the form of vapor. My apparatus arranges for a mixed vapor of oxygen, water and alcohol, to be carried directly to the lung, whence it reaches the heart from the pulmonary veins. Then the stimulant is carried directly to the heart muscle itself by the contrary arteries."

Because there is not sufficient undiseased lung tissue left to breathe with, and because the heart easily fails, the judicious administration of heart stimulants so as to tide this organ over until the lung symptoms subside is the chief point in the treatment.

By using Prof. Hill's apparatus the heart can be reached by a stimulant much more accurately and quickly than if the alcohol were given in the ordinary way.

"For Tea You Can't Beat Lipton's"

Our Success Depends Upon Your Satisfaction.
That's Why We Employ the World's Greatest
Experts to Blend.

LIPTON'S TEA

A FAR-REACHING PROGRAMME

The British Government Will Introduce Many Reforms.

A despatch from London says: It is learned on good authority that the Asquith Government, feeling that the result of the recent general election justifies them in the belief that they have received a mandate from the people to carry out far-reaching measures of reform, have decided to introduce the following programme:

1. Veto Bill.
2. Local government for Ireland, and possibly home rule all around.
3. Electoral reform, including

(a) Re-distribution according to population. The basis will be about 12,000 voters for one member.

(b) One man one vote.

- (c) Elections on one and the same day. (Elections now last three weeks.)
- (d) Payment of members—£300 a year.
- (e) Reduction of the legal expenses of elections.
- (f) Stringent regulations as to voters.
- (g) Three months' residence to qualify for a vote. (It now takes about 18 months.)
4. State insurance against
 - (a) Unemployment.
 - (b) Sickness.
 - (c) Invalidity.
5. Disestablishment of the Church of England in Wales.

RAILWAYS RESPONSIBLE

Locomotives Start Thirty Per Cent. of the Forest Fires.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Conservation Commission has issued a statement in regard to the starting of forest fires by locomotives, and the proposed legislation on the question.

The Commission declares that it has had investigations made by competent men and finds that thirty per cent. of all forest fires have been started by locomotives, and that they have caused enormous loss. The legislation will hold rail-

ways responsible for damage caused by fires started by locomotives unless it can be shown that all reasonable precautions have been taken to prevent such fires.

The precautions will include the best possible spark-arresting devices, efficient fire-fighting staffs to check fires which have been started, and the companies will have to show that there has been no negligence on the part of their employees in allowing fires to start or spread.

EARL GREY'S TRIP.

Cruiser Rainbow to Meet Him at Mouth of Mackenzie River.

A despatch from Ottawa says: It is intended that the cruiser Rainbow of the Canadian navy will be sent from Victoria to the mouth of the Mackenzie River to meet Earl Grey in the trip which he has planned for next summer to the Arctic. The time of starting will likely be in June, and will be made

as has been intimated from Ottawa. He returned to England in expectation of proceeding to Canada as soon as he can be spared after the coronation.

TRACED BY A PHOTO.

Danish Resident of Montreal Had Been Given Up as Dead.

A despatch from Montreal says: Sophus Hansen, a Danish resident

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Events.

CANADA.

'Phone communication has been established with Porcupine.

A new company has been organized to built motor cars at Galt.

United States Steel Corporation reported to be purchasing land near Dunnville.

An Italian was shot and another stabbed in an affray on Centre avenue, Toronto, on Thursday.

Over forty arrests were made in a raid on the Central Club at Hamilton, an alleged gambling house.

While there was a falling off in grain traffic through the Sault Ste. Marie canals, this season's business was the largest on record.

New Brunswick Public Utilities Commission investigating rates charged by local telephone company, which are held to be too high.

Railway companies will disregard the Quebec dual language bill intended to govern the issue of all tickets, railway forms and literature.

The White Star-Dominion Line will run the steamer Teutonic to Montreal next season, and may also put the Majestic on the St. Lawrence route.

Wilson Ford of Milton, N. S., woke up and found his house in flames. He had just time to seize his wife and child and jump from the bedroom window.

The Canadian Locomotive Company has received an order from the Canadian Northern Railway Company for the building of ten large locomotives.

The Montreal Board of Trade and other public bodies will send a deputation to Washington to oppose the Long Sault Rapids power bill, introduced in the United States Congress.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Professor S. H. Butcher, member of Parliament for Cambridge University and a distinguished Greek scholar, is dead.

Mrs. Clarke, sister of Mrs. Pankhurst and a prominent British suffragette, has died after leaving prison, where, the suffragettes allege, she was harshly treated.

UNITED STATES.

Sixteen men were killed by an explosion in Pittsfield, Mass., on Thursday.

The relations between President Taft and Mr. Roosevelt are said to be very friendly.

Mr. Payne states that a bill for a permanent tariff commission will be acceptable to President Taft and to Congress.

The affairs of the Northern Bank of New York have been taken over by the State Superintendent in the interest of the depositors.

President Taft has at present under consideration the pro-British speech at the Guildhall, London, of Commander Sims, which gave offence in many quarters.

SMALLPOX SPREADING.

Prejudice Against Vaccination in the Country Responsible.

A despatch from Montreal says: Reports received by the Provincial Board of Health on the epidemic of smallpox in the northern part of the Province are that the disease is still ravaging in the Lake St. John and north coast districts. Where the disease has caused the gravest alarm is at Hebertville, near the Saguenay, between Roberval and Chicoutimi. It is reported that a great percentage of the population are infected. According to Dr. E. Pelletier, Secretary of the Provincial Board of Health, the popular prejudice or contempt for vaccination in the uneducated portions of the Province was responsible for the outbreak.

SCOTCH WHISKEY TRADE.

Dealing for the Year Show a Great Shrinkage.

A despatch from London says:

Statistics of the Scotch whiskey trade, published on Wednesday, show that dealings for the past twelve months have been the worst for many years. The shrinkage in all departments is severe.

The total production is the lowest for sixteen years, having declined over 2,000,000 gallons in the twelve months.

SHORT SEASON, GOOD CATCH.

Good Prospects for the Fisheries in Lake Winnipeg.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Mr. William McEwan, of the fish hatcheries on Lake Winnipeg, was here on Wednesday and spoke hopefully of the Lake Winnipeg fisheries. He reports that at the mouth of the Little Saskatchewan 80,000 fish were stripped of their spawn this year, as against 65,000 last year. The new regulations limiting the catch are working well and although the season was shortened the catch was not diminished.

Most of the fish are exported to the United States, but large quantities of pickerel are shipped to Germany.

A MEAN THIEF.

Ottawa Man Gets Two Years for Robbing Poor Boxes.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Achille Robuchant was sentenced to two years in prison on Friday. He pleaded guilty to robbing the poor boxes in several Roman Catholic churches of this city during the past summer. He had just been released from jail in Montreal for a similar offence.

MANY NEW BLOCKS.

Ottawa's Building Permits for Year Total Seven Millions.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Building permits for the year 1910 aggregated \$7,000,000. While fewer residences were erected in Ottawa during 1910 than during the previous year, there were a large number of new business blocks erected.

CRUELTY TO STEP-SON.

Father and Step-mother Locked Up For Maltreating Child.

A despatch from Montreal says:

A despatch from Ottawa says: It is intended that the cruiser Rainbow of the Canadian navy will be sent from Victoria to the mouth of the Mackenzie River to meet Earl Grey in the trip which he has planned for next summer to the Arctic. The time of starting will likely be in June, and will be made from Edmonton, but whether the Peace River route or another will be followed to the Mackenzie River is not yet determined. The governor-general will be escorted by a detachment of the Northwest Mounted Police, and it is stated that the trip from Edmonton to the mouth of the Mackenzie can be covered in the space of three weeks. The sea trip by the Rainbow would be four thousand miles, and would be the farthest north that a warship has ever gone.

CONNAUGHT MAY COME.

Appointment to Governor-General-ship Still Under Consideration.

A despatch from London says: The Canadian Associated Press has reason to believe that the whole question of the Duke of Connaught and the governorship of Canada is still under consideration, and no definite decision has yet been taken. When the duke arrived in London, he had received no intimation of any such change in plans

TRACED BY A PHOTO.

Danish Resident of Montreal Had Been Given Up as Dead.

A despatch from Montreal says: Sophus Hansen, a Danish resident of Montreal, disappeared from this city mysteriously in November, 1904, leaving a wife and daughter, who had long since given him up for dead. At the time of the visit of the western farmers' delegation to Ottawa recently a group picture of its members was published in a Montreal paper, and the wife and daughter of Hansen claim that they recognized his picture among the party, and now they are making enquiries to ascertain where the man is living in the west. Hansen went out with an old country friend one evening, and never came back, and this man told confused stories of what became of his companion.

HER CITIZEN ARMY.

Australian Boys Come Forward to Offer Their Services.

A despatch from Melbourne says: The registration of youths between the ages of fourteen and seventeen for military service is in active progress. Judging from the response to this call to duty, the service will be popular.

NEW BOATS FOR ALLAN LINE

Two Monster Steamers of the Speediest Type Ordered

A despatch from Montreal says: The Allan steamship company will add two new large steamers to its Canadian service in 1912. The company has had tenders before it for some time past for the construction of the boats, and news was cabled to the city on Wednesday from London stating that "the Allan Line had just entered into an arrangement with a large shipbuilding company for the construction of two new monster steamers of the speediest type."

The contract provides that the ships shall be of the highest class

in every detail and their proportions will be as great as safe navigation of the St. Lawrence will permit. They will have a length of about 600 feet, a breadth of 70 feet, with 20,000 tons displacement and will be capable of developing a speed of from twenty-two to twenty-three knots an hour.

Mr. Geo. Hannah, to whom the matter was referred for further information, stated that negotiations had been going on in England, but he could not give any of the details of the transaction. He thought it extremely likely, however, that the cable was correct.

ASSASSIN GANG IN LONDON

The Police Suspect a Plot Against King George at the Coronation.

A despatch from London says: The Daily Chronicle states that one of the theories that is being considered by the police regarding the discovery of a bomb factory in the East End on Tuesday is that it is connected with a plot intended to develop at the time of King George's coronation.

The police attach the greatest importance to their latest discov-

eries in connection with the Houndsditch crime, in which three policemen were killed. They claim to have found documents proving that the assassins belong to a desperate, highly organized international gang.

Among the documents found are said to be letters revealing a sensational plot, and containing a great mass of other Anarchists in London and in continental capitals.

or NEW YORK have been taken over by the State Superintendent in the interest of the depositors.

President Taft has at present under consideration the pro-British speech at the Guildhall, London, of Commander Sims, which gave offence in many quarters.

GENERAL.

There are rumors of strained relations between Japan and China.

The lawlessness in southern Persia has revealed a widespread campaign against British influence in that country.

SHELL EXPLODED.

Kills One Man in Ordnance Department at Ottawa.

A despatch from Ottawa says: As a result of an explosion of a small shell at the ordnance department here on Friday afternoon one man was killed and two others were injured. Armament Staff Sergeant Rennard, aged thirty-eight years, formerly of Yorkshire, England, was endeavoring to take apart a one-pound shell, when it exploded, and a fragment penetrated his breast, causing almost instant death. Armory Sergeant Smallwood, who was five or six yards away, was struck in the chest by a fragment and seriously hurt. Another man named Euclaire was in the room and was struck in the face. His injuries are not regarded as dangerous, but were of a sufficiently serious nature to require his removal to the hospital. There will be an inquiry into the accident by a military court.

HAVE RAISED WAGES.

Workmen in Dockyards Get 20 to 40 Cents More a Day.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The wages provided for shipwrights, carpenters' mates and chief carpenters' mates have not proved sufficiently high to obtain suitable candidates and the Minister of Marine has made a new schedule as follows: —Shipwright, \$1.25; after 3 years, \$1.35; after 6 years, \$1.50; carpenter's mate, \$1.65; after 3 years, \$1.75; after 6 years, \$1.90; chief carpenter's mate, \$2.00; after 3 years, \$2.20. The increases are from 25 to 40 cents a day. The following wages have been scheduled in the latest naval pay roll: —Instrument allowance band master 25 cents a day extra; band corporal, 15 cents; bandsman, 10 cents; naval schoolmaster (to the petty officer acting as such), 15 cents a day.

WILL ACCEPT RULING.

Judge Mabee's Decision Staggers Express Officials.

A despatch from Montreal says: The express companies are still trying to digest and fathom Judge Mabee's decision on rates. Among the express officials it has created a feeling of dismay. They think it unfair, but they admit, after giving the matter full consideration, and after conferences with the general counsel and the solicitors of the companies, that effect must be given to the judgment, as there is no hope of contesting with the least chance of success the ruling of the Commissioners.

The Winnipeg street railway strike has been settled.

ber of new business blocks erected.

CRUELTY TO STEP-SON.

Father and Step-mother Locked Up For Maltreating Child.

A despatch from Montreal says: Locking her step-son in a woodshed, whipping him when he cried from the cold, and only bringing him into the house to be fed, then sending him back into the woodshed again—these are details of the charge of "cruelty" made on Wednesday against Mrs. Phileas St. Jean of Chabot street. "Horrible, horrible," exclaimed Judge Lantot. "This is simply barbarous." His Honor promptly ordered both father and step-mother to be locked up, without the option of bail, pending preliminary investigation into the case.

SHAKEN BY EARTHQUAKES.

Inhabitants of Greek Villages Flee in Terror From Homes.

A despatch from Athens says: The earthquakes in the Elis district have been continuous for five days. The Villages of Lechaena, 36 miles from Patras, and Aravrida, about 33 miles from Patras, have been destroyed. The inhabitants of these villages, who number about 2450 and 1800 respectively, have fled to Pyrgos. Their distress has been increased by heavy rains. The full extent of the damage is not known.

BLAST HUNG FIRE.

Foreman Volkenskine Killed at Bancroft Mine.

A despatch from Bancroft says: A man named Volkenskine, a foreman at the Craigmont Corundum Works, was blown to atoms on Saturday by an explosion of dynamite. Another workman named Gracey received injuries which may prove fatal. The men were working in the rock cut and had set off a blast. One of the holes failed to explode, and the men returned too soon and were standing immediately over the hole when the explosion took place. Volkenskine's head was picked up some distance away, and this was the only part of the body found.

TO BUILD HORSE ABATTOIR.

Berlin Prepares for Annual Consumption of 12,500 Animals.

A despatch from Berlin, Germany, says: The municipality of Berlin has appropriated \$89,000 for the construction of an abattoir where horses intended for human consumption will be killed. About 12,500 horses are now annually used for food.

NEWFOUNDLAND GROWING.

Revenue from Pulpwood and Mines Offset Bad Fishing Season.

A despatch from St. John's, Nfld., says: Despite one of the poorest seasons in the fisheries, one of this colony's chief assets, the Customs revenue for the season just ended shows an excess of \$90,000 over the same period last year. The gain is due to the development of the pulpwood, railway and mining industries.

Shiloh's Cure
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. ••• 25 cents

Bacon—Long clear, 12½ to 13c per lb. in case lots; mess pork, \$24; short cut, \$26.

Hams—Light, to medium, 16c; do., heavy, 15c; rolls, 12½c; shoulders, 11½c; breakfast bacon, 18c; backs (pea meal), 18½c.

Lard—Tierces, 12½c; tubs, 12½c; pails, 13c.

BUSINESS IN MONTREAL.

Montreal, Jan. 3.—Oats—No. 2 Canadian Western, 39 to 39½c; extra No. 1 feed, 38½c; No. 3 Canadian Western, 38½c; No. 2 local white, 37½c; No. 3 local white, 36½c; No. 4 local white, 35½c. Barley—Manitoba No. 4, 45 to 48c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.60; do., seconds, \$5.10; Winter wheat patents, \$4.75 to \$5; Manitoba strong bakers', \$4.90; straight rollers, \$4.35 to \$4.50; do., in bags, \$2 to \$2.05; extras, \$1.65 to \$1.75. Feed—Ontario bran, \$19 to \$20; Ontario middlings, \$22 to \$22.50; Manitoba shorts, \$21 to \$22; Manitoba bran, \$18 to \$20; pure grain mouillie, \$31 to \$32; mixed mouillie, \$25 to \$28. Cheese—Westerns, 11½ to 12c and easterns 11½ to 11½c. Butter—Choicest, 25½ to 25¾c, and seconds, 24 to 24½c. Eggs—Strictly new-laid, 55c per dozen; select-ed stock, 32c; No. 1 stock at 27c, and No. 2 at 23 to 24c.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Buffalo, Jan. 3.—Wheat—Spring, No. 1 Northern, carloads, store, \$1.13 to \$1.13 1-8; Winter No. 2 white, 93c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 48½c; No. 4 yellow, 47c, on track, through billed. Oats—No. 2 white, 35½c; No. 3 white, 35½c; No. 4 white, 34½c. Barley—Malting, 87 to 90c.

Minneapolis, Jan. 3.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, \$1.02 7-8; No. 1 Northern, cash, \$1.01 3-8; December, \$1.00 7-8; May, \$1.03 1-4; July, \$1.04 1-4. Flour—First patents, \$4.75 to \$5.25; second patents, \$4.75 to \$5.15; first clears, \$3.15 to \$3.55; second clears, \$2.15 to \$2.75.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Montreal, Jan. 3.—Prime beefeves sold at 5½ to 60 per lb.; pretty good animals, 4½ to 5½c and the common stock, 3 to 4½c per lb.; milch cows sold at \$35 to \$65 each; springers, \$25 to \$50 each. Calves sold at from 4 to 7c per lb. Sheep, 4½c per lb.; lambs, 6½c per lb. Good lots of hogs sold at about 7½c per lb.

Toronto, Jan. 3.—A few loads of the better stuff brought prices that were a good average in comparison with the normal prices previous to the ante-Christmas market. The light and rougher cattle were very much easier. Sheep and lambs were slightly off, but hogs remained unchanged at \$6.75 f.o.b. and 87 fed and watered.

MAY RECLAIM LARGE AREA.

Scheme for Draining Land in Vicinity of Pas Mission.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Hon. Wm. Ogilvie, former Governor of the Yukon Territory, who has just returned to Ottawa from a survey trip on Saskatchewan River, states that it would be possible to reclaim for purposes of cultivation at comparative small cost, a large area of land in the vicinity of the Pas Mission. It is probable that a scheme for draining this area will be laid before the Minister of Interior at an early date.

Discharged Prisoner at Winnipeg Was on His Way to Shelter.

As despatch from Winnipeg says: Michael Allen, a discharged prisoner from the Provincial Jail, was found on Sunday morning frozen to death within a few yards of the Coffee House, whither he was bound to find shelter the previous night. He had been taken in there by the superintendent on his release, along with two others, during the afternoon, and provided with underclothing, but the supply of overcoats was limited, and he had been told to return at 9 p.m. to sleep there. His companions returned, both very drunk, but were taken in and cared for. When found Allen was entangled in a barbed wire fence. He was about 36 years of age.

Thirteen arrests have been made at St. John, N. B., in connection with the New Year riots.

The seven-year-old daughter of William Reddick of Carlow township lost her life through her clothing catching fire.

A monument to General Wolfe was unveiled by Lord Roberts at Westerham.

The demand of the American railroads for higher freight rates will be vigorously contested by commercial organizations interested.

CARPET FOR CORONATION

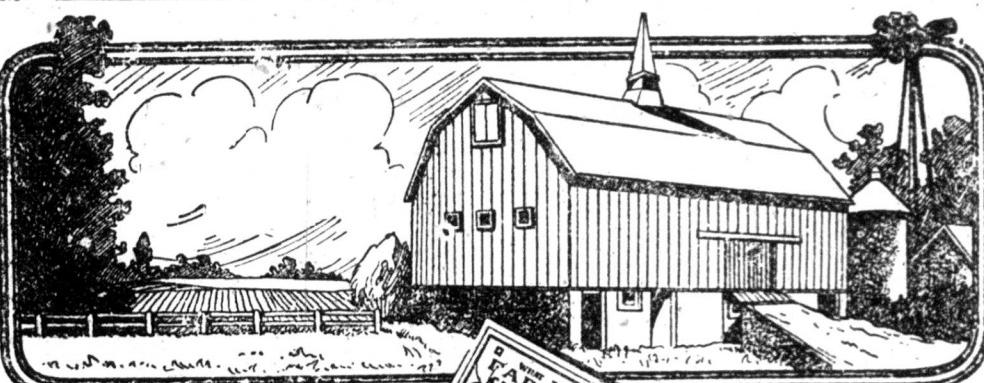
Looms at Glasgow Will Soon be Busy on the Task.

A despatch from London says: Scotland is to have the honor of making the carpets which will cover the floor of Westminster Abbey for the coronation next June, and the looms of great carpet factory at Glasgow will shortly be busily engaged upon the important task. The floor-covering has from earliest times been a specific feature in the preparations for the stately ceremony, and in the Liber Regalis prepared for Richard II., a copy of which is in the safekeeping of the Deans of Westminster, there is a definite order as to the "Ray cloth or Burrell" to be placed under the "King's feet as he goeth."

At the later coronations the carpet has been of a rich and beautiful character, with as lustrous a surface as possible, and from the quantities needed in the more recent times it is one of the first requirements to be set in hand. The new carpet will follow very closely upon the lines of that ordered for King Edward's crowning. Then as now, the color was a singularly soft, rich blue. The design was symbolical and embodied the badge and motto of the Order of the Garter and the Tudor rose, with the thistle, shamrock and lotus connected with festoons of bay leaves and ribbons. These were effectively shown in a rather lighter shade of color, and the whole formed an admirable background to the magnificence of the state robes, the ecclesiastical vestments, the crimson of the peeresses' dresses, and the military and diplomatic uniforms.

It is not yet known how much carpeting will be required, as this will depend upon the seating arrangements, which have not been finished. For the last coronation 725 square yards were made.

Shiloh's Cure
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. 25 cents.



Do You Realize the Advantages of Concrete?

THE rising price of lumber has compelled the farmer to look for a suitable substitute.

Concrete, because of its cheapness, durability and the readiness with which it can be used for every farm purpose, has proven itself to be cheaper than lumber and far more durable. Our Free Book—

"What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete"

shows the farmer how he can do his own work without the aid of skilled mechanics. It demonstrates the economy of Concrete construction as compared with lumber, brick or stone.

CANADA CEMENT CO., Limited
20-35 National Bank Building, Montreal

This Book Tells How Concrete Aids Farmers.

It shows how Concrete can be used to advantage on the farm in the construction of almost every practical utility.

Send for this book to-day. You'll find it intensely interesting, even if you don't intend to build for a while. It contains much useful information that will put you in the way of saving money. Among the subjects treated are: Barns, Dairies, Fence Posts, Feeding Ficks, Hitching Posts, Rest Collars, Silos, Stables, Sheds, Stalls, Troughs, Walks, Wall Curbs, etc., etc.

REMEMBER—This book is yours—a postal will bring it promptly. Write now.

Address _____

The Napane Express

E. J. POLLARD.
EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission, will be charged 6¢ per line for each insertion if in ordinary type. In black type the rate will be 12¢ per line each insertion.

E. & J. HARDY & CO.

Advertising Contractors and
News Correspondents.

Fleet Street, London, E. C., England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

CHANGE OF CLUB RATES.

On and after 1st December, 1908, the following will be the Club Rates:

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Globe..... \$1.75

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Family Herald and Weekly Star..... \$1.75

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Semi-Weekly Whig..... \$1.75

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Witness..... \$1.75

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Sun..... \$1.75

Any three of the above papers..... \$2.40

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Daily Toronto Star..... \$2.25

60 YEARS'
EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications will be acknowledged. Remittance \$1.00. Patent agent for the U.S.A. \$1.00. Postage sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated journal. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms for Canada, \$3.75 a year, postage prepaid. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Cambridge's Bakery and Confectionery



THE SIGN OF GOOD BREAD.

is the eagerness with which people eat it.

Try a loaf of ours on your table.

YOU WILL BE SURPRISED

how quickly it will disappear, even though your family are not generally big bread eaters. That's a sign the bread is much better than they are used to getting. It is

Geometric Finance.

"Do you call that merger you effected for those monopolists a square deal?"

"Certainly," replied Mr. Dustin Stax, with a chuckle. "It represented a quartet of our greatest and most far-reaching enterprises. Since the deal has four corners in it, it must be square."—Washington Star.

Love of Football.

Breathes there a man with soul so dead Who never to his town has said,

"This is our own, our trusty team!" Whose heart has not been stirred with pride

By records made upon his side,

Who on the grand stand does not mean To lose a bit of all that fun

When quarter makes a long end run?

Sinking Spells Every Few Days

"At the time I began taking Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy I was having sinking spells every few days. My hands and feet would get cold; I could scarcely breathe, and could feel myself gradually sinking away until I would be unconscious. Those about me could not tell there was life in me. After taking the remedy a short time all this disappeared and in a few weeks all the heart trouble was gone."

MRS. LIZZIE PAINTER
803½ 3d Ave. Evansville, Ind.

For twenty years we have been constantly receiving just such letters as these. There is scarcely a locality in the United States where there is not some one who can testify to the merits of this remarkably successful Heart Remedy.

Price \$1.00 at your druggist. He should supply you. If he does not, send price to us, we forward prepaid.

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Toronto,

A NEW YEAR'S DREAM.

In the cosy depths of an armchair throw On New Year's eve, I mused alone. "Welladay!" thought I. "And deary me!

This world is a fairly good world, I own, But how much better indeed 'twould be if, putting aside his natural pride, Each living thing in the world so wide Would honestly try his simple best To be obliging to all the rest!

With a little more kindness and sweet civility,

Courtesy, patience and amiability—

Ah, welladay, and deary me,

What a highly agreeable world 'twould be!"



Then softly faded the firelight's gleam,

And I fell asleep—or so it would seem—

And dreamed this very remarkable dream:

I stood, methought, in the same old world,

With the same old ocean round it curled, But a singular state of things I found As I rubbed my eyes and looked around.

Each man and woman, each chick and child,

Wherever I met them, bowed and smiled And answered my questions before they were asked

And with my errands their memories tasked,

And each, I saw, with an equal zest, Was doing the same for all the rest. Such consideration and thoughtful zeal, Such delicate tact, I could but feel, From the president, bland on his lofty seat;

To the dear little cricket that chirped at my feet,

BOWED AND SMILED.

There was not a thing in that land so fair But lived to oblige. With the tenderest care

The ragman muffled his bells, for fear They might awaken some sleeper near, And the newsmen called the Times and Post

In tones like a cooing dove's—almost

The plumber offered the pipes to mend

"Just as a favor, to please a friend."

The lawyer begged that his little bill,

Unpaid, as it happened, be unpaid still.

And the worthy parson, considerate man, Finished his sermon before he began.

The cook made tarts each day in the year, And nobody thought it the least bit queer.

THE COOK MADE TARTS EACH DAY IN THE YEAR.

Just stayed to see that the boys—such larks!—

Kept on the grass, and the teachers bright

Gave away—children know it's right—The shortest lessons and highest marks.

The printer sent out in the kindest way A new children's magazine every day,

And the editor always took the rhymes That the poet wrote at all possible times.

To please the fisherman down by the brook,

The fish came swimming to catch the hook.

The oysters smilingly opened their shells.

The buckets sprung merrily up in the wells,

And the little dogs gathered the downy brood

And helped the chickens to scratch for food.

The currants and blackberries picked themselves,

And stood all canned on the pantry shelves.

The sun sat wiflingly up all night

To cheer the earth when it needed light.

The Hustler's Epitaph.

Wives of married men remind us We can make our wives sublime And, departing, leave behind us Wealthy widows in their prime.

—New York Times.

No Sale.

"I see you are smiling at my jokes," said the waiting contributor hopefully.

"Yes," replied the editor; "that courtesy is due when one meets old friends."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Tragedy.

She stooped for something on the floor, Forgetful of the garb she wore.

A ripping sound, a shriek from Gert-

Alas, she'd torn her hobble skirt!

—Detroit Free Press.

Helping the Poor.

"Have you no friends to help you?"

"I have, mum, but they sort of bunch their gifts. I get six turkeys Christmas and nothing during the rest of the year."—Pittsburg Post.

Discouraging.

'Tis very hard to get a bard Inside a prison pile.

But if his time's cut short by rhymes

It's surely not worth while.

—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

BELL ROCK.

For last week.

We had an ideal Christmas here, bright sunshine and plenty of snow.

A Happy New Year to The Express staff.

Dan Pomeroy, who was so seriously injured by the train at the Verona crossing, is recovering slowly, but is still under the doctor's care.

John Grant, sr., died at the home of his nephew, Sidney Grant, on Dec. 25. The funeral took place on Tuesday, Dec. 27th.

Miss Oliva Sanborn is at home for the holidays.

Miss Elsie Moir, Hamilton, is spending the holidays with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Yorke and family, Verona, spent Christmas at J. Pomeroy's.

Long Night Coal Oil.

Burn nothing but Pratt's Astral Coal Oil these long nights and you have no smoked chimneys. It is the highest grade of coal oil made. Sold at The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

BATH ROAD.

The roads are in very bad condition at present and pitch-holes are becoming numerous. It is to be hoped that drivers of vans and sleighing parties will navigate carefully otherwise a roll in the snow may be the result. There is one thing that this vicinity may feel proud of that is, no street urchins to best drivers by stealing rides.

The Christmas tree given by the M. E. Church at Collin's Bay on Friday night was a decided success. There was a large turnout in spite of the bad night.

The Misses Asselatine of Toronto are visiting their parents here.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Day spent Christmas with Mrs. Day's parents Bath.

Chas. Truedell, Hamilton, is spending a few days with relatives.

Mrs. Saunders, of Amherst Island,

Asthma Catarrh WHOOPING COUGH CROUP BRONCHITIS COUGHS COLDS

Vapo-Resolene

ESTABLISHED 1879

A simple, safe and effective treatment for bronchitis, croup, whooping cough, asthma and colds with drugs. Used with success for thirty years.

The air rendered strongly antiseptic, easily scatters the droplets and tones the lungs, removing the effects of the colds.

Creosote is a valuable medicine to mothers with young children and a boon to sufferers from asthma.

Send us postal for descriptive booklet.

\$10

THE SIGN OF GOOD BREAD.
is the eagerness with which people eat it.
Try a loaf of ours on your table.

YOU WILL BE SURPRISED

how quickly it will disappear, even though your family are not generally big bread eaters. That's a sign the bread is much better than they are used to getting. It is no reflection on you that our bread is better than that you take. It ought to be. We bake hundreds of loaves where you bake one. And the practice has made us perfect.

W. M. CAMBRIDGE,
Next door Robinson Co.
Phone 96. Napane.



Synopsis of Canadian Northwest Land Regulations.

ANY person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions, by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him or his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister or sler.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his home-stead. Price \$100 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including the time required to earn homestead patent and cultivate fifty acres extra).

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$300 per acre. Duties—Must reside sixteen in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth \$300.00.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

2-6m.

Kingston Business College Limited.

KINGSTON, CANADA.

"Highest Education at Lowest Cost."

Twenty Sixth year.
Fall term begins August 30th.
Courses—Book-keeping, Shorthand, Telegraphy, Civil Service and English.
Our graduates get the best positions.
Within a short time over sixty secured positions with one of the largest railway corporations in Canada at good salaries.
Enter any time.
Call or write for information.

H. F. METCALFE,
Principal.

Belleville Business College

has thousands of graduates throughout Canada and the United States. It has furnished four teachers for the largest American Business Colleges and two are teachers in Canadian Colleges. Every member of the Spring Class obtained good positions. Over one hundred graduates have good positions in the City of Belleville. Write for our new Catalogue with photographs of spring classes.

Address the
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Box B, Belleville, Ont. 50
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Robert Light

DEALER IN—

Lumber,
Lath,
Shingles,
and Cedar Posts.

MANUFACTURER OF—

Tanks, and all
kinds of Sash
Factory & Plan-
ing Mill Goods

Cordwood and Blocks for sale.

Telephone 53.

ESTABLISHED 1879

A simple, safe and effective treatment for tronchitis, trismus, withers, and swelling the stomach with drugs. Used with success for forty years.
The air rendered strongly antiseptic, inspired with every breath, makes breathing easy, soothes the sore throat, and stops the cough, assuring restful nights. Cresoleine is invaluable to mothers with young children and a boon to sufferers from Asthma.

Send us postal for descriptive booklet. \$10

ALL DRUGGISTS

Try Cresoleine Anti-septic Throat Tablets for the irritated throat. They are safe, effective and antiseptic. Your druggist or from us. 10c in stamps.

Vapo Cresoleine Co.
Leming - Miles Bldg.
• MONTREAL



the bad night.

The Misses Asselstine of Toronto are visiting their parents here.

Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Day spent Christmas with Mrs. Day's parents Bath.

Chas. Truedell, Hamilton, is spending a few days with relatives.

Mrs. Saunders, of Amherst Island, is visiting her sister, Mrs. A. A. Asselstine.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Fleming also Mr. and Mrs. A. Asselstine and family assembled at a family gathering at Mrs. I. Pringle's Victoria St., Kinston.

Deafness Cannot be Cured.

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by medicinal remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever: nipples cut off of tea are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of deafness (caused by Catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

DESERONTO ROAD.

For last week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. File spent Xmas with Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Milling, York Road.

Mr. Isaiah Sanderson, a former resident of Deseronto, but now of Toronto, paid a flying visit to Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Sager during the Xmas holidays.

Mr. Russell finished pressing hay for Mr. Wm. Joyce and has moved to the Red Barns and is pressing for the Rathbun Co.

John McCaul, we are glad to report, is around again in his usual good health.

The ice in the Napanee river is reported to be in a rather shaky condition, and unfit for travel, as the snow which has lain on it prevented freezing, and it is also full of airholes.

John Todd has arrived home to spend the winter with his parents. He intends returning to the west in the spring.

Mr. H. Sager has purchased a fine driver from Mr. Ike Taylor.

Mr. Will Roach and sister and Miss Annie Dowling attended the Xmas entertainment in the Methodist school room, Deseronto, on Monday evening last.

Mr. Tom Bowen, of Toronto, spent Xmas holidays with his mother and sister, Mrs. Robert Rennia.

Miss Detlor, who has very successfully taught the Upper School in section No. 1, Richmond, has been re-engaged and will enter upon her duties for another year on Jan'y 3rd, 1911.

For the Stomach

Here's an Offer You Should Not Overlook.

Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets remedy stomach troubles by supplying the one element, the absence of which in the gastric juices causes indigestion and dyspepsia. They aid the stomach to digest food and to quickly convert it into rich red blood and material necessary for overcoming natural body waste.

Carry a package of Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets in your vest pocket, or keep them in your room. Take one after each heavy meal and indigestion will not bother you.

We know what Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets are and what they do. We guarantee them to relieve indigestion and dyspepsia. If they fail we will refund your money. Three sizes: 25c 50 cents and \$1.00. Remember you can obtain Rexall Remedies only at The Rexall Store.—T. B. Wallace, druggist.

brood
And helped the chickens to scratch for food.

The currants and blackberries picked themselves
And stood all canned on the pantry shelves.

The sun sat wiflily up all night
To cheer the earth when need light.

The babies their natural series suppressed

For fear of break-

ing their par-

ents' rest.

And the deer lit-

the kind little sweet little boy

Refrained from

making the

slightest noise.

But quietly played

with their harm-

less toys.

And we saw their han

ds without being told.

To please their

mothers, as good as gold.

The breeze came

blowing in gen-

te's gales.

Whenever it was

wanted to fill

the sails.

The prisoners stay-

-CASHED THEIR HANDS

locked jails;

And the mice sat upon the balcony rails

To let the kittens play with their tails,

And the old cat sniffed their mighty walls,

And the little whiskered danced to tickle the whales,

And the brown hawk hurried to warn the quails,

And the butterflies loitered to help the snails,

And the hamsters were gentle and kind

to the naked,

And the monkeys took care not to scratch

the peals.

And—

Here the wonderful story falls,

For I breathless, woke. It was New

Year's day.

The world wagged on in the same old

way.

"It was only a dream!" said I. "Dear

me!

But I'll be as obliging as can be,

And the world may be better for that—

we'll see."

—Margaret Johnson in St. Nicholas.

The New Year.

Who comes dancing over the snow,
His little soft feet all bare and rosy?

Open the door, through the wild winds

blow.

Take the child in and make him cozy—

Take him in and hold him dear.

He is the wonderful New Year.

Open your heart, be it sad or gay,
Welcome him there and use him kindly,
For you must carry him, yea or nay—
Carry him with shut eyes so blindly.

Whether he brings joy or fear,

Take him in, God sends him, this good

New Year.

—Diana Maria Mulock Craik.

In Musical Terms.

Chief Editor—Look here. Sharpe,
here's a fiddle—been hanged for murder.
How shall I headline it? Musical
Editor—How would "Difficult Execution
One String" do?—St. Louis Times.

English as She Is Spoke.

Must you go?

Yes. The wife's sitting up for me,
and if I miss the last train I shall
catch it!—Lippincott's.

A Hard Job.

Husband—What are you looking for,
dear? Wife—I was looking for the invisible
hairpin I just dropped.—Ex-change.

Being angry is like emptying the pepperpot into your own porridge.

—

CASTORIA

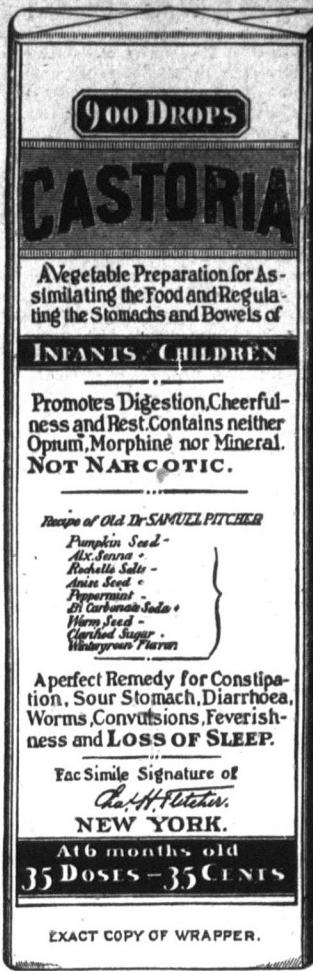
For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the

Signature of

Pat H. Fletcher



Children Cry for Fletcher's CASTORIA For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have
Always Bought

Bears the
Signature
of
Dr. H. Fletcher
In
Use
For Over
Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

ACHES, PAINS AND RHEUMATISM.

Zam-Buk will give You Ease.

Have you a bad attack of "general aching"? You know the feeling. Limbs ache, muscles seem to have become tired out, your back aches, now and again a twinge of rheumatism strikes you here and there. Your chest feels tight, there is a pain between your shoulders, and altogether you need toning up.

Cold is responsible for this condition, and a vigorous application of Zam-Buk will put you right. Take a hot bath, if possible, and then rub your chest and aching limbs well with Zam-Buk.

Mrs. B. Gorle, 76 Berkley St., Toronto, writes; "I cannot speak too highly of Zam-Buk. A few weeks ago I was suffering from a bad cold, which had settled in my throat, chest and limbs. I tried all kinds of remedies, new and old, and found very little relief until I used Zam-Buk."

On applying this to my throat and chest I found such ease and relief from the tightness and soreness I determined to use only Zam-Buk. I also rubbed it on my limbs where I felt the rheumatic pains. In three days from the time I first began applying Zam-Buk I was free from the cold in my chest, and also the rheumatism in my limbs."

Zam-Buk will also be found in our

BATTLES WITH LOCUSTS.

In 1780 an Army Was Arrayed Against the Ravaging Pests.

Since the days of the pharaohs the locust has been an unmitigated plague. Pliny relates that in many places in Greece a law obliged the inhabitants to wage war against the insects three times a year—i. e., in their various stages of egg, larva and adult.

In 1749 locusts stopped the army of Charles XII., king of Sweden, as it was retreating from Bessarabia after its defeat at Poltava. The king at first imagined that he was being assailed by a terrific hailstorm.

In Transylvania in 1780 the ravages of the locust assumed such disastrous proportions that the army had actually to be called out to deal with the pests, and whole regiments of soldiers were employed gathering them up and putting them into sacks.

A weird, uncanny looking customer is the locust. The general color scheme of his body is a kind of indefinite green, relieved by pink legs and wings of a whitish color. Two huge, blank, unmeaning eyes give an expression of utter imbecility to the insect's countenance.

To atone in a measure for their destructive proclivities the locusts are edible. The Arabs are particularly fond of them. Camels, to which they are given after being dried and roasted between two layers of ashes, look upon locusts as great delicacies.

LAWS OF WARS.

The Code Now in Use Among All the Civilized Nations.

The "laws of war" as at present formulated by the civilized nations forbid the use of poison against an enemy; murder by treachery, as, for example, assuming the uniform or displaying the flag of a foe; the murder of those who have surrendered, whether upon conditions or at discretion; declarations that no quarter will be given to an enemy; the use of such arms or projectiles as will cause unnecessary pain or suffering to an enemy; the abuse of a flag of truce to gain information concerning an enemy's positions; all unnecessary destruction of property, whether public or private.

They also declare that only fortified places shall be besieged: open cities or villages not to be subject to siege or bombardment; that public buildings of whatever character, whether belonging to church or state, shall be spared; that plundering by private soldiers or their officers shall be considered inadmissible; that prisoners shall be treated with common humanity; that the personal effects and private property of prisoners, except their arms and ammunition, shall be respected; that the population of an enemy's country shall be considered exempt from participation in the war, unless by hostile acts they provoke the ill will of the enemy.

Personal and family honor and the religious convictions of an invaded people must be respected by the invaders and all pillage by regular troops or their followers strictly forbidden.—New York Herald.

DINNER GUESTS.

Bad Enough to Be Late, but to Be Too Early is Unforgivable.

It is an accepted aphorism that one should never be late at a duel or a dinner. Tardiness is unpardonable, but the converse is also true. If it is an offense to be late it is unforgivable to be too early. This refers solely to the dinner, since duels are affairs of the past.

Overhaste may be flattering, but it is also inconsiderate. If the dinner is important enough to be called a "function" and the house in which it is given is sufficiently large to be rated as a mansion the early guest may find a hostess still in her maid's hands. If instead a cottage and a simpler repast await one the housewife may herself be putting the last necessary touches to the salad. In either case the hostess feels a warm personal approval and an ability for self praise if the coming guest is a little tardy. Should the soup be cold or the roast dry it is not her fault; she was on time.

Can anything be more harassing than the "you-don't-mind-me-dear" type of woman who always comes half an hour early and always wants to "help?" Can anybody worship one's household gods, turn away the nicks, display the gleaming side in the profaning presence of a comparative stranger? A despairing hostess said recently:

"When I have just men coming I spend my soul on the cooking; when it's women I put my extra efforts into burnishing the house; when it's both I almost kill myself, and when they come too early I want to lie down and die."

"The quality of mercy is not strained." It applies even to giving one's special hostess ample leeway for preparation. Failing this, invitations may soon be written. "At 7, and please

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE

Barristers, etc.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATE
Office—Warren Block, Opposite Post Office.

T. B. GERMAN,

Barrister and Solicitor,

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES.

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Late Horse Surgeon to the Kingston General Hospital.

Office—North side of Dundas Street, between West and Robert Streets, Napanee.

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H. M. Deroche, K. C., C. C. A.

H. M. P. Deroche, B. A.

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MONEY TO LOAN

Mr. H. M. P. Deroche will be in Tamworth every Wednesday.

W. G. WILSON,

BARRISTER,
Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer, Etc.

P. O. Box 620. Telephone No. 88.

OFFICE—North Side Dundas Street
Napanee, Ont.



DR. C. H. WARTMAN
DENTIST.

It will be impossible for me to continue the out-of-town visits, but if our friends at Yarker and Tamworth will do me the favor of coming to my office in Napanee, I will do my best to please them. All work guaranteed class.

D. R. BENSON

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College, has opened and office second door south of Express Printing Office, where he may be consulted on all diseases of Domestic Animals. All latest veterinary sciences.

Residence: West Street, near Madden's grocery.

Bonnyclabber.

New drinks have sometimes a glorious and brief popularity. Lord Strafford, writing to Lord Cottington in 1635, extols "bonnyclabber," which he says "is the bravest, freshest drink you ever tasted. Your Spanish don would, on the heats of Madrid, hang his nose and shake his beard an hour over every sop he took of it and take it to be the drink of the gods all the while."

No one, however, seems to know the exact composition of the seductive "bonnyclabber," although from an allusion to it by Ben Jonson it would seem to have been a mixture of beer and buttermilk.—London Chronicle.

Willing to Divide.

Cobble—I should like to lend you that \$10, old man, but I know how it would be if I did. It would end our friendship. Stone—Well, old chap, there has been a great deal of friendship between us. I think if you could make it five we might worry along on half as much.—Life.

The Fateful Message.

Hubby—Didn't I telegraph you not to bring your mother with you? Wifey—I could not help it, Frank. She insisted on coming after she'd read your telegram.

Genuine benevolence is not station-

tightness and soreness I determined to use only Zam-Buk. I also rubbed it on my limbs where I felt the rheumatic pains. In three days from the time I first began applying Zam-Buk I was free from the cold in my chest, and also the rheumatism in my limbs."

Zam-Buk will also be found a sure cure for cold sores, chapped hands, frost bite, ulcers, blood-poison, varicose sores, piles, scalp sores, ringworm, inflamed patches, babies' eruptions and chapped places, cuts, burns, bruises and skin injuries generally. All druggists and stores sell at 50c. box, or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, upon receipt of price. Avoid harmful imitations and substitutes.

A Historic Spot.

Linlithgow palace, on the shore of the beautiful sheet of water of that name in Scotland, is somewhat square and heavy looking. Linlithgow was the birthplace of Mary, Queen of Scots; in Linlithgow church James IV. of Scotland was forewarned by an apparition of the coming disaster at Flodden Field; in its streets the regent Murray was shot; close by the town Edward I. had two ribs broken by his horse the night before Falkirk, and on its loch a chancellor of the exchequer, bent on economy, issued instructions that the royal swans should be kept down to a dozen.—Argonaut.

Good at Arithmetic.

"For goodness' sake, John, how long did you boil these eggs?"

"Just as long as you told me to, my dear."

"Impossible! They're hard as bricks."

"I boiled them just twelve minutes."

"Twelve? Why, I told you that three minutes was long enough for an egg!"

"Yes, dear, but I boiled four of them."—Toledo Blade.

Kongo Tattooing.

In the Kongo colonies of Belgium both men and women are tattooed according to their status in society. A woman of high caste will have a design not unlike a zouave jacket worked upon her back, and it would seem that the native is as content with this mode of covering as if it were a substitute for clothing. By injecting the juice of certain herbs the scars left by the tattooing process retain a swollen appearance, giving the effect of bas-relief work. The thorns of the acacia are generally used as a needle, while a certain black clay is used as a coloring medium.

Classified.

Was there ever a better example of the witty and concise form of expression than the answer of the grim man who, when asked about the character of a neighbor, sententiously replied:

"Mister, I don't know very much about him, but my impression is he'd make a first class stranger."—Ex-change.

Frigid.

Nell—that Miss Copleigh is an awfully cold sort of girl. Belle—Mercy, yes. Why, she's so frigid that wherever she goes on rainy days it snows.—Boston Transcript.

Irish Wit.

"I never give alms to a stranger," said old Shyster to a poor Irishwoman.

"Shure, then, your honor will never relieve an angel," was the reply.—Judge.

Condemned Unheard.

From a notice in a Cornish church: "The preacher for next Sunday will be found hanging in the church porch on Saturday."—London Punch.

Cleanse the fountain if you would purify the streams.—Aldott.

To atone in a measure for their destructive proclivities the locusts are edible. The Arabs are particularly fond of them. Camels, to which they are given after being dried and roasted between two layers of ashes, look upon locusts as great delicacies.

The flavor resembles that of crabs, and in Bagdad they are consumed so extensively as to affect the price of meat.—Stray Stories.

RIVERS OF ALASKA.

The Waterway Wonders of This immense Territory.

Were the rivers not navigable there would be little done in the interior of Alaska today. First used by the prospector in his poling boat and the trader with his little steamer, they have become the means of opening up every camp that has been struck in the interior of Alaska.

The Yukon is very shallow at its mouth, which is about seventy miles in width across its delta. There are places 400 miles from the mouth of the river where the biggest Atlantic liners could navigate with ease, for there are soundings which show a ninety foot channel in a mile wide river. The Yukon is navigable for 2,100 miles. The Kuskokwim, a sister stream, has been navigated only on the lower reaches, but with its navigable branches is believed to have 1,000 miles of navigable water. The Tanana has been ascended for 500 miles and the Koyukuk in excess of that figure. Scores of other streams can be used by small steamers for from twenty-five to 200 miles. Altogether it is safe to say there are 5,000 miles of navigable streams in Alaska. The Yukon opens for navigation the latter part of May and closes the latter part of October.

But with all its wealth of gold, its unbridled call to toilers of the soil, its mountains studded with gems of riches—the lodes of veins of copper and other materials—this empire starves for the one thing that would make it thrive.—Collier's.

Just the Opposite.

An Irishman at a fair got poked in the eye with a stick and took proceedings against the offender.

Said the magistrate, "Come, now, you don't really believe he meant to put your eye out."

"Faith, you're right this time," said Pat, "for I believe he tried to put it farther in."—London Tit-Bits.

Used in Canada for over half a century—used in every corner of the world where people suffer from Constipation and its resulting troubles—

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills,

stand higher in public estimation than any others, and their ever-increasing sales prove their merit. Physicians prescribe them.

25c, a box.

I am writing to you, and when they come too early I want to lie down and die."

"The quality of mercy is not strained." It applies even to giving one's prospective hostess ample leeway for preparation. Failing this, invitations may soon be written, "At 7, and please be late!"—Youth's Companion.

Hubby—Didn't I telegraph you to bring your mother with you? Wife—I could not help it, Frank. She insisted on coming after she'd read your telegram.

Genuine benevolence is not stationary, but peripatetic. It goes about doing good.—Nevis.

Another Version.

The latest rendering of the Burns lines, "Oh, wad some power," etc., is given in a London evening paper thus: "Oh, wad some power the giftie gie us to see some folk before they see us."

Electric Restorer for Men

Phosphonal restores every nerve in the body to its proper tension; restores vim and vitality. Premature decay and all sexual weakness are cured at once. Phosphonal will make you a new man. Price 25c a box, or two for \$5. Mailed to any address. The Scobell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.

Or at Hooper's Drug Store.

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE.

No. 31

Taking effect Dec 1st, 1906.

Bannockburn and Tamworth to Napanee and Deseronto.

Stations	Miles	No. 12	No. 40	No. 4	No. 5
		A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Lve Bannockburn	0			1 40	
Allans	5			1 50	
Queensboro	10			2 05	
Bridgewater	14			2 25	
Arr Tweed	20			2 45	
Lve Tweed	6 70			3 06	
Stoco	21 700			3 15	
Larkins	27 7 15			3 30	
Maribin	32 5 35			3 45	
Brineville	37 7 50			3 55	
Thornhill	40 8 05			4 15	
Wilson	44			4 25	
Enterprise	46 8 25			4 35	
Mudlake Bridge	48				
Moscow	51 8 37			4 42	
Galbraith	53				
Arr Yarker	55 8 48			5 00	
Lve Yarker	55			5 02	
Camden East	59			5 15	
Thomson's Mills	60			5 28	
Newburgh	61			5 45	
Strathtona	63			5 55	
Napanee	69			6 15	
Arr Napanee	69			6 35	
Arr Deseronto	74			6 55	

Deseronto and Napanee to Tamworth and Bannockburn.

Stations	Miles	No. 1	No. 41	No. 8	No. 6
		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Lve Deseronto	—			1 00	
Arr Napanee	—			1 50	
Tamworth	—			2 10	
Strathtona	—			2 15	
Newburgh	—			2 15	
Thomson's Mills	—			2 30	
Camden East	—			2 35	
Enterprise	—			2 45	
Mudlake Bridge	—			2 50	
Wilson	—			2 55	
Galbraith	—			3 00	
Arr Yarker	55 8 48			3 00	
Lve Yarker	55			3 02	
Brineville	59			3 15	
Thomson's Mills	60			3 30	
Newburgh	61			3 45	
Strathtona	63			3 55	
Napanee	69			4 00	
Arr Napanee	69			4 25	
Arr Deseronto	74			4 55	

Kingston and Sydenham to Napanee and Deseronto.

Stations	Miles	No. 5	No. 6
		A.M.	P.M.
Lve Kingston	0		4 00
G. T. R. Junction	8		4 10
Glenvale	10		4 20
Murville	14		4 30
Arr Harrowmith	19		4 55
Lve Sydenham	25 8 10		5 20
Harrowmith	25 8 20		5 30
Frontenac	26		5 45
Arr Yarker	26 8 45		5 50
Lve Yarker	26 9 10		5 55
Camden East	26 9 24		6 00
Thomson's Mills	31		6 15
Newburgh	32 9 25		6 25
Strathtona	34 9 45		6 35
Napanee	40 9 55		6 45
Arr Napanee, West End	40		6 55
Arr Deseronto	49		6 55

Deseronto and Napanee to Sydenham and Kingston.

Stations	Miles	No. 1	No. 3	No. 5
		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Lve Deseronto	—		7 00	—
Arr Napanee	—		7 20	—
Lve Napanee	—		7 50	12 00
Strathtona	—		8 15	12 30
Newburgh	—		8 15	12 45
Thomson's Mills	—		8 15	12 50
Camden East	—		8 20	12 55
Arr Yarker	—		8 45	13 35
Lve Yarker	—		8 45	13 45
Frontenac	—		8 50	13 55
Arr Harrowmith	—		8 50	14 00
Murville	—		8 55	14 00
Glenvale	—		8 55	14 00
G. T. R. Junction	—		9 00	14 00
Arr Kingston	—		9 00	14 00

LOCAL WORKING TIME TABLE.

NAPANEE to DESERONTO and PICTON.

TRAIN	STEAMERS
Leave Napanee	Leave Deseronto
Arrive Deseronto	Arrive Pictor
2 15 a.m.	2 35 a.m.
7 10 "	7 00 a.m.
10 30 "	8 50 a.m.
11 50 a.m.	1 40 p.m.
1 25 p.m.	3 00 p.m.
4 30 "	5 30 p.m.
6 50 "	7 00 a.m.
8 15 "	8 30 a.m.

PICTON to DESERONTO and NAPANEE.

STEAMERS	TRAINS
Leave Pictor	Leave Deseronto
Arr Deseronto	Arr Napanee
8 00 a.m.	9 50 a.m.
9 50 a.m.	11 20 a.m.
12 20 p.m.	1 40 p.m.
3 45 p.m.	4 05 p.m.
6 10 "	6 30 "
7 40 "	8 00
12 40 p.m.	1 01 a.m.
7 00 "	7 20
7 15 "	7 35

Daily. All other rains run dall Sundays excepted.

WALTER RATHBUN, President.

H. B. SHERWOOD, Superintendent.

MILES McKEOWN, Despatcher.

POSITIVELY FREE!

Trial Package Postpaid, "Hennequin's Infant Tablets."

Any Address. Send Post Card. Write your Address plainly.

Hennequin's Infant Tablets

Save Babies' Lives. For Babies and Small Children. (Made in France.)

Dr. Hennequin's Infant Tablets saved our little girl's life. Three doctors said she could not live.

My baby was so weak from sickness that he could hardly walk. We thought he would die. We could find nothing to help him. I was given a sample package of three Hennequin Tablets; we used them; I saw a change at once. We secured the Tablets and our baby improved every day, and is now a bright, fat, good-natured boy; you could not believe he was the same child. They certainly cured my baby and saved his life. I believe them to be the best medicine ever sold for babies. Mothers if your babies are not well take my advice and try these Tablets.

We have hundreds of such letters. If the Tablets were not what you need we would not offer to give them away and prepay them. If your baby is not well send for trial package.

Hennequin Tablets have the letter "H" stamped upon them—this is your guarantee.

All dealers, 25c per package, or 5 for \$1.00 sent postpaid to any address.

DOUGLAS & CO., Wholesale Agents, Napanee, Ont., Can.

Mfrs. of DOUGLAS' EGYPTIAN LINIMENT. Coleman's Pastel, A. A. A., etc., etc.

When writing please mention this paper.

AFTER SUFFERING TEN YEARS

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

MARLTON, N.J.—I feel that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has given me new life. I suffered for ten years with serious female troubles, inflammation, ulceration, indigestion, nervousness, and could not sleep. Doctors gave me up, as they said my troubles were chronic. I was in despair, and did not care whether I lived or died, when I read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; so I began to take it, and am well again and relieved of all my suffering."—Mrs. GEORGE JORDY, Box 40, Marlton, N.J.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotics or harmful drugs, and to-day holds the record for the largest number of actual cures of female diseases we know of, and thousands of voluntary testimonials are on file in the Pinkham laboratory at Lynn, Mass., from women who have been cured from almost every form of female complaints, inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodical pains, backache, indigestion and nervous prostration. Every suffering woman owes it to herself to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial.

If you would like special advice about your case write a confidential letter to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free, and always helpful.

The Name Noah.
Not many persons are sufficiently acquainted with the Bible to know that Noah was the name of a woman as well as of the patriarch. At an inquest in England a female witness gave her Christian name as "Noah." The coroner remarked that he had never before known a woman to bear the name, whereupon the witness, who was well posted in the origin of her singular nomenon, said:

"It is a Bible name, sir; you'll find it in the last chapter of the book of Numbers."

Reference was duly made, and in the eleventh verse of the thirty-sixth chapter the coroner found mention made of "Mahlah, Tirzah and Hoglah and Milcah and Noah, the daughters of Zelophehad."

Betrothals in Germany.

In Germany an elaborate method of announcing the betrothal practically puts an end to all breach of promise cases. As soon as a couple become engaged the pair visit the town hall and declare their willingness to marry and sign, with witnesses, a series of documents which render a change of mind on the man's part practically out of the question. When either party wishes to withdraw from this agreement the pair again visit the town hall and additional documents are formally signed, witnessed and sealed. The authorities then determine the question of compensation for injured feelings,



ATE A WHOLE SHEEP.

One of the Feats of Nicholas Wood, a Famous Glutton.

The following account of a man named Nicholas Wood, famed for his gluttony, was written by John Taylor, the "water poet" of the seventeenth century:

Nicholas Wood was a Kentish yeoman. "Be it known to all men to whom these presents shall come," writes John Taylor, "that I, John Taylor, waterman of St. Savior's in Southwark, will, with plain truth, bare and threadbare, treat of the remarkable actions of Nicholas Wood.

"He hath eaten a whole sheep at one meal: pardon me! I think he left the skin, the wool and bones; and presently after he hath swallowed three pecks of damsons. Two loins of mutton and one loin of veal are but three sprats to him. Once at Sir William St. Ledger's house, so valiant and staunch of teeth he showed himself, that he ate as much as would suffice thirty men, and afterwards he slept eight hours.

"One morning I sent for him to the inn to eat breakfast. He had already eaten one potte of milk, one potte of pottage, and bread, butter, and cheese. He gave me thanks and said that if he had known any gentleman would have invited him to breakfast he would have spared his meal at home. Nevertheless he would do me the courtesy to show me some small cast of his office. Whereupon I summoned the hostess and commanded that all the victuals in the house be laid before my guest.

"The inn was slenderly provided, but six-penny loaves were mounted two stories high like a rampart, three six-penny veal pies, one pound of sweet butter, and a number of other dishes were set out, all of which were quickly brought to nothing."

RUBBER OYSTERS.

They Brought Trade and Saved Their Inventor From Failure.

"Rubber oysters laid the foundation of my success," said a millionaire hotel man.

"I had a small saloon in them days, and things looked very black. They looked, in fact, like bankruptcy. So in desperation I cut an old rubber doormat into oyster shaped pieces on April 1 and fried them in egg and breadcrumbs to a tasty brown.

"There was only one man in the bar when I fetched in that dish of smoking rubber oysters. His eyes glittered, and he grabbed a fork, jabbed it into a big fellow and took a hungry bite.

"Seeing the surprised look that spread over his face, I turned away to hide a smile. He gave an awkward laugh and said:

"They're fine oysters. I'll bring a couple of the boys in to sample them."

"Sure enough, he brought two friends a half hour later. The friends no sooner saw the appetizing rubber oysters than, setting down their beer, they each sunk their teeth in one.

"They, too, sent in friends for oysters. I fried up no less than three old doormats and two overshoes that April fool day. The whole town laughed, and the papers printed funny stories about my joke. My joint got real popular.

"In short, I was saved—saved from bankruptcy by rubber oysters." —Washington Post

A Light on Mothers.

The late William James, Harvard's famous psychologist, would often illuminate a misty subject with an appropriate anecdote. Discussing motherhood in a lecture on psychology, Professor James once said:

STOPPING A TRAIN

Many Things Combine to Make It an Uncertain Operation.

THE NUMBER OF CARS COUNT

Likewise the Momentum and the Braking Power and the Temperature of the Rails—Freight Trains More Uncertain Than Passenger Trains.

"In what distance can a train be brought to a stop? Well, that depends," said the grizzled engineer, with a hand like a ham and an eye that could see red, white and green a mile away down a silvery track. "That depends, son, and the more I think of it the more I realize how it depends on circumstances.

"In the first place, it depends on the number of cars you have on your train. The fewer cars you have the quicker you can stop, eh? Well, that's where you're dead wrong." The engineer rested his gnarled fist across his knee as if it were a fifteen pound monkey wrench. "Yes, sir," he repeated, "if you've got that idea you're wrong, just like folks are likely to be on railroad matters which they don't know anything about. Now, the fact is that a certain type of engine can be stopped quicker if it has a half dozen freight cars hooked on to it. That's so because there are brakes on each of the cars, and they all grind into the wheels when you sling on the emergency. Why wouldn't it stop quicker if you had a dozen cars on instead of six? Well, sonny, for the simple reason that the weight of the train, or, rather, the momentum, overcomes the braking strength of your air, and so you're carried along. If you had less than six cars it would be just the other way—you wouldn't have enough braking power to overcome what weight you have got. Yes, sir, with every freight train and with every passenger train there is a certain number of cars necessary to make the train most effective when it comes to stopping quickly. This is a very practical question too. An engineer will say to himself, 'Well, I've got more cars on today; I'll have to put on brakes sooner in order to stop just right at the station.'

"I once heard an engineer say that an engine with a baggage car and two passenger coaches traveling at the rate of thirty-five miles an hour would require about 600 feet to stop and traveling at twenty-five miles an hour would require 400 feet to halt. Now, he was just guessing, or else he had a particular train and particular conditions in mind, and most likely particular times in mind. The fact is you can't tell within what distance a train can be stopped.

"Why, take the same type of engine and the same type of coaches and run them over the same track and apply the brakes in precisely the same manner and the two trains will not stop in the same distance of track. Indeed, take the same train over the very same track at different times, run her at exactly the same speed, and apply the brakes in the very same manner and you can't stop in the same distance. Engineers would like to stop at each station at precisely the same spot that they did the day before. Do they ever do it? No, son, they don't, because it can't be done."

"The stopping of a train depends on conditions, just as I said before. Engineers who have traveled over a par-

A MEMORABLE WATCH MEETING

NEW YEAR'S EVE came right in the middle of a series of "protracted meetings" which had been started in a little church in the northern part of Indiana some twenty-five years ago. The faithful few had been gathering night after night for a month, and not more than a dozen persons had knelt at the mourners' bench, including the chronic backsiders. When the opening hymn was announced all the seats had been taken, and a dense crowd of boys and young men occupied the space between the door and the last row of seats.

As the hours slipped by and the end of the old year approached the service changed into a season of prayer and testimony. The little clock which hung on the wall behind the pulpit finally pointed to 11 o'clock, and the



"GET DOWN ON YOUR KNEES OR I'LL SKIN YOU ALIVE!"

preacher arose to make one last supreme effort to reclaim some soul from eternal torment. At his direction the most zealous members of the congregation left their seats and mingled with the audience, looking for a chance convert.

It was at this critical moment that an unlooked for interruption disturbed the passing of the old year and marred the peacefulness of the meeting. Deacons Wiley and Mills had been so bold as to approach the godless crowd around the door and suggest that there was too much laughing and talking.

They had even dared to tell two or three of the leading spirits that a failure to preserve order meant ejection from the church. The sound of loud talking suddenly reached the ears of the worshipers, and all heads turned toward the door. Loud curses and angry words, uplifted fists and stamping feet told that a fierce struggle was taking place. Out of the tangled mass presently came Deacons Wiley and Mills, each in triumphant possession of a panting, disheveled, fighting prisoner. The culprits were the sons of their captors, and against all their kicking and squirming they were forced slowly along the aisles on each side of the church to the mourners' bench, fighting every inch of the way.

"Get down on your knees, darn you; picture!" commanded Deacon Wiley, seizing his son by the shoulders and allowing his indignation to gain the mastery. "Get down on your knees or I'll skin you alive when I get you home!"

"Keep your seats, brethren and sisters," exclaimed Rev. Ebenezer Harmer. "This young man is sorry for what he has done, and we may yet save him from the wrath to come."

There was a suppressed titter from

wishes to withdraw from this agreement the pair again visit the town hall and additional documents are formally signed, witnessed and sealed. The authorities then determine the question of compensation for injured feelings, etc.

Ready For the Storm.

"I intend," the poet wrote, "to continue to storm the citadel of your affections."

"Storm away," she wrote back, "but I've just succeeded in getting in out of the wet by becoming engaged to a dear old man who has \$9,000,000."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

The Small One.

Many stories are told of Tom Reed's sudden flashes of wit—as, for instance, when Miss Reed struck the earth instead of the golf ball and he said, "Hit the other ball, Kitty."—Portland (Me.) Express.

Asaya-Neurall^{Mark} THE NEW REMEDY FOR Nervous Exhaustion

Whipping an exhausted nerve system with alcoholic stimulants only shortens the road to physical collapse. The only remedy is Food, Rest and nerve repair. "ASAYA-NEURALL" is and makes possible this cure. It feeds the nerves, induces sleep, improves the appetite and digestion; and soon full nerve vigor is regained. \$1.50 per bottle. Obtain from the local agent.

E. E. JESSOP.

VARICOSE VEINS CURED

NO NAMES USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT.

Confined to His Home for Weeks.



"Heavy work, severe straining and evil habits in youth brought on Varicose Veins. When it would not go away, the agony would become severe and I was often laid up for a week at a time. My family physician told me the operation was my only hope—but I dreaded it. I tried several specialists, but soon found out all they wanted was my money. I commenced to look upon all doctors as little better than rogues. One day my boss asked me why I was off work so much and I told him my condition. He advised me to consult Drs. Kennedy & Kennedy, as he had taken treatment from them himself and knew they were square and skillful. I wrote them and got THE NEW METHOD TREATMENT. My progress was somewhat slow and during the first month's treatment I was somewhat discouraged. However, I continued treatment for three months longer and was rewarded with a complete cure. I could only earn \$12 a week in a machine shop before treatment, now I am earning \$21 and never loose a day. I wish all sufferers knew of your valuable treatment.

HENRY C. LOCUST.

HAS YOUR BLOOD BEEN DISEASED?

BLOOD POISONS are the most prevalent and most serious diseases. They sap the very life blood of the victim and unless entirely eradicated from the system will cause serious complications. Beware of Mercury. It may suppress the symptoms—our NEW METHOD cures all blood diseases.

YOUNG OR MIDDLE AGED MEN.—Impudent acts or later excesses have broken down your system. You feel the symptoms stealing over you. Mentally, physically and vitally you are not the man you used to be or should be. Will you heed the danger signals?

READER Are you a victim? Have you lost hope? Are you intending to marry? Has your blood been diseased? Have you any weakness? Our NEW METHOD TREATMENT will cure you. What it has done for others it will do for you. Consultation Free. No matter who has treated you, write for an honest opinion Free of Charge. Books Free—"Boyhood, Manhood, Fatherhood." (Illustrated) on Diseases of Men.

NO NAMES USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT. PRIVATE. No names on boxes or envelopes. Everything Confidential. Question List and Cost of Treatment FREE FOR HOME TREATMENT.

Drs. KENNEDY & KENNEDY

Cor. Michigan Ave. and Griswold St., Detroit, Mich.

NOTICE
All letters from Canada must be addressed to our Canadian Correspondence Department in Windsor, Ont. If you desire to see us personally call at our Medical Institute in Detroit as we see and treat no patients in our Windsor offices which are for Correspondence and Laboratory for Canadian business only. Address all letters as follows:

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY, Windsor, Ont.

Write for our private address.

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DOCTOR ORDERED “FRUIT-A-TIVES”

AFTER ALL ELSE HAD FAILED

AND “FRUIT-A-TIVES” CURED MRS. CADIEUX

Plantagenet, Ont., Jan. 31st, 1910.

About March 1st, 1909, I was taken deathly sick with Stomach Trouble, Backache and General Breakdown. I failed from 125 pounds down to 80 pounds, was confined to bed for eight weeks, and was unable to eat or keep anything on my stomach.

The doctors said they could do nothing for me and as a last resort, one doctor told me to try “Fruit-a-tives”—if they would not cure me, nothing would.

I started taking “Fruit-a-tives” at once, and inside of ten days I was able to leave my bed. My stomach got strong and I could eat and retain my food. I gained rapidly and soon had my usual good health back again and to-day I weigh as much as ever—125 pounds.

Mrs. LAURENT CADIEUX.

Even the doctors realise that these wonderful tablets made of fruit juices will cure Stomach Troubles, Indigestion, and Dyspepsia.

50c a box, 6 for \$2.50; trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

STAR GEM OF CEYLON.

The Asteria Brought Health and Fortune to Its Wearer.

Familiar to some of the ancient writers and credited with supernatural powers, the asteria, or star gem, was highly valued for the benefits supposed to be conferred on the wearer. Its bright six rayed star, ever changing and shifting with every play of light and especially shooting out its flames in the direct sunlight, would seem to be something more than an ordinary crystal, and to the superstitious mind it could readily be believed to embody some tutelar spirit.

The particular virtue attributed to this gem was the conferring upon the wearer of “health and good fortune” when worn as an amulet, and to those fortunate to be born in the month of April, with which the stone was associated or represented, the wearer was insured from all evil.

The star stone is found principally in Ceylon, invariably in soil peculiar to rubies and sapphires. Indeed, it is composed of the same constituent “corundum,” its chatoyant, or star rays, being caused by the pressure of what the natives call “milk.” It is found in many different colors, from pale blue, pink and white to deep dark blue, ruby and purple. The blue are termed sapphire stars, the red ruby stars. It is always cut en cabochon, the star dividing into six rays at the apex. It is next in hardness to the diamond.

MARITIME EXPRESSIONS.

Used In a Metaphorical Sense They Are Quite Common.

Maritime expressions used metaphorically are, in fact, very common. We say a couple are “spliced,” a young man is the “mainstay” of his family, an intruder “puts his oar in,” a man is “hard up,” sometimes “taken aback” or has “the wind taken out of his

GRIDIRON HEROES.

Ones Who Never Win Places In the Football Hall of Fame.

AND THEY WEAR NO “LETTER”

These Practically Unknown Men Are the “Scrubbs,” Who Help to Keep the Varsity Team on Edge—They Play the Game For the Game’s Sake.

There is no royal road to a thorough knowledge of American college football. The preparation of the varsity eleven is long and hard. The miles of the coaches grind slowly, and they grind exceedingly fine. There is nothing in store for much of the good material that in the end must be relegated to the side line. These men, wrapped in gray blankets, who line the low fence surrounding the field on the day of the big game, are the scrubbs, or second team men.

There is a paradox in their situation—their only chance for personal glory lies in the defeat of the varsity eleven. There comes a time in many a big game when a coach, realizing that the day is lost, that his varsity men have done their utmost to no purpose and are being swept steadily down the field, will throw into the game scrub after scrub, hoping against hope that these men will play better than they really have a right to and so turn the tide. And even ten seconds in the big game give the scrub his letter.

So it is in after years that one may point out many a wearer of the letter who was not nearly so good a football player as many scrubs. It has happened, too, that a man has fought for years in the hope of making the eleven, has improved slowly, if surely, has been sent into the big game as a forlorn hope and has played a game the like of which has not been seen on the field that season.

Even scrubs take their triumphs and their disappointments differently. There are not a few who are proud to have been on the second team in the year that the first eleven swept all before it. They have no varsity letter, but the discriminating know that they were better players than some of the varsity men of other years. There are other scrubs who bemoan the fact that they were not in college when the general average of the players was low and they would have been almost certain to make the first team. Be it said, however, for the honor of the second team that instances of the latter type are rare. A scrub player learns the lesson of self-sacrifice. It is his but to be walked over daily by the varsity, while most of the instruction and encouragement are lavished on said varsity.

As a rule, however, there comes at least one week in the season when the scrubs are pampered and petted and made much of. The varsity is in the throes of a “slump,” is lagging, dispirited and sullen. It is then that the scrub team suddenly finds that it is being taught to play the game just as if it were to take the field as the first choice against the foe. There is a coach for almost every man, there are words of encouragement, much valuable instruction and a new esprit de corps. Under the new inspiration the second team sweeps the flagging varsity off its feet, humiliates the first string players to the uttermost, while the coaches cheer the scrub and jeer the varsity. At least once a season it is very good to be a scrub, for at

CANADA'S RECORD YEAR.

The Globe's Annual Financial Survey, which appears as usual on the first business day of the year, estimates that in twenty-eight centres of population from Sydney to Victoria building operations in 1910 represented an expenditure of \$92,161,000, an increase over the previous year of almost thirty millions. The expenditure upon new railways in the year 1911 is estimated at fifty millions dollars. The value of the Cobalt output in the past year, generally expected to fall below that of 1909, is placed at \$14,500,000, and this is a gain of two millions on the next best showing of the camp which was in 1909. It is predicted that before the mines of Cobalt are exhausted the total production of silver will be in the neighborhood of \$100,000,000. At present the little camp supplies fourteen per cent. of the world's silver production. The figures of British trade show that while wheat exports fell off in 1910, the old country bought from us twice the value of flour that it took two years ago. In this connection it may be noted that Mr. Robert Meighen, President of the Lake of the Woods Milling Company, writes in the Financial Survey that “Canada is capturing and will continue to capture, from the United States miller the foreign consuming market for our hard wheat flour.” Mr. Meighen says that the flour mills of Canada if operated to their capacity would supply thirty million people.

The immigration in Canada in 1910 was approximately 325,000 people, of whom half went west. To the newcomers the Dominion Government gave lands equaling nine English counties. The route map indicates 1,600 miles of new railways to be built in the west in 1911. The mineral production of British Columbia was \$26,000,000, this being quite different from earlier estimates. It is estimated that in round figures the crops of Ontario produced this year the equivalent of \$250,000,000. The value of the western grain crop is placed at \$150,000,000, to which must be added \$18,000,000, the value of crops other than grain. Ontario, in common with the county at large, suffered from a short crop of potatoes and fruit. In general the agricultural production was abundant, and reports from competent authorities in the west limit the crop damage there to southern Manitoba, southwestern Saskatchewan and southern Alberta. Failures in Canada in 1910 were 1,460, with liabilities of \$15,500,000, as compared with 1,585 in 1910 when the liabilities were \$12,742,231. The higher liabilities in 1910 were due to several large individual failures.

There has been no great apparent progress in the iron and steel industry, but there have been preparations for a wide expansion in 1911. Since 1887 there has been invested in plants exclusively for the production of pig iron and steel almost sixty millions dollars. In discussing some curious phases of the western situation, Mr. William Whyte writes of Manitoba:

“Our sole resource is agriculture. Yet this year there were imported into Manitoba over one million more than twelve million eggs. For our dining cars we are now bringing in chickens from Chicago. We are also importing cream from the United States.

“The trouble is that our farmers are wheat mad. They have made money with wheat and they have not the labor that mixed farming involves. They can go away in the winter and leave the hired man to take care of the horses. The farmer is not selling his wheat, but selling his farm. He is using the land, not like a farm, but like a mine.” The country's Government, corporation and municipal borrowing amounted to \$215,338,000,



Ask your Druggist for a Free Peruna Almanac for 1911.

WHAT PROFIT PER COW IN 1910?

Business men of Canada will shortly take stock, close their books for another year's trade, and figure out how they stand financially as a result of their hard labour and enterprise. How many farmers are preparing their 1910 balance sheet which will act as a sign post for 1911 transactions? Perhaps the steers paid well, while small fruits and poultry brought in a good supply of cash. But did each cow in the herd earn a good profit, or are some being kept as thankless guests?

A very few minutes book-keeping per month might show a clear profit above cost of feed of forty dollars with some cows, only three dollars with others, and possibly no profit at all on one or two. It would not take long then to decide which to dispose of.

Would it not be a sensible resolve to keep only such cows as will make good returns? Determine that your herd shall show an increase of forty per cent in the milk yield inside three years: you can easily gear the whole herd up another notch or two if some poor cows are beefed. The scores of dairymen who are now reaping large profits per cow, date their success invariably to the time when they commenced keeping milk and feed records of each cow separately. Blank forms supplied free on application to the Dairy Commissioner, Ottawa.

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Unlike other preparations for a like purpose, they do not create a habit, but instead they overcome the cause of habit acquired through the use of ordinary laxative, cathartics and harsh physic, and permanently remove the cause of constipation or irregular bowel action.

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Maritime expressions used metaphorically are, in fact, very common. We say a couple are "spliced," a young man is the "mainstay" of his family, an intruder "puts his oar in," a man is "hard up," sometimes "taken aback" or has "the wind taken out of his sails," a toper is "slewed," a loafer "spins a yarn," sometimes "tries the other tack," and a ruler "steers the ship of state" through troublesome times.

This last metaphor is extremely ancient, by the way. Horace refers to Rome as a ship at sea, and Plutarch says the Delphic oracle referred to Athens in the same way. A Tamil saying embodies a like metaphor. "The soul is the ship, reason is the helm, the oars are the soul's thoughts, and truth is the port." An old collection of English proverbs contains this one: "The tongue is the rudder of our ship." A Malay maxim says, "The boat which is swamped at sea may be bailed out, but the shipwreck of the affections is final."

Aristophanes, Plautus and others use an expression which comes down to us as an English saw, "To row one way and look another." An old English proverb (614) was, "It is not good to have an oar in every one's boat."

He Sat.

It is related of the Rev. Matthew Clark that in the audience was once a young British military officer whose scarlet uniform far outshone any rival habiliments and so fixed the gaze of the young damsels present that the wearer, enjoying the impression he was making, not only stood through the prayer with the rest, but remained standing after all others had sat down until the pastor had proceeded for some time with his sermon, and at length, noticing a divided attention and its cause, the minister stopped, laid aside his sermon and, addressing his new hearer, said:

"Ye're a braw (brave) lad. Ye ha'e a braw suit of claithes, and we ha'e a' seen them. Ye may sit down."

The Lieutenant dropped as if shot—From the "Autobiography of Horace Greeley."

FENNEL.

It is to the Italians Somewhat as Celery is to Us.

"Tisn't often that an Italian table d'hôte furnishes anything that takes me back to my grandmother's time," said a New York man, "but that was my experience last night. The first nibble of something I'd supposed was celery sent my mind wandering back fifty years to an old New England village.

"Fennel?" I asked the Italian waiter. He nodded and smiled and gave me the Italian form of the word, which I carefully wrote down on a scrap of paper, 'Fennocchi.' I suppose it showed my ignorance, but never before did I know that fennel is to the Italians what celery is to us. Evidently the large bases of the leafstalks are bleached in similar fashion, and from the way it was served I could see it was intended to be dipped in salt, as we eat celery. My obliging waiter told me that it was delicious as a salad and when boiled and served with cream sauce it made a popular Italian dish.

"But after all what did those culinary details matter? What really counted was that strange, penetrating flavor which took me back to my childhood. As I thoughtfully nibbled my fennel stalks the last fifty years seemed a blank. I was a child again, picking big clusters of yellow, aromatic fennel seeds in my grandmother's garden."—New York Sun.

de corps. Under the new inspiration the second team sweeps the flagging varsity off its feet, humiliates the first string players to the uttermost, while the coaches cheer the scrub and jeer the varsity. At least once a season it is very good to be a scrub, for at least once a season the scrub defeats and humiliates the team that has proved perhaps a terror to all its outside rivals. Nothing has such a salutary effect on the varsity as the eating of humble pie once in a while.

In late years the scrub is getting more consideration than in the old days. Yet the men play principally for the love of the game and in order to make the going as hard as possible for the varsity. Sheer loyalty and the thrill of battle keep them at it year after year. They learn football from the ground up. They see the big games from the side lines and, knowing the signals, have a peculiar advantage over any other spectator. With a knowledge of the signals one may criticise the handling of the big team in the big game—may more readily understand the strategy of coach and quarterback.

It is this opportunity to analyze the big games, coupled with the chance to get practically as good coaching as the varsity, that makes excellent coaches out of many scrub players. Some of these scrubs have gone back to college and turned out freshman teams that have been able to fight the varsity to a standstill and so have astonished the very coaches who taught them. There have been instances of this at nearly every big institution in the east. Sometimes the services of these ex-scrubs have been eagerly sought by the veteran varsity coaches, and many a man without a field reputation has proved to be no mean strategist.

It is really these ex-scrub men who keep up the high average of interest in the game. They are turned out yearly at the rate of five or more to every varsity player. The varsity man may lose interest in the game in after years, but the scrub practically never. It is they who are the backbone of the pilgrimages to West Point, and it is they who talk football far into the night in the club and chop house.

The scrubs, in a word, all unhonored and unsung as they are, are the backbone of the game in the colleges and out of them. They play the game and they watch it for the game's sake.—New York Post.

Annoying.

First Angel—What is that spirit fussing about? Second Angel—She says her hatpin stick out beyond her halo.—Harper's Bazaar.

Sassibed the Composer.

Gustav Mahler had a queer experience in Munich one day for which his name was partly responsible. His new symphony was being rehearsed, and he took advantage of an hour's intermission to get some fresh air. "On returning to the building," says a Munich paper, "he lost his way and tried to reach the hall through a corridor in which plasterers were at work. You cannot pass through here," he was told. "But I am Mahler." (Mahler is the German for painter.) "You look it," was the unsympathetic reply of the man who blocked his way. "We are not ready for the painters yet, so run on." And the composer, realising that argument would be useless, plunged into the labyrinth and finally reached his destination."

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

leave the hired man to take care of the horses. The farmer is not selling his wheat, but selling his farm. He is using the land, not like a farm, but like a mine." The country's Government, corporation and municipal borrowing amounted to \$215,338,000, as compared with \$240,000,000 last year. Sir Edgar Speyer writes that the outlook for world commerce is of the best.

In a summing up of the situation it is said that there is an almost jubilant note in reports from all centres in Canada, in striking contrast with the hesitation in trade which prevails in the United States.

The Saddest Lot.

"What are you thinking about, dear?" she asked.

"I have just been trying to decide something."

"Can I help you?"

"No; I've arrived at a conclusion."

"What is it about?"

"I have just decided that the saddest lot in the world is that of a man who marries an heiress and then has to work for the purpose of earning his own spending money."—Chicago Record-Herald.

A Mean Trick.

We waited for the bride and groom To start their trip.

There was enough rice in the room To sink a ship.

Each fellow held a rusty shoe Behind his back,
And there were ribbons, pink and blue,
Upon the back.

The bride and groom, they held aloof,
To our dismay,
Then took an airship from the roof
And got away.

—Louisville Courier-Journal.

ordinary laxative, cathartics and harsh physic, and permanently remove the cause of constipation or irregular bowel action.

We will refund your money without argument if they do not do as we say they will. Two sizes, 25c. and 10c. Sold only at our store—The Rexall Store.—T. B. Wallace, druggist.

Elegies For Old Year.

"All sounds of all bells, most solemn and touching is the peal which rings out the old year," wrote Charles Lamb. "I never hear it without a gathering up of my mind to a concentration of all the images that have diffused over the past twelvemonth, all I have done or suffered, performed or neglected, in that regretted time. I begin to know its worth as when a person dies."

Longfellow, too, looks at the solemn side of the old year, for he says in his "Midnight Mass For the Dying Year": Through the woods and mountain passes The winds like anthems roll. They are chanting solemn masses, Singing: "Pray for this soul!" Pray, pray!"

Tennyson's "Death of the Old Year," however, looks more to the New Year and voices the sentiment of the "king is dead, long live the king." It is not well to dwell upon the mistakes of the past.

He was full of joke and jest,
But all his merry quips are o'er.
To see him die across the waste
His son and heir doth ride posthaste,
But he'll be dead before.
Every one for his own.
The night is stormy and cold, my friend,
And the New Year, blithe and bold, my friend,
Comes up to take his own.

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There were two notable occurrences in Germany recently. One was the election to the reichstag of a Radical candidate in an east Prussian district which has been Conservative for a quarter of a century. He was successful on the second ballot because the Socialists threw their votes for him. This is interesting because it shows that socialism is no longer confined to city workers, but is diffusing itself through agricultural districts, which in the past have been doggedly loyal to the old ideas. The peasants, or small farmers, have been the mainstay of conservatism. If city and country are to join hands, there can be but one outcome; and that most painful to an emperor who believes in the divine right of monarchs.

There is at least one good word to be said for German socialism. It makes for peace. The Socialists are working-men who would have to do most of the fighting if there were a war. If Germany were attacked they would fly to arms. They want no aggressive war. That may be one reason why the "war lord" of the empire never has drawn the sword, though he has often clapped his hands menacingly to the hilt. There has been no war, but there have been costly preparations for a possible war. Other nations have felt obliged to pursue the same course, and thus the emperor has managed to saddle on them expenditures which they otherwise would have foregone.

It is largely because of outlays for military purposes that Germany has pursued for many years the vicious financial policy of spending in excess of its revenues and borrowing to make good the deficit. Thus in ten years \$720,000,000 has been added to the national debt. There could be but one end to annual deficits of that magnitude if continued, so the German secretary of the treasury says they will cease. For the coming year receipts and expenditures are to balance. If this shall be brought about in reality, and not through any trick of book-keeping, German credit will be strengthened.

This better showing will be in part due to increased revenues, the result of new taxes. But new taxes are apt to make more Socialists. They and the increased cost of living, felt in Germany as it is here, tease men out of conservatism. If there were a reapportionment in Germany, as there should be, the strength of the Socialists in the reichstag would be much increased. But even without that, if they were a little less loyal to the Marxian creed and became opportunists, they could do more effective work. If they could strike hands with the

BROTHERHOOD AND KINGDOM

Whatever Separates the Hearts of Men Is Irreligious and Unhuman

"Our Father—Thy Kingdom Come!"—Matt. vi. 10.

A man's faith is to be known, not so much by what he thinks of himself and of life beyond as by how he thinks of his fellows.

Faith has often meant a confidence in the goodness of the most high toward me, an assurance that somehow my bread would be buttered and my pathway would be paved. Many believe in particular providence which cares for them individually and answers their personal petitions, no matter what the effect may be on the great number outside of this pleasant little arrangement.

Scientific thought eliminates the individual; our modern social thinking makes individualism immoral; but often religion goes on calling us to save ourselves, appealing to fear or hope of future individual loss or gain and fostering the hope of eternal salvation by way of the life of separateness from one's fellows.

Men try to be pious by walking in individual holiness. Even activity to persuade others to a religious life is often based on a selfish motive, that future happiness is enhanced by "bringing in the sheaves."

But those who pray as though the one great purpose in life was somehow to squeeze their souls through

THE PEARLY GATES

and those who live as though they were fleeing from a world already damned do not represent the religious spirit which to-day most profoundly moves men; they are but the few who misrepresent the teaching of the lowly Nazarene.

It has taken us many centuries to understand the principle implied in the first two sentences of the universal prayer, the principle that the kingdom for which all hearts long can only come as we learn to think and live in terms of family unity.

We all believe in a better day yet to be, a kingdom of order, justice, peace, harmony and joy. Its promise dawns wherever any man truly learns to live as one who al-

ways deeply prays saying "Our Father."

The kingdom comes only when the sons of the kingdom get together. That is a principle upon which science insists in every direction with increasing emphasis. We cannot keep sickness or plague to ourselves and we dare not try to keep to ourselves any advantage.

Any backward step taken in the development of civilization has been due to forgetfulness of this, to human selfishness, to clashing interests, to attempts of one to gain at the cost of another, to the assertion of one race or one sect that the Almighty is the Father of one but not of the other.

The great disasters of history are not earthquakes and floods; they but bind us together in loving service to those who suffer; they are the conflicts and discords that selfish interests breed, the bitterness and hatred born of shortsighted

SUICIDAL SELFISHNESS

Superficially the interests of men must vary, aptitudes and possibilities are not all on one dull level. But religion holds the confidence that high over all other interests there is a sublime aim that bends all our energies in one direction and underlying all our differences is our relationship to the higher, universal life, a common relationship in which lies our unity and true divinity.

It is vain to pray to the Father unless you believe in the family and vain to hope for the coming of the ideal kingdom unless you will live the brother's life. Selfishness in any form is the denial of divine relationship. Through the true sonship which involves brotherhood we discover the meaning of fatherhood.

Your faith in the ideal kingdom is manifest in the life that lives for its realization, not by brotherly phases but by honest efforts to give every man the chance to all of life as you would have it, by the brother's helpfulness, cheer and encouragement, by the faith that every man is the child of the Father of us all.

HENRY F. COPE.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, JAN. 8.

Lesson II.—Jeroboam Makes Idols for Israel to Worship, I. Kings

12. 25 to 18. 6. Golden

Text, Exod. 20. 4.

Verse 25. Peniel—The name means "face of God," from Gen. 32. 30. The place is connected historically with the three names of Gideon, Jacob, and Jeroboam. Its chief feature was a strong tower (Judg. 8. 8-17), and it was this that Jeroboam rebuilt. His narrow

the best intentions, a church and nation may be corrupted."

31. Houses of high places—Both the Canaanites and early Israelites used to worship on hilltops, probably as bringing them nearer the supposed dwelling place of Jehovah. Though the law prescribed a restricted form of worship, the use of high places for burning sacrifices and other religious rites was continued till the time of Hezekiah.

Priests . . . not of the sons of Levi—According to the Deuteronomistic law, the priesthood was restricted to the Levites. Jeroboam may have felt that he was acting from necessity, because of the migration, in large numbers, to the south, of Levites who preferred to abide by the worship of Jerusalem. At any rate, both David and Solo-

THE HOUSE THAT

CHARLIE BUILT

"Charlie Towers building a house—never!"

"It's correct! He has bought that 'eligible plot of land' in High Street, to quote the auctioneer's words, and the foundations are already down."

"But what does Charlie want with a home?"

Cissie Manners laughed, and moreover, flushed, and the party of girls picknicking on the bank grew interested.

"Are we to congratulate—you?" "Oh, no; certainly not!" replied Cissie.

The conversation lapsed again, but the house that Charlie was building remained uppermost in the thoughts of the majority of the girls for the remainder of the day, and many more afterwards.

"You might cut me some more cake, Sadie: I'm too tired for anything in the way of exertion."

Sadie, the girl addressed, sprang to her feet, and hastened to obey.

"And, please, don't look so absurdly confused."

"I 'confused.'" She brushed the dead leaves carefully from her plain grey dress, and Cissie involuntarily compared its primness and shabbiness with her own and her companion's spotlessly white, summer attire.

"I'm sorry!" She bent over the cake to hide her confusion, and an awkward silence followed. The "eligible site," the girls suddenly remembered, was the last portion of the grounds left by Sadie's father, and what the future for her and her widowed mother held, when the money raised by the sale of that went, they hesitated to surmise.

The news spread rapidly, and before the first row of bricks appeared above the ground level, it was an accepted fact that Charlie was going to take unto himself a wife, the house he was building being for her reception. But who was she? Although a favorite in the village, and an "eligible" in every respect, Charlie had shown no decided preference for any of the village belles. In fact, whilst in their company, he was ill at ease, nervous, and self-conscious.

Cissie met him one day near the half-built house, and something in his manner sent a nervous thrill through her. They shook hands, and he coughed.

"Do you know, Cissie," he commenced, "I wanted to see you badly. I want to ask you a—question."

She flushed prettily.
"Not here, Charlie, surely!"

"Well—er," he laughed — "the house would certainly be a better place. Do you mind?"

He assisted her across the planks, and through the building materials scattered about, into what was eventually to be the front dining-room.

"I have always valued your opinion, Cissie."

"If I can be of any use, Charlie."

"You are good. It sounds like 'cheek' on my part to ask a comparative stranger."

"Stranger!"

Germany, as there should be, the strength of the Socialists in the reichstag would be much increased. But even without that, if they were a little less loyal to the Marxian creed and became opportunists, they could do more effective work. If they could strike hands with the Radicals, as the east Prussian election shows they have done in one instance, they would be a more effective brake on the autocratic tendencies of the kaiser, and might modify some of the galling bureaucratic methods of his officials.

Plowing a field with the usual horse drawn implement is an operation requiring entirely too much time, patience, and expenditure of energy for the modern agriculturist, and especially for the western farmer who has hundreds of acres to turn in a season. Steam and motor driven plows with one or a dozen shares have been an immense improvement in many localities and have made extensive farming possible, but the motor power required to drive a plow through anything but the lightest kind of soil involves the use of cumbersome machinery.

The Swiss have invented an entirely new type of plow which has certain marked advantages over anything at present in use. On the rear of a light motor driven truck is a drum carrying four parallel rows of hoes. When the drum is revolved by the motor in the truck the hoes spade up the ground and at the same time propel the machine. The ordinary plow in its work is harder to pull in proportion to the depth of the furrow, but this hoe plow, instead of retarding the machine, actually pushes it forward. It is said, however, that a field worked in this manner is much more thoroughly prepared for the harrow and the subsequent sowing than one plowed in the old fashioned way.

TRAVEL WITH DESKS.

School of a Novel Type Started in Rome.

A school of an entirely novel type has recently been started in Rome, says a writer in *The Wide World Magazine*, and has already given very good results. This "open air" academy differs from the German open air schools, inasmuch as it is essentially travelling, whereas the school at Charlottenburg, for instance, is composed of a number of pavilions.

The combined satchel and desk carried by the pupil only weighs ten pounds, and therefore no fatigue is caused through carrying this on the back. The pupils, together with their master, wander from one part of the outlying country districts of Rome to another.

The desk is placed on the ground, the blackboard is fixed up, and the lesson begins. It is very practical, and the pupils are able to do their lessons in any place, as they carry with them all that is required. It is held in Rome that this form of instruction will do much towards doing away with the large number of illiterate persons in the vicinity.

Text, Exod. 20. 4.

Verse 25. Peniel—The name means "face of God," from Gen. 32. 30. The place is connected historically with the three names of Gideon, Jacob, and Jeroboam. Its chief feature was a strong tower (Judg. 8. 8-17), and it was this that Jeroboam rebuilt. His purpose in doing so was to strengthen himself against a possible invasion from the desert tribes on the east.

26. Now will the kingdom return—He apparently forgot, or placed little reliance in, the promises which Jehovah had made to him (I. Kings 11. 38). A fear arose in his heart that his people, attracted by the glories of the house of Jehovah at Jerusalem (27), might at last, from going three times a year to the feasts, turn again unto . . . Rehoboam, king of Judah. His fear was also personal, as well as patriotic, for he saw that, if the people turned to Rehoboam, he himself might be the victim of some treacherous assault such as was made upon Ishbosheth (2 Sam. 4. 7).

28. Made two calves of gold—"He broke the second commandment under pretense of helping the people to keep the first." His motive, despite his plea that he wished to relieve the people of the burden of the long journeys to Jerusalem, is evident in what he said in his heart (26). Political ascendancy and personal safety were his first concern. We are compelled to detect, under all his outward activities in behalf of the religious needs of his people, the shrewd devices of worldly policy.

Behold thy gods—Doubtless he had no desire to establish an idolatrous system. He seems to have been a believer in a personal activity of Jehovah. The calves, or young bulls, would serve as symbols and reminders of the strength of their God, and were perhaps copied from the calf set up by Aaron in the wilderness. They would hardly come from Jeroboam's residence in Egypt, as some suppose, inasmuch as the bulls worshipped were alive. The two images were alike and represented, of course, only one God. They were really intended to encourage the worship of Jehovah, the sin of the king being the substitution of political expediency for faith in God.

29. Beth-el—An ancient sanctuary of the Israelites, connected with the names of Abraham and Jacob, and with the capture of Ai (Josh. 7 and 8). The importance of this shrine increased with the advance of the northern kingdom, reaching the zenith of its greatness under Jeroboam II, when it is called "a royal house and sanctuary of the kingdom" (Amos 7. 13).

Dan—As Beth-el was at one end of the kingdom, only twelve miles from Jerusalem, so Dan was at the other. It had been, from earliest times, "the seat of a chapelry and epiphany served by the lineal descendants of Moses in unbroken succession." It does not reappear in the Bible after the invasion of Ben-hadad (1 Kings 15. 20). Its history thereafter is obscure.

30. This thing became a sin — It resulted in a lowering of the religious ideals and worship of Israel, a gradual degeneracy which at length comes in for the sternest reprobation on the part of the prophets, particularly Amos and Hosea. "The whole subsequent history is a record of the mode by which, with

Priests . . . not of the sons of Levi—According to the Deuteronomistic law, the priesthood was restricted to the Levites. Jeroboam may have felt that he was acting from necessity, because of the migration, in large numbers, to the south, of Levites who preferred to abide by the worship of Jerusalem. At any rate, both David and Solomon, before this, had treated somewhat indifferently the matter of priestly rights.

32. A feast in the eighth month—This irregularity, according to the law, was an act of arbitrary willfulness, as the set time for observing the feast of the tabernacles was the seventh month. But, as the vintage was later in the north, the condemnation of Jeroboam ought not, perhaps, to be too harsh. It only goes to show, that, having adopted a wrong policy, a man becomes involved in other sins as a consequence.

Chapter 13. Verse 1. Jeroboam was standing by the altar—He was himself officiating as priest.

2. He cried against the altar—He said nothing about the other forms and signs of religious degeneracy. Who he was is not recorded, perhaps because his name had been forgotten after the lapse of so many years. But he was the first stern voice of disapproval, coming from across the border, and, by denouncing the altar, showing the divine disfavor against the entire new system of worship established by Jeroboam.

Josiah—For the fulfillment of this, read 2 Kings 23. 15-20. It is unlike the regular method of Hebrew prophecy to mention a name in this way. The theory is that this name was added many years after, when the prophecy had come to fulfillment.

NOT MODERN INVENTION.

Typewriting Machine Had Prototype 90 Years Ago.

Most persons will be surprised to learn that the typewriter machine is not, as they imagine, a distinctly modern invention. So long ago as 1714 a patent was taken out in England by Henry Mill for "a machine for impressing letters singly and progressively as in writing, whereby all writings may be engrossed in paper so exact as not to be distinguishable from print."

His machine was, however, a clumsy one and practically useless. It was not until over a century later (1829), that anything more in this line was attempted. Then the first American typewriter, called a "typographer," was patented by W. A. Burt.

In 1823 a machine was produced in France having a separate key lever for each letter, and between the years 1840 and 1860 Sir Charles Whetstone invented several machines which are now preserved in the South Kensington Museum, London.

In 1873, C. L. Sholes, an American, after five or six years work, succeeded in producing a machine sufficiently perfect to warrant extensive manufacture. He interested a firm of gun manufacturers in it, and in 1874 the first model of the modern typewriter was put upon the market.

The average man would find it easy sailing if he could make money as easily as he can make love.

eventually to be the front dining room.

"I have always valued your opinion, Cissie."

"If I can be of any use, Charlie."

"You are good. It sounds like 'cheek' on my part to ask a comparative stranger."

"Stranger!"

"Well, nearly. But standing here"—he stood before the space left for the window, and indicated the sweep of country before them—"do you think a 'bow' window or one of those French affairs would be most suitable?"

"Really?"—she choked back her surprise—"really, I don't think I am competent to advise you properly."

"No?"—He followed her clear of the bricks and mortar disappointedly. "I really thought you would know. Good-bye, if you are in a hurry!"

He had a dim knowledge that he had committed some error of judgment, and gazed after her helplessly.

A week later Mollie Stuart passed the house, and stopped to inspect its progress. She was a pretty, winsome, merry lass, without a care, and as yet fancy free. He came outside and caught sight of her.

"Mollie," he cried delightedly, "just the girl I wanted!"

"You wanted me? Go on!" She laughed, but for all that she flushed, and dropped her eyes.

"Yes. Come in, please! I want to ask you—" Her quick, searching glance thrilled him, and scattered his self-possession.

"You want to ask me?"

He took her arm, and piloted her gently towards the rear. Suddenly he stopped.

"You are a good girl in a house, Mollie. Mother says so, and she's a judge."

She smiled and waited for him to continue.

"Now, Mollie, candidly, would you advise me to put the kitchen cupboard on this side of the fireplace or that?" he questioned earnestly.

"Oh!" Mollie's half-formed hopes dissipated. For a second she felt annoyed and disappointed, and then the humor of the situation thrust itself upon her. She sat down on a hard board, and laughed—shrieked.

"Why not fix it over the fireplace?" she suggested.

"Over?"

"Yes; it would keep the bread nice and dry, you know. Good-bye, Charlie. You really are too funny."

Unlike Cissie, Mollie loved a joke, even if it was against herself, and before the night more than half the village knew of the episode, and was laughing at Charlie's method of obtaining first-hand advice. Cissie then told her tale, and poor Charlie found the presence of smiling village lasses leaning over his boundary wall somewhat disconcerting.

But when the house was completed more than one smiling face turned envious. It was really a pretty place, not too large, and, standing in its own grounds, it made a very desirable residence. Rumor became busy with the question of Charlie's choice. The gossips decided it could not remain much longer in doubt, and, therefore, when Miss Mattie Print found herself stopped by Charlie at the garden gate, her heart fluttered desperately.

"I want to—ask you—" he commenced.

"Certainly!" she laughed nervously.

With a dim intuitive knowledge of the reason of his previous humiliating disappointments, Charlie stammered quickly ahead.

"I assure you candidly it is not about the house—that is, directly. Indirectly, of course, it is, and you—you alone can give me the information I require."

She followed him breathlessly through the gate, along the passage at the side of the house, and into the garden beyond. Inwardly, she had a little qualm of regret. No one for miles bred Leghorns, Black Rocks and other birds like hers. Still, they would have to go if Charlie—

"Now"—he indicated the garden with pride—"do you think, Miss Mattie—do you think that is long enough for a hen run?"

"Sir!"

"Oh, I'm sorry! I do not want you to answer if you are betraying any of the secrets of your success; but, really, I do want to breed poultry like yours."

"Then," she sniffed contemptuously, "then pay for your advice!"

He followed her to the front gate, and leaned on it very dejectedly. Even the garden, already blossoming out in a place of beauty under his untiring efforts, failed to attract him.

Two women approaching, however, dispelled his chagrin. The elder, Mrs. Tomkins, wife of Tom Tomkins, the nurseryman and florist, kept one eye on the massive plants she was carrying and the other upon her daughter Minnie, just blossoming into a gawky, self-conscious womanhood. Mrs. Tomkins had "visions" about Minnie's future. The girl turned up her nose at household duties, and read novels, a sure indication to Mrs. Tomkins that she was intended for a "higher class." Therefore, when Charlie nervously stepped out into the road and accosted them, the mother choked back her rising hopes, and Minnie grinned and blushed painfully.

"Allow me!" Charlie took the plants, and laid them carefully upon the garden path. "May I have a word with you, please?" he begged.

"Certainly! Minnie, you had better stop where you are."

"No!" Charlie stammered. "If you don't mind I'd prefer Minnie to come with us."

"As you like." She marched after him with an air of conscious pride, but before reaching the house Charlie stopped, and indicated a sunny border.

"Do you think—may I ask you if you think geraniums would look well there?"

Without a word, without noticing his existence, Mrs. Tomkins turned on her heel, angrily swung her daughter round, and marched away.

For a week Charlie was moody and taciturn. He confided his trouble to his mother, of course. She was a widow, and Charlie her only son, and although he had long passed the "apron-string" stage, he did not think it unmanly to solicit her assistance.

Curiously, the after effect was that Mrs. Towers became exceedingly friendly with Sadie's mother. Within a month they had strengthened a life-long acquaintance, and

HOME

DAINTY RECIPES.

Powdered Horseradish.—Slice the horseradish rather thin, lay in the oven till thoroughly dry, then pound and bottle for use.

Tapioca for Invalids.—Put one ounce of crushed tapioca to soak in cold water, drain dry, and then add to one pint and a half of milk, which must be sweetened and flavored to taste.

Horseradish Sauce.—Take the pulp from two large baked apples, let it cool, and then add a stick of horseradish, grated. Mix to a smooth paste, and stir in vinegar and sugar to taste.

An excellent way of cooking eggs is to break them into boiling milk without beating. Cook slowly, stirring now and then; when done turn out on to a thick slice of highly-buttered toast, seasoning with pepper and salt.

Almond Cheesecake Filling.—Take three ounces of powdered almonds, six ounces of sugar, one dessert-spoonful of rose-water or milk, a beaten egg, and some ratafia flavoring. Mix smoothly together, and add for filling pastry-cases.

Liverpool Pie.—Line a shallow dish with a thin layer of pastry, chop up some cold meat coarsely, with a boiled onion. Season with mixed herbs, pepper and salt, mixing all thoroughly and moistening with stock. Cover with crust, and bake till the pastry is cooked.

Brown Meal Biscuits.—One pound of wheaten meal, one teaspoonful of baking-powder, a teaspoonful of brown sugar, and a pinch of salt. Mix thoroughly into this, five ounces of butter. Make all into a stiff paste with a little milk. Roll out very thin and bake in rather a quick oven.

Hash Pie.—Warm a cupful of cold mashed potatoes with a little milk and butter, add a few tablespoonsfuls of chopped meat, seasoning, and a beaten egg. Make into a mound on a buttered pie-plate, scatter breadcrumbs over, and bake for twenty minutes.

Tea Loaves.—Mix together one pound of flour, one teaspoonful of baking-powder, and half a teaspoonful of salt; rub into this two ounces of butter; add sufficient milk to make it into a stiff dough. Knead it well, then form into loaves, brush over with milk, and bake in a quick oven.

Veal Goose.—Procure a breast of veal, bone it, trim neatly, and lay on a board. Cover this thickly with sage and onion stuffing. Roll up tightly, and bind with tape to keep it in shape. Then roast in the oven or before a good fire, basting frequently. Send to table very hot, with a rich brown gravy.

Chocolate Icing.—Place in a saucerpan a quarter of a pound of icing or castor sugar, one ounce of grated chocolate, and one tablespoonful of water, adding a little more if necessary. Stir over a moderate fire till the icing is as thick as cream. Spread this evenly on a cake, dipping the knife occasionally into boiling water. When finished, stand in a warm place to dry.

Grey Pudding.—Take a heaped teaspoonful of fine flour, and rub into it one ounce and a half of butter

Some housekeepers sweeten custards after they are cooked, instead of before, claiming that this will prevent curdling.

In sleeping keep the head as low as possible that the blood may circulate freely in the brain. The less pillows the better.

A flannel dipped in hot water sprinkled with turpentine and laid on the part affected will often relieve lumbago and rheumatism.

Porcelain or earthenware that has become dingy or stained is greatly improved by rubbing or scouring with salt dusted upon a cloth.

For deep chaps at the tip of the fingers apply court plaster. The skin will heal beneath it, and its application immediately relieves the pain.

If you use an oil or gas stove keep a box of sand at hand in case of accident. Sand will extinguish burning oil when water will only increase the flames.

Stair pads cannot always be afforded. When economy is necessary lay several thicknesses of newspaper evenly over the edge of the steps to spare the tred.

An usual way to serve cooked celery as a salad. Stew in long stalks and then allow them to get very cold and serve with mayonnaise or French dressing.

All kitchen tins should be well scoured with sand and soap every time they are used. If they get very badly burnt they can be polished with emery paper.

An old-fashioned and good remedy for corns is to apply a poultice of bread and milk at night; next morning the corn can usually be removed by the finger nail.

When the good housewife wishes to polish her silver she can drop it into a pan of sour milk, leave it half an hour, remove, scald and wipe, and be delighted with results.

Sandwiches prepared in advance of the serving time can be kept as fresh as when first spread by wrapping them in a napkin wrung out of hot water and then placing in a cool place.

When washing potatoes before cooking, use a small scrubbing brush. If they are to be baked "in their jackets," a small piece ought to be cut off each end, so that the steam can escape.

When stoning raisins rub a little butter or other grease over your fingers before beginning, and you will be able to stone them with little trouble. A little butter should also be rubbed on the blade of the knife.

When the carpet has that dusty, dingy look, it may be greatly freshened and brightened by washing it in a solution of alum and water, or one made of soda and water. Wash and dry quickly.

When next cooking prunes, just before removing them from the stove add a little arrowroot, wet with cold water. This will thicken the syrup ever so slightly, enhancing the flavor of the fruit.

If a teaspoonful of salt and one of pulverized soap are added to every two cupfuls of starch, it will give a beautiful lustre to the starched clothes.

Always sew lace with fine thread and never with silk, for the silk stitches are very noticeable. This is true, no matter how coarse the lace.

When washing knives, never let the handles, whether they be black or white, get wet. It is a good plan to have a salt jar full of soda water for washing the knives, tak-

On the Farm

WORD WITH DAIRY FARMERS.

The outcome of every man's honest, his profession and finally himself individually, depends very much upon how he looks at himself, says Hoard's Dairymen. What are his standards in the conduct of his work? How does he honor himself and his life work in his mind? We do not know how much conceit or vanity he may have, but rather how much honest pride does he take in the profession he follows? There is a most powerful influence for good or ill in this question. One of the most powerful causes for poor, shiftless farming, miserable, low-grade cattle, run down farm, and all the long train of evils that attend in the wake of such things is to start with a low-down standard of what the farmer ought to be.

There is the beginning of the trouble. "He takes no pride in his farming," is the verdict. Go

where you will that sort of a farmer barely exists. He never makes money in farming nor does he win credit.

That is the reason why we have to ask the question that stands as the caption to this short article. Depend upon it, that the outcome of every farmer's life either in riches, or honor, or respect among his fellow men, will hang very largely upon the way that question is answered. Human nature is very queer. We have known some very unworthy, shiftless farmers who talk loudest about the rights and the honor of the farmer. It was to be found in their case in what they said, not what they did. One of the surest ways to make money in farming is to take an honest pride in the conduct of the farm.

SETTING MILK FOR CHEESE.

The proper method of setting the milk after it has been ripened to the necessary degree of acidity depends upon the temperature of the milk and the strength of rennet used. The ideal temperature seems to be from 84 to 88 degrees, preferably the former; too high temperature causes the curds to harden too quickly with loss of fat, and low temperature requires longer time for a proper degree of hardness or a soft cheese or curd will be the result. It must be borne in mind that we must have a uniform temperature throughout the vat of milk.

The amount of rennet to use depends upon its strength, the temperature and acidity of the milk, and the kind of cheese to be made; from 2 to 4 ounce per 1,000 lbs. of milk may be used; it should coagulate the milk sufficiently for cutting it from 20 to 35 minutes after adding. The rennet should be diluted with about forty times as much cold water before adding to the milk; this allows it to be well stirred into the milk before coagulation begins. Always use a rake to stir rennet in with; a dipper can be used and is preferred by many makers. After stirring the rennet in, it is wise to keep the surface of the vat gently agitated to prevent cream rising. Always use a rake to stir rennet in with; a dipper can be used and is preferred by many makers. After stirring the rennet in, it is wise to keep the surface of the vat gently agitated to prevent cream rising.

When washing knives, never let the handles, whether they be black or white, get wet. It is a good plan to have a salt jar full of soda water for washing the knives, tak-

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ed the "apron-string" stage, he did not think it unmanly to solicit her assistance.

Curiously, the after effect was that Mrs. Towers became exceedingly friendly with Sadie's mother. Within a month they had strengthened a life-long acquaintance, and were almost inseparable, and Charlie seemed to lose some of his awkwardness in Sadie's presence.

One day the two old ladies were sitting together, obviously ill at ease. Sadie, as usual, thoughtful and careful of their comfort, busied herself to no effect.

"You might go down to the house and see if Charlie is there," said Mrs. Towers presently. And Sadie went.

She proceeded slowly and confusedly. Rumors of Charlie's curious methods of obtaining information had reached her, and she felt uncomfortably certain her going to the house would be watched and commented upon. And again, her pale face flushed in turn, and her eyes, big and expressive, were eloquent of her secret.

"Sadie!" He met her at the gate, and gasped when she turned to retrace her steps. "Won't you spare me a minute, please?"

She hesitated, and then followed him. At the sunny border he stopped, and asked her opinion. Satisfied with her reply, he proceeded, and gave a grunt of relief when she admired the "French" window.

He led her to the rear of the house, and asked her opinion upon the hen-run, and then conversation lagged. They returned to the house, and Charlie showed her a side entrance.

"There are really two houses, although outwardly they appear one. This—the smaller—is for mother. She doesn't want to be far away even though I am to be married."

"Married?" She turned white, and clutched the door for support.

"Yes. And if your mother, Sadie, would join her I think they would be very comfortable. What do you think?"

"But what about me?"

"Well, you know—you must know, Sadie, I built the house for you. Will you not come, love?"

Half an hour later, Charlie, looking very proud and happy, pushed Sadie, blushing and confused, into the presence of the two old ladies. For a second she hesitated, whilst they searched her face with eager, questioning eyes, and then she flung her arms around Charlie's mother, and kissed her.

WORKING BACKWARD.

A Japanese house is built quite differently from an English one. The roof, which with us is the last important part of the outward structure to be completed, is with the Japanese the first thing to be finished. All the tools used by the carpenters and joiners have a reversed action. The Japanese carpenter does not push a plane away from him, but pulls it toward him. The gimlets are threaded in the opposite way to ours; the saws are made so as to cut on the upward pull and not on the downward thrust; screws have their threads reversed, and keyholes are made upside down and the keys turned backward. In the house, if the clock is an old one it will have stationary hands, with the face revolving backward and the hours marked 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, and so on, reckoning onward from noon.

erate fire till the icing is as thick as cream. Spread this evenly on cake, dipping the knife occasionally into boiling water. When finished, stand in a warm place to dry.

Grey Pudding.—Take a heaped teacupful of fine flour, and rub into it one ounce and a half of butter or clarified dripping. Add to this one teaspoonful of baking powder, a pinch of salt, half a teaspoonful of ground ginger, and a tablespoonful of caster sugar. Mix with an egg and a gill of milk, adding more milk if necessary. Pour into a greased basin and steam for one hour and a half.

Potato Pastry.—Take four ounces of cold boiled floury potato and pass through a sieve, mix with it four ounces of flour, a pinch of salt, one teaspoonful of baking powder, and rub into it two ounces and a half of clarified dripping. Work into a dough, adding, if necessary, a little cold water. This should be rolled out very thin, and is excellent for pies, tarts, jam puffs, and so on.

Salmon Fritters.—Take a tin of salmon, remove all bits of skin and bone, drain away the fluid, and break it up with a fork. Add two tablespoonfuls of white breadcrumbs, one beaten egg, a teaspoonful of chopped parsley, pepper and salt to taste. Put some clarified fat into a frying-pan, and, when smoking hot, lay in the mixture, pressed together in tablespoonfuls. Fry lightly on both sides, drain on paper, and pile on a hot dish, garnished with parsley, and slices of lemon.

Orange Jelly Preserve.—Wash and grate off the outer rind of some Seville oranges, cut each in half, and squeeze the juice. Put the pulp that has been squeezed into a preserving-pan, allowing a quart of water to a pound of fruit. Boil for an hour, or till the water is reduced to half. Cool a little, add the juice, and strain all through a cloth. To every pint of liquor add one pound and a quarter of sugar. Bring to the boil, and boil fast for twenty minutes, skimming well. This makes a firm jelly, which is appreciated instead of marmalade.

Rice Cake.—Mix together one quarter of a pound of ground rice, three ounces of fine flour, and one teaspoonful of baking powder. Cream three ounces of butter with four ounces of caster sugar; add a beaten egg, yolk and white beaten separately, and two tablespoonfuls of milk. Add gradually the dry ingredients, beating well all the time. Bake in a greased tin for nearly an hour. The grated rind of an orange makes a delicious flavoring, or a teaspoonful of essence of vanilla may be used.

USEFUL HINTS.

If plates or dishes are burnt in the oven, they may be cleaned with damp salt, well rubbed in.

A slice of lemon put into the copper when boiling clothes is said to make the garments white.

Before boiling eggs which have been preserved in lime, pierce the broad end of the shell with a pin.

A cloth dipped in salt and rubbed on frosted windows will remove the thickest frost almost instantly.

When peeling lemons for cooking purposes, be sure never to cut any of the white skin, as it has a bitter flavor.

When using a lemon in the kitchen for flavoring purposes it is an excellent plan to heat it before cutting it in half.

stitches are very noticeable. This is true, no matter how coarse the lace.

When washing knives, never let the handles, whether they be black or white, get wet. It is a good plan to have a salt jar full of soda water for washing the knives, taking care that the water only covers the blades.

It is recommended that a little vinegar be added to the water in which stockings are rinsed after being washed. The stockings should then be dried wrong side out. Colored stockings will not be faded, and black ones will retain their original lustre.

SETBACK FOR BURGLAR.

Apparatus Invented Which Sets Bells Ringing.

A new invention is announced which adds yet one more scientific peril to burglary and safe-breaking. It is a little apparatus which sets bells ringing in police stations, watchmen's lodgings, and similar places the moment a light is shone upon it, and once the bell has started only the man with the key of the place where the electric batteries are can stop it.

This invention was made by M. E. Dafan, of Jouzac, Germany, and depends upon the fact that a substance called selenium acquires a door, or anywhere else, and a burglar throws his light on it, the bells begin to ring. The selenium when a light shines upon it the property of allowing an electric current to pass through it.

When it is placed on a safe or a is arranged so that it is in contact with platinum wires, and this arrangement is called a "selenium cell." Wires leading from the cell are attached to an electric battery and to an automatic arrangement which actuates the bell.

What happens is this: When the light causes the selenium to allow the current from the battery to pass through it the current magnetizes a bar of iron.

The latter attracts a light metal arm to it, and the electric bell is then connected up by live wires and rings.

The selenium cell measures about 3 inches by 1 inch, and costs \$14. It would, he explained, be necessary to cover the cell over in daytime, as continuous light causes the selenium to lose its power. It could be covered with a varnish that is transparent to light.

Of course the first rays of the dawn shining in upon the selenium cell would start the bell ringing, and to overcome that it would be necessary either to have shutters or blinds which would, when closed or drawn, convert the office in which the safe stood into a dark room, or else to arrange by means of clock-work that the selenium would be automatically covered over by a slide at the moment of daylight in the morning.

ALL NECESSARY.

"You have three pairs of glasses, professor?"

"Yes; I use one to read with, one to see at a distance, and the third to find the others."

The game of politics is all right for men who wish to try out their reputations.

Bawlin—What can you do with a boy that's full of pure coquettishness? Chayne—If it's strictly pure, with no admixture, nothing.

Always use a rake to stir rennet in; a dipper can be used and is preferred by many makers. After stirring the rennet in, it is wise to keep the surface of the vat gently agitated to prevent cream rising, being sure to stop all motion before coagulation begins. Whenever possible, it is wise to cover the vat to exclude cold air, flies and dust. Close watch should be kept to note the condition so that the cutting may be begun at the proper time.

Great care should be taken to stir the rennet evenly throughout the whole vat, as uneven coagulation causes excessive loss of vat and casein as well as imperfect texture and body.

No maker should ever attempt to stir the rennet in the vat when he has other work that calls his attention before the stirring process can be completed; it would not cause so much loss to leave the vat and delay the adding of the rennet until such time as he can give the vat the necessary time and attention. More loss of fat and casein is caused by the makers in this stage of cheese making than any one is aware of. The temperature at which the cheese may be cured should also be considered and the amount of rennet to use; for a quick ripening at high temperature more rennet may be used, but for ripening at about 55 degrees to 60 degrees, use not more than 2 1/4 ounces of rennet.—R. C. H. Fowler in the New York Produce Review.

FEES THAT WERE FORTUNES.

Patients Who Showed Their Gratitude in Solid Shape.

In an English court a few days ago, two lawyers in turn mentioned a doctor who got \$25,000 for curing an old lady of a cold. At least the doctor said he got it, and indeed mentioned the fact on the witness stand.

Handsome as it was there are many larger fees on record. It is not many years since the Nawab of Hampur caused an English army surgeon amazement and delight by presenting him with \$60,000 as an acknowledgment of his occasional attendance during an attack of rheumatism. This would, no doubt, be considered quite a moderate fee by Professor Zacherine, of Moscow, who, in return for two days' attendance on the Tsar of Russia, was, it is said, paid \$75,000.

An Englishman, however, once carried away from the Russian Court an even more valuable ward. This was Dr. Dimsdale, a Hertford physician, who was speedily summoned to inoculate the Empress Catherine and her son. He received \$90,000, a life pension of \$2,500 a year, and the rank of baron. Sir Astley Cooper once had a nightcap thrown at him by a wealthy patient upon whom he had operated. "I pocketed the affront," he remarked, and on investigation found that the nightcap contained a thousand guineas.

"But, dad," pleaded the son, "she's a nice girl. What's your objection to my marrying? You were young yourself once." "Don't remind me of it," said the father, overcome with emotion. "It was then that I met your mother."

Snow comes down in winter and so does the price of ice.

one drew the old scarf more closely round her with a shiver born of fatigue as much as cold.

"If only my mother had lived," she mused sorrowfully. "Dr. Grantley is very kind, but he does not quite understand all I feel; bad, wretched, miserable as this life is, I would sooner cling to it—I would sooner starve than write to my father's people. How can I ever forget that they disowned my mother when she came back from India a broken-hearted widow to ask for help?

"Was it a crime to have married my father secretly and against their wishes? Yet because she was poor, and had gone against their wishes, they left her to die and me to starve. No—no, if my father's people ever want me they must seek me, not I them. Yes, on that point I am resolved, whatever comes!" She sighed a sharp, deep sigh. "It's all very dark and dreary, and it's awful to live knowing that Aunt Matilda hates me; but there is one joy given to me. Uncle Henry loves me; he can't help me or protect me from insult and drudgery, still he loves me, poor uncle."

Two hot, large tears stole slowly down Nancy's pale cheeks and dropped onto the old plaid wrap that was folded round her. She hugged the books she held closer to her with a nervous gesture which betokened that some new and painful thought had come to oppress and trouble her.

"I could almost grow content," she mused on, "or, at least, try to make myself so, if Aunt Matilda would only meet me halfway; but she grows worse and worse and since Mr. Moss—ah!—the girl murmured, suddenly—"I hate that man! I—I am afraid of him. Sometimes I feel as if against myself he will carry out his awful threat and marry me—marry me!" Involuntarily Nancy stopped, a cold shudder ran through her. "I feel so powerless against him, and there is no one to help me; Aunt Matilda encourages him, she thinks him too good for me; she would only laugh, and turn things into ridicule if I were to ask her to protect me from Thomas Moss." She moved slowly on, but she was trembling now in every limb.

She was drawing near to her home. Down at the bottom of the narrow street she could see the flaming gas jets outside the small grocer's shop where she lived.

Nancy stopped suddenly, a man was standing by the door; he was glancing eagerly up and down the street. Nancy knew for whom he was looking. It was Thomas Moss—looking for her.

Without hesitation she turned aside and walked rapidly into a by-street. "Of course Aunt Matilda

mean, sordid, cruel nature, and hated him for his persistency in declaring love for herself.

She walked as quickly as she could down the side street.

She was very tired, but she seemed to grow easier away from the shop and that form. Suddenly, however, she felt her arm touched, and, turning with a start, she found herself followed and caught by the very man she was hurrying away from.

She shrank back so quickly that Moss could not fail to see it.

"Your aunt's looking for you, Nancy," he said. "I've been watching for you, and I saw you turn down here; what did you do it for? Don't you get into enough rows as it is? And you know it ain't quite proper for you to be out at this time of night alone."

Nancy's lips were trembling.

"I—I prefer to be alone, Mr. Moss," she said, nervously, yet with pride and determination.

"That means," he replied, rather huskily, "that you don't want me, don't it, Nancy?"

She drew a deep breath.

"You know very well that I do not want you, either now or at any other time," she said, in low, clear tones.

Unconsciously she had commenced to walk on again, and her feet hurried, but Moss kept pace with her. "Take care, Nancy, take care," he muttered, in a voice heavy with anger and threat. "I'm not going to stand this much longer—you're going too far. Didn't I tell you last night that you can't fight against me? I am too strong for you, Nancy, my girl—too strong for you. You'll have to give in in the end. Why won't you be more sensible? All the people in the neighborhood know what's going on, and that you are going to be my wife—I—"

"How—how dare you talk to me like this?" flashed out poor Nancy, almost distraught at his words. "I will never, never marry you. I will appeal to my uncle; he—he will help me."

"Your uncle?" Moss laughed, shortly. "Why, the old man will only be too glad to be rid of you, and see you in a home of your own. It's common-sense, my dear girl. The shop isn't paying, and you, pretty though you are, ain't kent for nothing. Your uncle, indeed? Why, he couldn't protect a fly!"

"Oh, you are a coward!" Nancy said, in deep, passionate tones, "you know that my uncle loves me. I hate you more even than I did before. I tell you again I will never be your wife. Don't you understand? I hate you! Oh, if I could only tell you how much I hate you, Thomas Moss!"

A smothered exclamation broke from the man's lips. This girl's indifference, her contempt, her openly-expressed hatred, lashed his passion to fury.

They had neared a quiet corner, across one end of which ran a broader street leading to a more fashionable quarter. Putting out his strong hand, Moss gripped Nancy's arm, and drew her back against the wall.

"I've stood enough for one night," he said, in ominously quiet tones. "Hate me as much as you like, Nancy, you won't alter me. I love you, my girl—love you! You've nearly driven me mad, and I ain't one to stand being fooled for nothing."

His hold tightened on her arm, her heart beat with fear and some

suspecting him for a moment and telling him like an ox.

"Look here, you coward!" said the stranger, firmly; "don't try any more of your tricks or defiance girls again, or it may go harder with you next time!"

And with that he turned on his heel and went on his way.

(To be continued.)

WOULD NOT BE WITHOUT BABY'S OWN TABLETS

Mothers having once used Baby's Own Tablets for their little ones would not be without them. These Tablets are a never failing remedy

for the little ills such as constipation, colic, worms, colds, etc., that afflict so many little ones. And then, too, they can be given with absolute safety to the youngest child for they are sold under the guarantee of a Government analyst

to contain no opiate or other harmful drug. Concerning them Mrs. Chas. Whatley, Peterboro, Ont., writes: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for my little girl and have found them to be of great value. Others to whom I have recommended the Tablets say they would not be without them." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

TERRIFYING NIGHT IN COREA.

Noblemen's Funeral Provides Weird Scenes.

The mountain, north of Seoul, is crossed by Peking Pass. We had overtaken the relay of chair-coolies in the afternoon, but the journey had been long and trying on all, and the men, completely exhausted, swayed and reeled from one side of the path to the other under their heavy burden. I insisted that they should rest.

Grateful for an opportunity to rest my cramped limbs, I scrambled from the chair, then stood transfixed with fear and terror. Coming over the crest of the mountains were hundreds of torches and lanterns. Faintly from far away came strange wild voices, shouting and screaming. Louder, louder swelled the weird, fantastic noise, and drums, and bells and gongs could be heard.

Turning to the men I cried: "What is this?" and pointed to the strange thing now descending quickly towards us. The men in an excited way talked altogether. I could see that it was something very unusual, and they seemed to be very much frightened. My Christian boy, Ke Tai, came to me from being alarmed. He carefully explained, but using many words I had never heard before. I listened, more mystified than ever; whether it were a mob or an uprising I did not know. He saw that I did not understand, and so at great length and with many more strange words, not in my vocabulary, he tried to enlighten my bewildered mind.

Nearer came the menacing mob, and above the clanging of brass, the yelling and wailing arose in an unearthly roar. Alone, at midnight, on the dark mountain pass, I stood and faced—what? I knew not, but certainly something terrifying and awful. My heart was

SCOTT CLEMENS, MICHIGAN.

Mount Clemens is famous throughout America as an all-the-year-round health resort, and thousands of people bear testimony to the benefits derived from its mineral waters in cases of rheumatism and kindred diseases. For bilious and liver troubles, digestive troubles, nervous disorders, general debility, etc., the efficacy of its waters is wonderful. Seventy-five per cent. of rheumatics are cured and ninety per cent. benefited. Write J. D. McDonald, District Passenger Agent, Grand Trunk Railway System, Toronto, for handsome descriptive booklet telling you all about it.

ALIMONY.

Mrs. Jarr—"Sistah Lobstock has just got a divoce frum her hysban'."

Mrs. Wombat—"Don't say How much ammonia did the cou't done grant her?"

She (during a squabble)—Didn't you promise before we were married to try hard to be worthy of me? He—Yes, and what's the result? I overdid the job, and made myself a hang sight better than you deserve.

"What did the poet mean when he called his country 'the land of the free and the home of the brave'?" "He was probably referring to bachelors and married men," said old Mr. Smithers, sadly.

Away With Depression and Melancholy.—These two evils are the accompaniment of a disordered stomach and torpid liver and mean wretchedness to all whom they visit. The surest and speediest way to combat them is with Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, which will restore the healthful action of the stomach and bring relief. They have proved their usefulness in thousands of cases and will continue to give relief to the suffering who are wise enough to use them.

Some men lost sight of great things by their attention to trifles.

It takes an optimist to side-track trouble when he meets it.

Sores Flee Before It.—There are many who have been afflicted with sores and have driven them away with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, which acts like magic. All similarly troubled should lose no time in applying this splendid remedy, as there is nothing like it to be had. It is cheap, but its power is in no way expressed by its low price.

Fortune may not knock at your door, but you can always depend upon undesirable callers.

As Fire Spreads in dry grass, so does an inflammation in the throat grow down into the lungs. Deal promptly with a cold as with a fire, and when you begin to cough use Allen's Lung Balsam.

"Pa, who was it wrote 'To err is human, to forgive divine'?" "I don't remember now; but I'll bet it was somebody who had erred and been found out."

TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY for Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain. Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, \$1.00. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c, \$1.00. Eye Books and Eye Advice Free by Mail. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.



JUST THINK OF IT! Dyes Wool, Cotton, Silk or Mixed Goods Perfectly with the SAME Dye...No chance of mistakes. Fast and Beautiful Colors 19 cents, from your Druggist or Dealer. Send for Color Card and STORY Booklet. The Johnson-McCormick Co., Limited, Montreal.

Shiloh's Cure
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs . . . 25 cents.

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HE FOUND THEM NO FAITH CURE

BUT DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS CLEANED OUT W. F. BLACK'S SIATICA.

He was in agony when a friend gave him a box. Now he recommends them to everybody.

Newcastle, N. B., Dec. 12 (Special).—In these cold fall days when the chill winds crystallize the uric acid in the blood and cause the pangs of Rheumatism and Sciatica to bring sleepless nights to many a home, a man's best friend is he who can tell his neighbor of a sure cure for his tortures. Such a friend is Wm. F. Black of this place. He suffered from Sciatica and lame back. He was so bad that he could not lace his boots or turn in bed. Dodd's Kidney Pills cured him and he wants all his neighbors to know of the cure.

"Yes," Mr. Black says, in an interview, "I was so bad with Sciatica and Lame Back that I couldn't lace my shoes or turn in bed, when a friend gave me about a third of a box of Dodd's Kidney Pills. I started taking them without much faith in their curative powers, and found them all they were recommended.

"Now I am recommending Dodd's Kidney Pills to all sufferers from Kidney Disease."

Dodd's Kidney Pills are no faith cure. They're a simple but sure cure for diseased kidneys.

SENTENCE SERMONS.

You cannot lead without love. It's no use trying to be a grateful grumbler.

Heavenly love is more than a love for heaven.

Originality is the original sin, according to the bigot.

The best place to feel for the needy is in your pocket.

The cross Christian is not bearing the Christian cross.

Many mistake the worship of custom for the custom of worship.

People who are hungry to be martyrs make a good many miserable.

Love may seem to serve blindly, but the service illuminates the world.

Many a saint would stoop in service but for fear of losing his halo.

Many a man thinks he is pious who is only peddling other people's phrases.

It is better to be killed by hard times than to have to work hard to kill time.

The fact that you are displeasing people is not evidence that you are pleasing the Lord.

It seems as though heaven might be a dull place, remember they have an inside view of all our antics.

You cannot always trust the motives of the man who thinks he can tell you all about the motives of the Most High.

Shiloh's Cure

quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. - 25 cents.

MAY BE WOODY-HEADED.

EFFECTS OF TOBACCO.

Carbon Monoxide a Dangerous Constituent of the Smoke.

It has not been proved that tobacco causes any definite, characteristic lesions of the nose, throat or ear, declares a writer in the Boston Medical and Surgical Journal. While it is possible that the excessive use of tobacco may by indirect action produce a toxic effect upon the olfactory and auditory nerves, with resulting impairment of the sense of smell or of hearing, there is not at the present time any definite laboratory proof for such an opinion, nor is there sufficient clinical evidence to substantiate the belief.

The ill effects of tobacco smoke upon existing diseases of the throat arising from other causes is established and is the same as would be observed from any other form of irritation. That gastric and systemic nervous disturbances may arise from excessive use of tobacco in any of its forms is unquestioned; the nicotine content of tobacco is a recognized poisonous substance, and in the process of smoking there are involved other injurious chemical products.

Carbon monoxide is probably a more dangerous and injurious constituent of tobacco smoke than is nicotine, only a very fractional amount of which ever enters the tissues. If there is any more danger to be anticipated from cigarette than from cigar smoking .. is to be looked for solely in the inhalation of the smoke; cigarette smoking without inhaling is no more injurious than is pipe or cigar smoking, probably not as much so, unless enormous numbers are smoked.

ZAM-BUK CURES PILES.

Maritime Magistrate's Case.

Mr. C. E. Sanford of Weston, King's Co., N. S., a Justice of the Peace for the county, and a Deacon of the Baptist Church in Berwick, says: "I have used Zam-Buk for piles and found it a splendid remedy. It cured me."

Mr. Thomas Pearson, of Prince Albert, Sask., writes: "Last summer I had a fever, which left me with piles. I started to use Zam-Buk, and three or four boxes effected a complete cure."

Zam-Buk will also be found a sure cure for cold sores, chapped hands, frost bite, ulcers, eczema, blood-poison, varicose sores, scalp sores, ringworm, inflamed patches, babies' eruptions and chapped places, cuts, burns, bruises, and skin injuries generally. All druggists and stores sell at 50c box, or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, upon receipt of price. You are warned against harmful imitations and substitutes. See the registered name 'Zam-Buk' on every package before buying.

NOT ALWAYS.

She—They say that experience is a great teacher.

He—Yes; but you can be a coachman all your life, and not know how to bet on a horse race.

Holloway's Corn Cure takes the corn out by the roots. Try it and prove it.

FAILURE.

"I told the woman up the road," said the tramp, "that it was more blessed to give than to receive."



The Rayo Lamp is a high grade lamp, sold at a low price. There are lamps that cost more because it is better lamp made at any price. Constructed of solid brass; nickel plated; easily kept clean; an ornament to any room in any house. There is nothing equal to the art of lamp-making that can add to the value of the RAYO Lamp as a light-giving device. Every dealer everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of

The Queen City Oil Company, Limited, Toronto.

THE RIGHT WAY

In all cases of
**DISTEMPER, PINK EYE, INFLUENZA,
COLDS, ETC.**

of all horses, broodmares, colts, stallions, is to
SPOHN THEM"

on their tongues or in the feed put Spohn's Liquid Compound. Give the remedy to all of them. It acts on the blood and glands. It routes the disease by expelling the disease germs. It wards off the trouble no matter how they are "exposed." Absolutely free from any injurious. A child safely take 10cc. and \$1.50 to \$1.00 per dose. Sold by druggists and harness dealers.

Distributors
All Wholesale Druggists

**SPOHN MEDICAL CO.,
Chemists and Bacteriologists
GOSHEN, IND., U. S. A.**



A flavoring used the same as lemon or vanilla. By dissolving granulated sugar in water, and adding Mapleine, a delicious syrup is made and a syrup better than maple. Mapleine is sold by grocers. If you send 25c for 2 oz. bottle and recipe book, Crescent Mfg. Co., Seattle, Wash.

MAPLEINE

DON'T OVERDRAW YOUR BANK ACCOUNT.

To overdraw your bank account, whether mentally or physically, is more suicidal even than to overdraw materially. Repair wasted tissues, strengthen shattered nerves and rejuvenate your rheumatic system by visiting the famous Mineral Salt Springs of the "St. Catharines Well" of St. Catharines, Ont. A postal card to J. D. McDonald, District Passenger Agent, Grand Trunk Railway System, Toronto, will bring illustrated descriptive matter.

SUBSTIGUTE.

Charlie (bidding good-bye)—"I haven't the cheek to kiss you."

Alice—"Use mine."

A Simple and Cheap Medicine.—A simple, cheap and effective medicine is something to be desired. There is no medicine so effective a regulator of the digestive system as Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. They are simple, they are cheap, they can be got anywhere, and their beneficial action will prove their recommendation. They are the medicine of the poor man and those who wish to escape doctors' bills will do well in giving them a trial.

THE REST WAS LAUGHTER.

"O Dear!" cried Mrs. Mason, seizing spoon and bending over a dish on the supper-table. "Here's a fly in my preserve."

"I'll bet he never got in a worse jam in his life," hazarded Mr. Mason, with the chuckle of a husband who rejoices in a momentary eminence over his wife.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED FOR TWO NEW LINES.

A greatest premium proposition in Canada.

Apply for particulars to Bellery, 228 Albert St., Ottawa.

AGENTS — \$5.00 A DAY EASY. NO EXPENSES needed. Work by night. Absolute security for farmers. Does work of 30 men. Pays for itself in one hour. Write to Handy Jacks Co., Varna Out.

WANTED.

WANTED—MILITARY LAND GRANTS.

Ontario or Dominion. Kindly state location and price. Box 88, Montreal.

LEARN THE BARBER TRADE — NEW SYSTEM—constant practice—careful instruction—few weeks complete course—tools free. Graduates receive twenty to eighteen dollars weekly. Write for catalogues. Molar Barber College, 21 Queen East, Toronto.

CANCER. Tumors, Lumps, etc. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before leaving. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

THE TORONTO HOSPITAL FOR INCURABLES offers two years training complete course—massage post-graduate course in Bellevue and Alber Hospital, New York. Applications will be received by Miss Green, Lady Superintendent, 130 Dunn Avenue.

JAPANESE HAIR TONIC.

We want every man and woman who has Dandruff or whose Hair is falling off to try Japanese Hair Tonic. Stops itching, snags, makes hair grow thick and abundant. For 4 cents we will send Post Free a 30c package equal to any dollar package—enough for two months' treatment.

MACKENZIE'S MEDICAL HALL, Chatham, N.B., Canada.

CLEANING LADIES' WALKING OR OUTING SUITS can be done perfectly by our French process. Try at Erieth American Dyeing Co., Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa and Quebec.

The Soul of a Pianist is the Action. Insist on the

"OTTO HIGEL"

Piano Action

TO PARTIES HAVING FUNDS TO LOAN.

The Consolidated Mortgage Company, Winnipeg, the management of which is in the hands of a number of the leading and most successful business men of Western Canada, will undertake to loan funds for private parties upon first mortgages on farms in Manitoba, Saskatchewan,

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the Most High.

Shiloh's Cure

quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. 25 cents.

MAY BE WOODEN-HEADED.

Caller—"I didn't know your son was at college. Is this his freshman year?"

Mrs. Bunderby—"Oh, no, indeed! He's a sycamore."

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

POSITIVE KNOWLEDGE.

Englishman—"Have you any Dreadnoughts in America?"

Yankee—"Surely, I married one."

Painkiller in winter checks chills, breaks up colds and thus prevents Bronchitis, Lagrippe and Rheumatism. Unparalleled as a liniment for frost bites, chilblains, bruises, sprains. Sold by all druggists. Only one Painkiller—Perry Davis.

PROOF.

"Have you forgotten that \$5 you owe me?"

"Not at all. Didn't you see me try to dodge into that doorway?"

To have the children sound and healthy is the first care of a mother. They cannot be healthy if troubled with worms. Use Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator.

Giles (who has just cashed a check)—I don't think this money's right. The Cashier—Would you mind counting it again, sir, I think you'll find it correct. Giles (having done so)—Yes, but you be careful, young man; it's only just right.

Sore throat leads to Tonsilitis, Quinsy and Diphtheria. Hamlin's Wizard Oil used as a gargle upon the first symptoms of a sore throat will invariably prevent all three of these dread diseases.

The One—I can't understand why you imagine she has wonderful conversational powers, when, as a matter of fact, she talks extremely little. The Other—That's just it. She shows remarkable discretion in the selection of things to be left unsaid.

River steamers and forwarding Agents at Prince Rupert are accepting freight for up river points at the shipper's risk only. There is now enough freight at Prince Rupert, so they say, to keep all the river boats busy until the close of navigation. Warehouses at Port Essington are full of freight as well as local warehouses at Prince Rupert. Transportation to Big Canon by rail over the Grand Trunk Pacific is expected to open within the next 30 days, but beyond that point there will only be stages and pack trains for the new towns beyond Hazleton.

"Seventeen mothers in the village mothers' club agreed to decide by ballot which had the handsomest baby." "Well, who won it?" "Each baby got one vote!"

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

"I made an awful mistake yesterday." "What was it?" "I asked Cashleigh to lend me \$5, and he had to change a ten to do it. I might just as well have borrowed the ten-spot."

Holloway's Corn Cure takes the corn out by the roots. Try it and prove it.

FAILURE.

"I told the woman up the road," said the tramp, "that it was more blessed to give than to receive."

"What did she say?"

"She said she'd be blessed if she could see it."

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

"I suppose rum brought you here," remarked the Magistrate severely. "Yes, your Honor; the cop that arrested me was loaded to the nozzle," replied the prisoner.

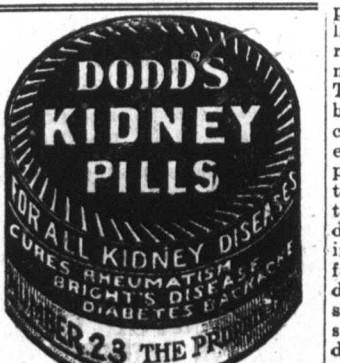
Allens Lung Balsam is especially intended to break up neglected coughs, and many hopeless cases have been saved by its use. Contains no opium in any form.

"I don't believe any two words in the English language are synonymous." "Oh, I don't know. What's the matter with 'raise' and 'lift'?" "There's a big difference. I 'raise' chickens and have a neighbor who has been known to 'lift' them."

Commenting editorially on "The Trek to Canada," the New York Times advises the United States Government to advertise. "Set forth to the farmer and the business men of Canada the superior advantages of life in the United States," says the Times. One trouble about carrying out this programme is that Canada thought of it first and set forth her advantages.

The Dominion Government has been busy for ten years and the western fields have made good. Nothing is more convincing than the moving pictures shown by the Grand Trunk, picturing reapers reaping fields of Saskatchewan, where the oats average 47 bushels per acre as against 27 in the great State of Iowa, and when we compare the wheat yield of Canada to that of the wheat producing States in the Republic we find that Canada produces almost double the average yield gathered in the American fields. One may travel for 100 miles in parts of Texas to-day without seeing even a bluebird or a sparrow. Spur tracks are built and water tanks set in on flat cars to water passing locomotives, for even the artisan wells have gone dry.

Small Boy (applying for situation)—What kind of a boy do you want? Merchant—A nice, quiet boy, that doesn't use bad words, smoke cigarettes, whistle around the office, play tricks or get into mischief. Small Boy—You don't want no boy; you want a girl.



ISSUE NO. 51-10.

sun, with the chuckle of a husband who rejoices in a momentary eminence over his wife.

FAILURE.

I was cured of painful Goitre by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

BAYARD McMULLIN.

Chatham, Ont.

I was cured of Inflammation by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

MRS. W. A. JOHNSON.

Walsh, Ont.

I was cured of Facial Neuralgia by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

Parkdale, Ont.

J. H. BAILEY.

Piano Action

TO PARTIES HAVING FUNDS TO LOAN.

The Consolidated Mortgage Company, Winnipeg, the management of which is in the hands of a number of the leading and most successful business men of Western Canada, will undertake to loan funds for private parties upon First Mortgages on Farms in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

These loans will return remunerative rates of interest and the securities will be strictly first class. Valuation made by one of the leading Trust Companies and guaranteed by them to be correct.

For full information address
The Consolidated Mortgage Company,
317 Portage Avenue, Winnipeg,
MANITOBA.

IODINOL \$1 a box 6 for \$5

The most highly efficient application for the reduction of Swellings, Goitre, Thick Neck, Glandular Enlargements. Its Positive.

PILES of all kinds, in any and all stages, quickly relieved and positively cured. Cure your suffering and live quietly. "Common Sense" for Piles will do it. \$1 a box, 5 to 6 boxes. Mailed on receipt of price.

LYLE MEDICINE COMPANY, TORONTO

Rich and Costly Furs

THE COSTLIEST FURS come from your part of the COUNTRY. SHIP THEM to the EAST FUR MARKET and RIGHT PURCHASE HOUSE. By shipping DIRECT you will receive far better PRICES than you have obtained elsewhere, because we sell direct, the manufacturers of HIGH GRADE FURS.

A trial shipment will CONVINCE you. A specially arranged price list for your Territory will be mailed upon request. We pay all expressage charge no commissions, and remit promptly.

LEOPOLD GASSNER FUR CO.
84 East 12th St., Capital
New York City fixed at \$250,000.00

REMARKABLE.

"I remember," said the Yankee, "when I was in Cincinnati we planted a small rose bush one morning and in the afternoon a large bush had come up, off which we gathered a score of full-blown roses."

"Oh, that's nothing," retorted the Britisher. "Why, I recollect burying a cat in our back yard one day, and in about an hour a sanitary inspector came up!"

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

PNEUMONIA WARNING.

Good Ventilation is the Secret of Its Prevention.

Dr. Nieff, Philadelphia's Director of Health, has sent out a circular warning the people of the dangers of pneumonia and telling them how to prevent it. "Ventilation is the key-note of prevention from pneumonia whether in office, public building, sitting room or bedroom," says Dr. Nieff. "Day and night pure air should be breathed. The old superstition that the breathing of night air is conducive to disease has been eliminated from the minds of nearly all by public education, with the exception of a few of our foreign population, who still believe that some diseases are spread by the breathing of night air. As a matter of fact, the night air is purer than the day air, as there is less black smoke belching from chimney stacks and locomotives and less dust in the air, owing to reduced street traffic; so windows should be opened both top and bottom in every sleeping room."



Change that limping, useless horse into a sound, healthy horse, willing and eager to do a good day's work.

Don't let a Spavin, Cub, Splint, Sprain, Ringbone or any other Lameness keep your horse in the stable. Cure it with.

Kendall's Spavin Cure

It cures without leaving a scar, blemish or white hairs—because it does not blister.

Port Kells, B.C., June 14th 1909
"I have been using your Liniment for years and find it all that you represent. Have not been without it for 10 years."

GEORGE GORDON.

\$1. a bottle—6 for \$5. Excellent for household use. Sold by all dealers. Ask for free book "A Treatise On The Horse" or write us for copy.

DR. E. J. KENDALL CO. Etnessbury Falls, Vt.

Felt - Boots

Warm, Comfortable Felt Boots are a necessity these cold days. Our stock is complete in all the different styles.

Ladies' neat style Felt Boots, with warm wool linings, at.....	1.50
Ladies' wide comfortable Felt Boots, with Kid Foxings, at.....	1.25 and 1.50
Men's good quality Felt Gaiters Boots at.....	1.25
Other lines of Men's Felt Boots at.....	1.75 2.00 and 2.25

Lumbermen's Rubbers

You need the best—we have them at very low prices.

Drop in and look over our many styles warm Driving Mitts **50c to \$1.50**.

THE J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES, Napanee, Belleville, and Trenton.

Largest Dealers in this Section of Canada.

REMOVAL NOTICE !

I beg to inform the public that I have moved my COAL AND WOOD OFFICE to Dundas St., opposite Campbell House.

CHAS. STEVENS.

Yard : Foot of West Street. 1-tf

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Smith's Jewelry Store

Peterboro Business College

is a link in Canada's Greatest Chain of High-Grade Colleges founded during the past twenty-six years. This chain is the largest trainers of young people in Canada and it is freely admitted that its graduates get the best positions. There is a reason; write for it. A diploma from the Commercial Educators' Association of Canada is a passport to success.

You may study partly at home and finish at the College.

Enter Any Day.

Fall Term opens August 29th

Peterboro Business College

GEO. SPOTTON, President

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Wanted Now.

For Napanee and surrounding district for fall and winter months, an energetic agent to take orders for nursery stock.

Good Pay Weekly.
Outfit Free.
Exclusive Territory

600 ACRES under cultivation. We guarantee to deliver stock in good condition and up to contract grade. We can show that there is good money in representing a well-known reliable firm at this time. Established over 30 years; write for particulars.

PELHAM NURSERY CO.

41-4-m Toronto, Ont.

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS.



IN CHOOSING A GRANITE MONUMENT

you run a big risk in ordering from a picture, from the travelling salesmen.

I Have Large Stock on Hand to Pick From

You won't have to wait three or four months—then hurriedly done up.

V KOUBER, Napanee.

by giving them plenty of
**Mica Crystal Grit, and
Crushed Oyster Shells.**

Oysters--Best Quality.

FRANK H. PERRY.

Phone 130.

BLACK DIAMOND

If you want a

CROSS CUT SAW

that will give

Absolute Satisfaction

Get a Black Diamond.

Every Saw
is backed
by the
Black Diamond
Guarantee.

For sale only by

M. S. MADOLE,

Napanee's Leading Hardware Store.

Phone, 13.

Lehigh Valley Coal

is the best Anthracite Coal on the market today. Since I have been in the coal business I have handled Sorrento and several other kinds of coal, and none can compare with the LEHIGH.

It burns longer, is cleaner, and the sizes are more even.

Leave your order for this season's supply and note the good results.

J. R. DAFOE.

To rid your premises of rats.

Use Wallace's Electric Rat paste. It will do away with rats and mice in short order. It eats them up, flesh and bones. Sold only at Wallace's Red Cross Drug Store.

able time, but was confined to the house but a short time. Deceased came to Napanee nearly fifty years ago and for years carried on a harness business, being succeeded by the late John Carson. Mr. Coates, having earned a competence retired from business and for a number of years lived in the big house on Roblin's hill until the infirmities of age made a residence downtown more desirable, and a couple of years ago rebuilt his late residence. Besides his widow a family of two boys, Mr. Will Coates, Napanee, and Thos. Coates, New Rochelle, N. Y., and four girls, Mrs. H. Glenn, Albany, N. Y., Mrs. Thos. J. Naylor, Deseronto, and Misses Jennie and Euphemia, at home. The funeral will take place from his late residence on Saturday afternoon. Services will be held in S. Mary Magdalene's church, by Rev. Arch Deacon Carey, and the remains placed in Riverside Vault.

AFRICAN WITCH DOCTORS.

They Make Themselves, Like Their Idols, as Hideous as Possible.

The most important period of the young African's life is that between youth and manhood (or womanhood). It is then that the witch doctor is extremely busy with his various mysterious rites. It is an important part of his calling to be hideous, as in most cases he undoubtedly is. A ridiculous mask covers his head, and wildcat or other skins are hung around his loins. Painted of various colors is plentifully daubed over his body, and in this hideous state it is not to be wondered at that he strikes terror into the maidens' hearts as he dances wildly in the dim firelight, glaring at them with fiendish eyes. The timid young creatures are like the hare which trembles as the hovering bird of prey flutters over its head. Self will is crushed, and the erstwhile playful, willful child is transformed in most cases into a frightened creature, with, for the time being, no will of her own. It is a curious thing that nothing connected with what one may call the spiritual side of the blacks' life is ever beautiful. Their carved figures are always, to say the least, grotesque and calculated to frighten rather than comfort the bereaved.—Wide World Magazine.

Twenty Volume Novels.

The longest novels of today are pygmies compared with those published in the seventeenth century. Mlle. de Scudery's "Le Grand Cyrus" ran into ten volumes, its publication being spread over five years. And when it was translated, or, to quote the title page, "Englisched by a Person of Honour," it appeared in five folio volumes of some 500 pages apiece. Another novelist of the same period, La Calprenede, was even more diffuse, one of his works, "Cleopatra," extending over twenty-three volumes. These novels found plenty of readers despite their enormous length. The Paris publisher of "Le Grand Cyrus" made 100,000 crowns by the first edition alone. Nearly all the works of Scudery and Calprenede were translated into English as soon as they appeared and many of them into German as well.—London Chronicle.

The Moral Stimulus of Good Clothes.
Men grow in self respect as they wear good clothes. Their clothes earn them the approval of their fellows. In turn they are forced to grow to fill the measure of good opinion, so that, forced forward by the clothes he wears, men attain to their highest capability.—Sartorial Art Journal.

**Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA**

Beeswax Wanted

Cash paid for all the pure beeswax you are pleased to bring us at The Medical Hall—Napanee's Largest Drug Store—Fred L. Hooper.

David Richardson Dropped Dead in Watertown.

Walking down to the street from his room in the Hermes block on the south side of the Public Square on Tuesday morning about 6:30, David Richardson dropped to the walk in front of Julie Quencer's cafe and when Officer Barnes and others reached him he was dead. Dr. B. C. Cheeseman was hastily summoned to the scene, and on arrival found that the man was probably dead when he struck the walk. He had the body removed to the Guilfoyle morgue and notified Coroner H. L. Smith of the case.

Mr. Richardson was born in Canada 48 years ago but had lived in this city for the past 15 months. During that time he had worked at various jobs, for the past ten months having been employed in the tailor shop of F. Getting at No. 14 Public Square. For the past week Richardson had been complaining of not feeling well, but had continued at his work. Mr. Getting stated that as an employee Mr. Richardson had always been very attentive and industrious.

Coroner H. L. Smith appointed Drs. B. C. Cheeseman and P. E. Thornhill as coroner's physicians to perform an autopsy. This was held, Wednesday forenoon and disclosed the fact that death was caused by an organized blood clot in a valve of the heart. A further investigation was held in Watertown on the arrival of his brother Mr. Ruben Richardson who brought the body to Napanee. He is survived by five brothers, J. B., Ruben, Benjamin, of Napanee, Thos., of Belleville, and John of Picton, Ont.

The funeral took place from Mr. Benjamin Richardson's residence south Napanee on Thursday afternoon to Riverside Cemetery.

Bargains in Monuments.

I wish to announce to the public, that I have a few very choice granite monuments in my yard at the rear of shop, that I will sell at very close figures. There is also an assortment of markers and posts that must be sold off regardless of cost. A call will convince you.

C. J. PAPINEAU.

January Overcoat Sale

\$18.00 Overcoats
Clearing at \$12.00

\$15.00 Overcoats
Clearing at \$10.00

\$13.00 Overcoats
Clearing at \$8.00

\$10.00 Overcoats
Clearing at \$6.90

Boys' Overcoats
Clearing at 1-3 Off.

**THE GRAHAM CO'Y.,
Napanee, Ont.**

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For Scranton Coal.

Call at office corner of Centre and Water Streets, or telephone 128.
P. GLEESON.

Howard's cold-break-ups.

Will break up a cold quickly—perfectly safe to take and they do not leave any bad effect. 25 cents the box at Wallace's Drug Store.

Election of Officers.

At the regular meeting of the Excelsior Fire Brigade, on Tuesday evening, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

F. Blair—Captain,
C. Vanalstine—Lieutenant,
W. Metcalf—Secretary.
H. Vanalstine—Treasurer.
J. Pendell—Hose Captain.

Fred J. Vanalstine was recommended to the council for appointment as Chief Engineer, and C. W. Conway as Assistant Chief Engineer. The members of the company wish to take this means of publicly expressing their thanks to the Bell Telephone Co., for a donation of \$10 towards their funds given for appreciation of the services of the brigade at the recent fire in their premises on Dundas street.

Snow, Snow.

Snow Shovels and Scrapers, Snow Shoes and Toboggans, Skates, Straps and Hand Sleighs, Hockey Sticks and Pucks at

BOYLE & SON'S.

A Rural Checker Tournament.

For some time there has been considerable good-natured rivalry between Odessa and Catarqui in regard to checkers. The first match took place last year, at Odessa, and the Catarqui team lost by two games. A return match was played later at Catarqui and the Odessa team was beaten by the narrowest majority. Last Friday evening the Catarqui team again visited Odessa and the match resulted in thirty-eight wins for Catarqui, thirty wins for Odessa and seventeen games were drawn. After the match the two teams partook of a splendid supper, provided by the Odessa team at Sidney Sprout's hotel.

The Odessa players were Messrs. Smith, Sharp, Lee, Clarke, Sommervil and Parrott, and the Catarqui players were Messrs. John Riley, P. Ward, M. Boyce, C. Grice, T. Gardiner and Dr. Edwards, M.P. The return match will be played at Catarqui Jan. 16th.

Ayer's Almanac 1911.

There is one for you at the Medical Hall—Napanee's Largest Drug Store—Fred L. Hooper.

GEORGE LEAMY.

One of the oldest and best known citizens of Napanee died on Monday, Jan. 2nd, 1911, at 3.30 in the afternoon, when Mr. George Leamy ended a long life at the age of 76 years, spent in doing his duty toward God and man, in a quiet, unostentatious way, although for half of his life he was a great and patient sufferer from inflammatory rheumatism. Mr. George Leamy may be best described as one of nature's noblemen, true to religion, his family, his town and himself. He leaves a widow and three children to mourn his loss, two daughters at home and George F. Leamy, in South Africa. The funeral took place on Wednesday, in St. Patrick's church, at 9.30 a. m., when requiem mass was sung and a large number of Mr. Leamy's friends of every church in town, were present to pay their last respect to the memory of one who has so long been part of the life of Napanee. Ever since he came to Canada in 1885 from King County, Ireland, and helped to build the Roman Catholic Church here in that year since then he has been a loyal and constant member of that, his beloved church.

CURLING.

The President and Vice President games to be played New Year's Day, but postponed on account of the

FALL and WINTER**Suits and Overcoats!**

The quality of trimmings used, and the time and pains we take with the inner hidden parts give you a lasting shape-retaining garment.

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailor, Napanee.

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH

Sunday, Jan. 8th.

The Rev. M. E. Sexsmith, of Newburgh, will occupy the pulpit both morning and evening.

Morning anthem, "Seek Me Early." Evening anthem, "Great is the Lord."

Evening Trio, "Lift Thine Eyes," Elijah, Miss Paul, Miss C. Grange, Miss M. Paul.

PERSONALS

Mr. and Mrs. Holland, Montreal, are guests of her father, Mr. T. H. Waller.

Mr. and Mrs. Gee, Toronto, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Herb Daly last week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Boves were guests of his mother on New Year's.

Miss Barbour, Brockville, spent New Year's with Miss Davy, Dundas street.

Mrs. Mathew Quin, and daughter, Madonna, of Selby returned home after visiting friends in Tamworth and Croydon.

Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Roundell and two daughters returned to Toronto after spending the New Year holidays with his sister, Mrs. C. M. VanAlstine.

Mrs. R. Wheeler spent Sunday with her cousin, Mrs. John Grange, Selby.

Mr. J. W. Roundell and his bride left for their home in Chicago, after spending the New Year with his sister, Mrs. C. M. VanAlstine.

Miss Pearl Pendell, left on Saturday for Watertown, N. Y.

F. P. Martin, of Cleveland, who has been visiting his mother, Mrs. W. Breeze, Centre street, returned home on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Gilbert, of Bracebridge, visiting his sister, Mrs. W. F. Ferguson, returned home on Tuesday.

Mrs. T. W. Casey and the Misses Casey, also Miss Nellie Casey, of Troy, N. Y., spent Christmas week with Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Davis, Toronto.

Mrs. E. M. Young, Miss Bernice Young, Miss Caroline Ross and Miss Mary Petit, Picton, attended the bachelor's ball at Napanee last week.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Keenan have returned to their home in Winchester, after spending the Christmas holidays with Mrs. Keenan's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edwards.

Mrs. W. A. Baker spent New Year's with friends in Belleville.

Mr. Chas. Anderson, Richmond, attended the meeting of the Eastern Dairymen's Association at Perth this week.

Mr. Chas. Coxall, Toronto, spent New Year's with Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Roblin.

Mrs. Jacob Trumpour and Miss Gladys Trumpour, Dorland, are spending the winter in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Gerow were visiting their son, Mr. Alan Gerow, Dunville, during holidays.

Miss Flo Williams who has been spending the past three months with friends here returned to New York on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Manson Fox are home from the West to visit friends.

Messrs. T. J. Cole, Bowmanville; J. G. Wait, Wicklow; Geo. Paxman, Peterborough, and Rev. T. F. Dowdell, Sydenham, were in attendance at the poultry show this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Z. A. Grooms spent New Year's with their daughter, Mrs. L. McAfee, Toronto.

Miss Rathbun, Belleville, is guest of Miss Edith Hawley.

Mrs. Appleyard, Chicago, is visiting her mother Mrs. John Smith, south Napanee.

Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Caton, Chicago, are visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Caton.

Miss Myrtle Stevens returned to Bowmanville on Monday.

DEATHS.

COATES—At Napanee on Wednesday, Jan. 4th 1911, John Coates, aged 77 years, 9 months, 25 days. Services in S. Mary Magdalene's church on Saturday at 2 p. m.

LEAMY—At Napanee, on Monday, Jan. 2nd, 1911, George Leamy aged 76 years.

POST—At North Fredericksburgh, on Friday, December 30th, 1910, Rebecca Post, widow of the late M. E. Post, aged 56 years, 8 months and 7 days.

RICHARDSON—At Watertown, on Tuesday, Jan. 3rd, 1911, David Richardson, aged 48 years, 6 mos., 15 days.

THOMPSON—At Napanee, on Wednesday, Jan. 5th, 1911, Frederick Thompson aged 25 years 6 months.

The Electric Fan.

Back in the early eighties Dr. G. Wheeler, an electrical engineer of New York, was experimenting with a small electric motor. In the course of his experiments the doctor conceived the idea that steam heat might be run with electricity if the propellers could be directly connected to high speed electric motors, doing away with all the gears then in use in steam propulsion. With this idea in mind he had a small screw propeller constructed and fastened it to the armature shaft of his small motor. To his surprise the experiment resulted in a fine breeze of cooling air which more than delighted the experimenter, for the day was decidedly hot. It is needless to add that the experiments with screw propellers ended right there, and the engineer took up the study of the electric fan, with the result that he soon perfected the device until it was a commercial success.

Any Odd Volume losing his temper and failing to recover it shall be fined by the president the sum of 5 shillings. Discussions about anthropology, religion and politics shall be put down by the president.

Any Odd Volume giving to another Odd Volume unasked advice shall be fined by the president.

No Odd Volume shall talk unasked on any subject he understands.

No Odd Volume's speech shall last longer than three minutes. If, however, the inspired Odd Volume has any more to say he may proceed until his voice is drowned in the general discussion.

Volumes have to address each other as "Your Oddship."—Argued.



tea is the result of care and experience in blending—must be the combination of fine flavor, smooth strength and richness. Because all these elements are so generously included in Red Rose Tea it well merits the term "good tea."

**ODD VOLUMES.**

They Are Members of a Unique Dining Club In London.

One of the most unique dining clubs in London is that known as the Sette of Odd Volumes, which was founded in 1878 and meets once a month from October to June. It consists of twenty-one volumes, or members, that being the number of the volumes of the Variorum Shakespeare published in 1821. There are also twenty-one supplementary members, who succeed to full membership as vacancies occur. The twenty-one rules of the club include the following:

Any Odd Volume losing his temper and failing to recover it shall be fined by the president the sum of 5 shillings.

Discussions about anthropology, religion and politics shall be put down by the president.

Any Odd Volume giving to another Odd Volume unasked advice shall be fined by the president.

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No Odd Volume's speech shall last longer than three minutes. If, however, the inspired Odd Volume has any more to say he may proceed until his voice is drowned in the general discussion.

Volumes have to address each other as "Your Oddship."—Argued.

AGENTS WANTED.

For the London and Lancashire Life and General Assurance Association Limited.

Established in Canada in 1863 for Trenton, Belleville, Brockville, Picton, Napanee, Gananoque and other important towns and villages between Trenton and Brockville.

I want only reliable, energetic men,—not necessarily experienced men—but men who will work, and who have faith in this work.

A first class commission contract to the right man. No deduction for services of inspector.

Apply at once, stating age, to

Knicker-Dark clothes protect you

